FULL, RELIABLE NEWS.
Associated Press news appears exclusively in The Washington Post every morning in the year.

The Washington Post.

Today — Cloudy, possibly light rain.
Tomorrow—Cloudy, colder.
Yesterday — Highest, 76; lowest, 42.
1931—Highest, 38; lowest, 21.
Details on page 17.

NO. 20,329. ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D C WASHINGTON: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1932. *
COPYRIGHT, 1932, BY THE WASHINGTON POST CO
THREE CENTS.

MARKETS BOOM AS SENATE GETS CURRENCY BILL

Stocks and Commodities Rise on Plan to Aid Federal Reserve.

MEASURE EXPLAINED IN SPEECH BY GLASS

Tells Chamber It Will Not Be Used for Excessive Inflation.

By LAWRENCE SULLIVAN.

Spectacular upturns in both securities and commodities signalized the Nation's cordial response yesterday to the projected modernization of Federal Reserve credit facilities.

As the new bill went into the legislative hopper on Capitol Hill, Wall street experienced its happiest day in more than a year, and throughout the country, the commodity exchanges reported net advances in wheat, corn, cotton, sugar and provisions.

Bonds also were strong and fractionally higher, lifted by renewed assurances against 1932 defaults as well as by an almost universal feeling in the financial community that the broader credit base soon to be provided for Federal Reserve rediscount operations would stimulate business expansion all along the line.

Cotton Advances Dollar.

Net advances in the New York stock list added approximately $2,500,000,000 to the aggregate value of listed issues. Cotton went up $1 a bale in New York and closing prices on the Chicago Board of Trade were up 1½ cents on wheat and corn and an even cent on oats.

The average advance of some 50 selected domestic industrial issues on the big exchange at New York was $5 a share over the previous close, with the forward movement general throughout the entire list.

The organized and determined bear interest, which had greatly extended its short commitments during the last 30 days, took the worst licking yesterday it has experienced in more than 18 months. The sustained buying demonstration, which sent Auburn Auto bounding up as much as 16 points at a time, frequently was reminiscent of the boom days of 1927-28.

Stock Tickers Fall Behind.

Stock tickers, which had been clicking more or less disconsolately since the new record low averages were registered on January 5, fell several minutes behind the market on at least two occasions. In the local brokerage offices, cheers went up several times as the board markers put up new highs for all the market leaders.

Sustaining and intensifying the bullish sentiment engendered by the epochal legislative agreement to end credit deflation, came the announcement that Henry Ford was ready to place his new eight-cylinder model on the market. For three months the automotive world has been waiting eagerly for this news, convinced that Ford was awaiting the propitious moment to launch the new V-8.

Fears that the proposed modification of the rediscount system signalized a policy of monetary inflation

Continued on Page 2, Column 2.

Grocer Arrested With Leavitt Freed

Brother-in-Law of President Hoover Witness at Liquor Trial.

Santa Monica, Calif., Feb. 11 (A. P.).—Clifford S. Dailey, grocer, arrested last November 9 with C. Van Ness Leavitt, brother-in-law of President Hoover, on a charge of possessing liquor, was acquitted by a Municipal Court jury of six men and six women tonight.

Leavitt, who previously had been tried and acquitted, was a witness. He testified that when officers approached the store the grocer thrust a sack containing 19 pints of liquor into his hands and asked that he take it away.

He did not know what the sack contained at the time, he said. He admitted having taken several drinks of liquor before the incident.

U. S. Agents Resume Raids on New YorkClubs

New York, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Federal dry agents resumed their drive against night clubs today and hauled a truckload of assorted liquors into prohibition headquarters. The agents announced they would cart away $125,000 worth of fixtures from the two raided places tomorrow.

The clubs were the Log Cabin, on West Fifty-sixth street, and the Franklin Inn, on Franklin street. One arrest was made at the Log Cabin.

Mills to Take Post In Treasury Today

(Associated Press.)

Andrew W. Mellon today will end his career as Secretary of the Treasury and Ogden L. Mills will take his place. Arthur A. Ballantine will be Undersecretary, succeeding Mills.

After several days delay Mellon is to resign formally and take the oath as Ambassador to Great Britain, succeeding Charles G. Dawes. As soon as he resigns, Mills, whose confirmation as Secretary was sent to the President and assigned yesterday, will be inducted as well as Ballantine.

All three changes will take place in a single ceremony in Mellon's office. Earlier it had been scheduled for tomorrow, but withdrawal by Senator Norris (Republican), Nebraska, of his request for withholding notice of Mills' confirmation until that time, advanced the date.

SUMMERALL QUITS AS HEAD OF CITADEL

Resentment Over Question Asked at Fiscal Hearing Is Cause of Action.

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The resignation of Gen. Charles P. Summerall as president of The Citadel was received today by John P. Thomas, chairman of the board of visitors, but Mr. Thomas still entertained hopes the former army chief of staff could be prevailed upon to reconsider his action.

Gen. Summerall left here early today for Jacksonville, Fla., to make an address. He refused to make any statement with regard to his resignation, which reached Mr. Thomas by mail. The text of the letter was not revealed.

Resentment at a question asked him yesterday while he was appearing before the Senate Finance Committee in Columbia inspired Gen. Summerall's resignation. Members of a committee which last night sought to induce him to remain at The Citadel, the State's military college here, said he was "deeply offended," and that he felt an affront had been committed against the army service as well as against him personally.

A $19,000 deficit in The Citadel's operating expenses was under consideration when Senator W. C. Hamrick, of Cherokee County, asked Gen. Summerall:

"What is the good of the legislature fixing a definite appropriation if a department may spend more than is appropriated?"

The Citadel president left the committee room at once, announcing his intention to resign.

Senator Hamrick issued a statement later saying no insult was intended in his inquiry.

Chairman Thomas said today the $19,000 deficit was incurred at The Citadel before Gen. Summerall assumed the presidency shortly after he was retired from the army several months ago.

2 Youths Die, Girl Hurt In Flight From Police

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Two 18-year-old youths, Howard Cooley and Joseph Lepley, were killed and their girl companion was critically injured today as the outcome of a 10-mile flight while exchanging shots with police.

The chase ended when their taxicab, which they were alleged to have seized in a holdup, crashed into a tree. Their companion, identified as Mrs. Dorothy Neff, 17, suffered a broken back.

REED ATTACKS BORAH'S STAND FOR DOLE BILL

Treasury Gifts Are Called "Criminally Unwise;" Vote Delayed.

STARVING THOUSANDS CITED BY ADVOCATES

Debate in Senate Covers Road Fund Amendment and Other Proposals.

(Associated Press.)

Replying to the vigorous appeal of Senator Borah, of Idaho, Wednesday for Federal help for the unemployed, Senator Reed, of Pennsylvania, an administration Republican, yesterday denounced contributions from the Federal Treasury as "criminally unwise."

The renewal of debate by advocates and opponents interrupted action on amendments to the La Follette-Costigan bill and forced a vote over to today.

Already the Senate had added $575,000,000 to the bill for road construction. It carries a similar sum to help the jobless. Senator Reed spoke after Senator Wagner (Democrat), New York, had argued that "the plight of hundreds and thousands of families is desperate."

Reed Calls Doles Wasteful.

Senator Reed said experience has shown such contributions were "wasteful and inefficient." Senator Wagner said "the need for Federal aid is fully established." He appealed to the friends of relief to get together in order that all relief measures would not be lost because of a disagreement over the method of distributing funds.

Senator Pitman (Democrat), Nevada, said there was conclusive evidence that "there is distress and suffering in this country that is not today being relieved." The situation was described by Senator Frazier (Republican), North Dakota, as "so desperate that something must be done by the Government."

Senator Gore, of Oklahoma, announced he would not vote for Federal aid until he knew where the money was coming from. He called attention to the growing Treasury deficit, and said the appropriations proposed would buy the entire wheat and cotton crops.

Starving Point Questioned.

Senator Reed said if there was no other way to prevent Americans from starving there would be no objection to waiving principle in the face of necessity, but he denied that condition existed.

"I do not believe that necessity has arisen," he said. "Certainly we haven't reached that state of abysmal collapse where the States have become impotent in relieving distress.

Senator Wagner contended that "the plight of hundreds of thousands of families is desperate."

"I do not have to seek in the Con-

Continued on Page 4, Column 5.

2.32 Per Cent Interest Bid on Treasury Issue

(Associated Press.)

Secretary Mellon announced yesterday applications amounting to $211,872,000 were received for the Treasury's recent tender of $75,000,000 of 93-day Treasury bills dated February 15.

The highest sizable bid made was 99.400, equivalent to an annual interest rate of about 2.32 per cent, and the lowest accepted was 99.267.

Brig. Gen. George Richards Lauds Post Essay Contest

Says Competition Is Stimulating Influence for Study Which May Help Develop Better Organization to Fight Those Seeking to Destroy America.

Leaders of patriotic organizations have been practically unanimous in their commendation of The Post George Washington Essay Contest for the boys and girls in the public, private and parochial schools of Washington and nearby territory in Virginia and Maryland.

Such a tribute came yesterday from Brig. Gen. George Richards, U. S. M. C., honorary president of the Sons of the Revolution in the District of Columbia.

Gen. Richards, who is noted for his leadership in civic and patriotic enterprises in this city and has had a distinguished career in the United States Marine Corps, said:

"Thoughtful patriotic Americans, concerned in this country's future as a member of the family of nations, can not find the proper terms to express adequately their commendation of The Washington Post in conducting, as a feature of the Bicentennial of the Birth of George Washington, its current 'Post Washington Essay Contest.'"

The Washington Post thanks Gen. Richards for his kind expressions and assures him and his associates in patriotic endeavors in this city that it will strive to make the Washington Essay Contest truly constructive in every way.

Gen. Richards continued: "Any essay contest requiring a study by the rising generation of any phase of American history brings into the limelight the times and the characteristics of the great men who laid the foundations of the American Republic. As an aid in building up that public morale based upon an abiding and widespread belief in the whole-

Continued on Page 8, Column 4.

BACKS HOOVER

Associated Press Photo.
WALTER E. EDGE.

EDGE LEADS HOOVER BATTLE FOR JERSEY

Senators Kean and Barbour Join Him in Demand for Instructed Delegates.

By EDWARD T. FOLLIARD.

Walter E. Edge, American Ambassador to France, who came home a few days ago on "personal business," moved yesterday, in concert with members of the New Jersey delegation in Congress, to thwart plans for sending an uninstructed New Jersey delegation to the Republican national convention.

Ambassador Edge wants the 21 New Jersey delegates instructed to vote for the nomination of President Hoover. So, too, do Hamilton F. Kean and W Warren Barbour, the State's representatives in the United States Senate.

It was E. Bertram Mott, the Republican State chairman of New Jersey, who put forward the idea of an uninstructed delegation. Mott is not necessarily opposed to Hoover. However, like a number of other Republican leaders in the "wet East," he thinks that an uninstructed delegation might be used as a club to force President Hoover to accept a wet plank in the party platform.

At their conference at the Capitol yesterday, Ambassador Edge and Senators Kean and Barbour agreed that the New Jersey delegation should fight for a wet plank at the national convention.

But, as has been said, they vetoed the idea of using an uninstructed delegation as a club to force such a plank.

The views of the triumvirate will be made known to the New Jersey Republican State committee at a meeting of that body February 24.

Ambassador Edge, who left the

Continued on Page 2, Column 8.

Fog Halts Sailings From New York

Traffic in HarborDisrupted as Many Liners Are Ready to Leave.

New York, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—A dense fog which settled over the harbor tonight delayed ocean liners and disrupted ferry service. The North German Lloyd liner Berlin arrived more than an hour late from a cruise of the West Indies. The Veendam of the Holland-American line, due this morning, docked after dark.

The liner Augustus, bound for Naples, left her pier at noon but had proceeded only as far as quarantine by night. The Red Star liner Pennland remained at her pier long after her sailing time.

The Caledonia of the Cunard line started for the West Indies, but got only as far as the Statue of Liberty before she anchored. The Berengaria, also a Cunard ship, with 1,100 passengers on a Lincoln's birthday cruise, was held at her pier until the fog should lift.

The Dollar liner President Harrison, with a world cruise before her, also stopped at her dock.

HURLEY FIGURES IN SENATE ROW ON PHILIPPINES

Democrats Resent His Criticism of Move for Freedom.

INDEPENDENCE BILLS TERMED "COWARDLY"

Hawes and King Engage in Heated Interchange With War Secretary.

(Associated Press.)

An acrid dispute between President Hoover's Secretary of War and two Democratic senators advocating Philippine independence yesterday interrupted a Senate committee hearing on freeing the islands.

The word "cowardly" was applied by Secretary Patrick Hurley to independence measures sponsored jointly by Senators Hawes (Democrat), Missouri, and Cutting (Republican), New Mexico, and by Representative Hare (Democrat), South Carolina, and a heated interchange with Hawes and Senator King (Democrat), Utah, followed.

Voices were raised and emphatic language used as Hawes objected to the adjective and the big, broad-shouldered head of the War Department refused to withdraw it.

Speech Interrupted.

"The purpose of the Hawes-Cutting-Hare bill is cowardly," said Hurley. "It attempts to tear down——"

"Just a minute, just a minute," broke in Hawes, grave of face and extending an admonitory forefinger.

"I'm making this speech," shot back the Secretary. "You wait until I finish."

"Do you mean to say that Senator Cutting and I are cowardly?" asked Hawes, leaning toward the Secretary who sat only a few feet away on the same side of the committee table.

"The bill has not in it one of the elements of courage," Hurley returned. "It is an attempt to tear down all that has been built up over a period of years."

Refuses to Withdraw Word.

"Then you don't withdraw the word cowardly?"

"No, I don't," Hurley responded "I know that Senator Cutting will understand I mean no personal offense and I hope you will understand it also.

"The purpose of the bill is for destroying. It is based absolutely on fear."

"There is not a line in the bill that justifies that opinion," said Hawes.

Explaining his objections to the

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

Polish Danzig Head Resigns His Office

Increased German Nazi Influence Blamed for Open Break.

Warsaw, Poland, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The Polish commissioner of Danzig, H. Strasserburger, resigned today, bringing to an open break for the second time in two weeks strained relations between racial groups dwelling in small "international cities" of eastern Europe.

The Polish government announced the commissioner resigned "because increased German Nazi (Fascist) influence prevented efforts at cooperation between Danzig and Poland."

Coming while the recent Memel dispute was before the League of Nations, the Danzig incident is only one of a series which have involved Danzig and Poland in recent months. Extreme nationalism has given rise to several clashes between opposing interests. The latest was Danzig's fight against the Polish port of Gdynia, which was decided partly in favor of Danzig by the Permanent Court for International Justice at The Hague.

Justice Department Aiding Fight on Bakery Liquor Ban

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The Department of Justice today joined with the Purity Bread Co. of Alton, in asking a reversal of the decision of Federal Judge Louis Fitz Henry prohibiting bakeries from using liquor in their products.

Assistant Attorney General Norman J. Morrison, of Washington, D. C., representing the Department of Justice, and another Washington attorney asked for a rehearing of the case.

"If the decision of the court stands," Morrison said, "it would ban the use of liquor by physicians, hospitals, first-aid stations, dentists and others as well as bakeries."

Judge Fitz Henry justified his decision by pointing out that the prohibition act began "by prohibiting everything except what is hereafter set out."

In his order, issued November 21, 1931, Judge Fitz Henry directed the Purity Bakery Co. to cease using liquor in its products and reprimanded the Federal department for issuing permits to bakeries.

Morrison argued today that the court had been misled by brief filed by the district attorney in the original case and said that the Department of Justice had no knowledge that an attack was being made on the power to issue permits to bakeries until informed of the Fitz Henry decision.

CHINA TO URGE SESSION OF LEAGUE ASSEMBLY; FIGHTING IS RESUMED

American Minister Is on Way From Nanking to Shanghai.

HAS INSTRUCTIONS TO SEEK ARMISTICE

France and Britain Also to Plead; Japan Apologizes for Bombing.

By HAROLD J. T. HORAN.

Diplomatic representatives of the United States, France and Great Britain are converging on Shanghai with instructions from their respective governments to offer their good offices for a truce in the hostilities at the earliest possible moment, it became known here yesterday. The American Minister to China, Nelson T. Johnson, cabled the State Department yesterday that he had left Nanking aboard the U. S. S. Simpson and was en route to Shanghai.

The minister announced that he would be in the beleaguered city for a week or ten days before returning to his post. By that time, it is hoped, the crisis will have passed. He was accompanied by the Naval Attache of the Legation at Peiping, Lieut. Comdr. Engert, and a legation clerk.

France and Great Britain cabled identic orders to their ministers, and Henri A. Wilden and Sir Miles Lampson will arrive in Shanghai aboard a French destroyer and a British river gunboat, respectively, for the peace offensive.

The presence of the three diplomats in Shanghai does not indicate any immediate prospect of peace, it was made clear in authoritative circles.

Climax Is Imminent.

The best that can be hoped for is that some development between the war lines will permit a lull in the fighting, and in that breathing space the diplomats of the three allied nations will be on the spot to make the offer for a cessation in the hostilities.

The climax in the Shanghai fighting is not far distant, it was made evident here yesterday. Enormous efforts have been put forward by Japan in the last 24 hours to consolidate its reserves and equipment for the final assault on the Chinese-held forts at Woosung and Chapei. Reconnoitering of Japanese planes has been directed with the intention of providing the troops under Vice Admiral Namura's command with the most exact plan of the Chinese defenses.

The activity of Japanese airmen almost brought about a diplomatic incident replete with grave possibilities. Two Japanese aviators flying over the International Settlement in contravention of international law dropped two bombs which almost hit a group of American Marines.

Appropriate apologies were immediately transmitted to the commandant of the Marines, Col. R. S. Hooker, and to the American Consul General, Edwin S. Cunningham, by the Japanese military. Admiral Montgomery M. Taylor also notified the Navy Department that the Japanese had given as-

Continued on Page 3, Column 5.

Populace of Lima Flees Buildings in EarthShock

Lima, Peru, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—A strong earth tremor at 10:30 o'clock tonight caused the populace to rush out of doors, momentarily panic-stricken.

Kingsford-Smith Gets Offer to Lead Chinese

London, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—Commander Charles E. Kingsford-Smith, famous Australian ocean flier, has been offered the post of commander in chief of the Chinese air forces, the Daily Herald correspondent reported tonight from Sydney.

The correspondent said friends of the noted flier believed he would accept an advisory post with the Chinese army, but was not likely to engage in active service.

The Daily Herald dispatch said Kingsford-Smith admitted he had been negotiating with Chinese officials and had named a price for sale of his Australian National Airways fleet of planes to the Chinese. He declined, however, to discuss the question of his own services except to say that if he sells the airways he would consider "any offer."

FRENCH AND BRITISH DEBT ACCORD SEEN

Agreement Due to Be Made Public Today; Hopes Rise for Lausanne Parley.

Paris, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—The Government tomorrow is expected to announce an agreement with Great Britain on the question of German reparations payments.

The accord is believed likely to open the way for convening the postponed Lausanne reparations conference in June, thus ending a deadlock on war debts payments which has added immeasurably to the disrupted state of European finances in recent months.

The negotiations may also influence French banks to announce they will adhere to the bankers agreement for renewal of credits "frozen" in Germany, and probably will pave the way for a commercial accord giving France relief from the new British tariff measures.

The negotiations were brought near a conclusion in a long conference in which Premier Pierre Laval, British Ambassador Lord Tyrrell and financial experts participated. The premier and Lord Tyrrell discussed the deadlock which arose early in January after Germany had announced her inability to resume reparations payments next July.

France later announced she would not sacrifice reparations unless war debts owed chiefly to the United States were reduced accordingly. The United States took the position that Europe must settle the repara-

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Chamber Backs Laval Again on Budget Issue

Paris, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Premier Pierre Laval's faithful majority in the Chamber of Deputies again rallied to him tonight, voting confidence in his government, 253 to 201, on a motion to send the French budget back to the finance committee to be balanced.

The motion, made by Georges Bonnet, former radical cabinet minister, was opposed by the premier, who characterized it as a mere political maneuver and staked the fate of his cabinet on its rejection.

Newfoundland Premier Hit When Mob Smashes Office

2,000 Unemployed Men and Women Batter Aside Police Cordon in Frenzied Demand for Larger Food Rations; Minister's Life Threatened.

St. Johns, Newfoundland, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—Prime Minister Sir Richard A. Squires was struck in the face and otherwise roughly treated today by a mob of unemployed men who stormed the Newfoundland council chamber demanding larger food rations.

Fighting their way past police guards, the leaders of the mob invaded the premier's office and council chamber and threatened to throw Sir Richard out a third-floor window if he failed to meet their demands.

The prime minister attempted to reason with them, but was cut short by a blow in the face. Other members of the mob hurled pieces of broken window glass at him. Sir Richard attempted to escape, but was seized by the collar and legs, and held until he consented to issue instructions for bigger allotments of food.

The mob, which numbered about 2,000, including men and women in the street outside, would not accept his promise, but forced him to telephone an order to the dole office before they would leave.

A rumor was circulated without confirmation that a British cruiser had been ordered here.

The rioting developed after hours of angry demonstration by the mob which was made up of former service men and elements which had been threatening disorders for weeks because of serious distress among unemployed.

They had demanded that the prime minister respond to their requests for more food and an increase of the $1.60 a month dole. Leaders of the mob warned police to "keep your

Continued on Page 2, Column 7.

Today Is Last on Which Appeal Is Possible Under Article XV.

4-HOUR TRUCE OVER, WOOSUNG IS SHELLED

Civilians Leave Battle Zone; Japan to Use 500-Pound Aerial Bombs.

Geneva, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—China will call for an extraordinary meeting of the League of Nations assembly, in a formal request tonight or tomorrow, to consider Japanese military operations in Shanghai, official Chinese quarters said tonight.

Tomorrow is the last day on which such an appeal is possibly under Article XV of the league covenant, which requires that if a dispute is referred to the assembly it must be done within two weeks of its submission to the council.

This step has been in prospect for several days, it was said, because Dr. W. W. Yen, Chinese spokesman, has despaired of getting desired action from the league council or from the representatives of the great powers negotiating on the scene of hostilities.

Could Be Quickly Convened.

In view of the presence of all delegations at the disarmament conference the assembly could be quickly convened.

(Copyright, 1932, by the Associated Press.)

Shanghai (Friday), Feb. 12.—Battle broke out again today at Woosung between the massed armies of China and Japan.

In Shanghai's battle-torn Chapei area hostilities were halted while foreign relief workers rescued refugees, estimated at 3,000—marooned victims of a fourteen-day fight.

The Japanese high command was determined to reduce the stubborn Chinese forts at Woosung with 500-pound aerial bombs, but none was used in the first attack of the morning. Japanese warships and artillery, however, bombarded the village of Woosung and the forts beyond, while machine gunners and riflemen of the two forces, facing each other across Woosung Creek, raked either bank with spurts of lead.

The Japanese claimed their machine gunners along the creek had taken a heavy toll among the Chinese on the opposite bank.

Each side accused the other of resuming the battle, interrupted yesterday.

Four-Hour Truce Ended.

A four-hour truce allowed the rescuers to enter the Chapei battle zone to bring out any civilians and wounded soldiers trapped there. They emerged at 11:30 a. m. and said their merciful errand had been completed as far as possible.

Father Jacquinot, French priest who was instrumental in arranging the truce, estimated that at least 3,000 refugees were evacuated from the area. Most of them, he said, had been taken out through Chinese lines opposite the point from which the party entered.

The first group rescued comprised 12 Chinese women and children. Father Jacquinot said his party, which included Col. Hayley Bell, British army officer, and fifteen French nursing sisters, covered the area "fairly thoroughly" from Shanghai's north station northward and eastward to the tracks of the Shanghai-Wosung Railway.

Conditions in Chapei "were ghastly," Father Jacquinot said. His observations, he added, bore out pre-

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

Summary of Inside Pages

Pages.
2—Byrd Visits Smith.
Pinchot Scores Republicans.
Knox Opens Fight on Hoarding.
Trust Law Change Offered.
3—Tokyo to Investigate Bombing.
Five Dead in Storms.
Ford Reveals New Models.
4—House Cheers Tax Boost Plea.
Britain Bares Tariff Measure.
Red Arms Plan Mildly Received.
Uruguayans Ready at Border.
5—Elks Celebrate Anniversary.
Winston Churchill Here.
6—Editorials.
7—Chest Progress Pleases.
Hoover Praises Lincoln Today.
Mussolini Visits Pope.
8—Society.
9—Radio Programs and Features.
10—About the Showshops.
11-12-13—Sports.
13—News of the Suburbs.
14-15—Financial News.
16—The Post's Comics.
17—Two Die in Bus Crashes.
18—45 Fail to Identify Sniper.
Teachers Protest Transfer.
Papal Anniversary Today.
Riley Case to Come Up Again.

DEAL IS DENIED AFTER VISIT OF BYRD TO SMITH

Virginian Says He Is Not Party to Stop Gov. Roosevelt Move.

LEWIS' NAME FILED FOR ILLINOIS BALLOT

Wheeler Attacks Shouse Plea for Uninstructed Delegates to Chicago.

New York, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Seven kingpins of Democracy who are being boomed for the presidential nomination figured today in a mass of political developments which left the preconvention picture more complicated than ever.

Former Gov. Harry F. Byrd of Virginia, spent nearly an hour with former Gov. Alfred E. Smith of New York, in Smith's skyscraper office, and then called on John J. Raskob, chairman of the Democratic national committee.

Byrd has been indorsed as a presidential candidate by the General Assembly and congressional delegation of his State. Smith announced this week his willingness to accept the nomination.

The Virginian said his visits had been "just courtesy calls."

"I am not a party to any movement to stop Roosevelt or any one else," Byrd said.

Byrd and Vice Presidency.

He refused to discuss hints broadcast by supporters of Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt that if Roosevelt gets the presidential nomination, he (Byrd) would head the list for the vice presidential place. The Virginian's friends said he had not discussed such a possibility with any one.

Some political observers saw an indication in some of the former governor's remarks that the Byrd boom will be more than a favorite son movement confined to one State.

When Byrd was in New York recently he refused to discuss the preconvention situation in any way. Today he pointed out he is being supported as a candidate by the legislature and congressional delegation. He explained that campaign headquarters had been set up for him in Richmond by his friends, and he announced he is going to Kentucky next week to address the legislature there. He did not say whether that trip had any political significance.

Lewis' Name in Primary.

Another aspirant for the nomination became definitely a candidate when a primary petition was filed at Springfield, Ill., which put James Hamilton Lewis, Illinois Senator, into the running. At the same time former U. S. Senator Joseph Irwin France of Maryland was placed in nomination in Illinois as a Republican candidate for president.

A fight within the Democratic State committee of Pennsylvania over supporting Roosevelt brought an open split in the committee. John R. Collins, committee chairman, announced he had accepted the resignations of Edward B. Zimmerman, State Secretary, and Warren Van Dyke, publicity director for the committee, as committee members. Zimmerman and Van Dyke, after charging Collins and Sedgwick Kistler, national committeeman, with being back of a "Stop Roosevelt" campaign, early this week called a meeting for tomorrow to form a committee to work for Roosevelt's nomination.

Gov. Roosevelt, who has both supporters and political foes within the ranks of the Tammany organization in New York City, ordered a public hearing Tuesday to hear charges which have been made a basis for a demand he oust Sheriff Thomas M. Farley, powerful Tammany leader.

Anti-Roosevelt Move.

Political observers have said the governor's action in the Farley case is likely to have some bearing on Tammany's attitude toward Roosevelt's presidential aspirations.

James A. Farley, Roosevelt's campaign manager, and other Democratic leaders charged the Republican-controlled State Senate with making a purely political move in voting last night for a general investigation into the Roosevent State government. Meanwhile, it seemed likely the bill would also be passed by the Republican-controlled assembly.

Under the bill five Republicans would be permitted to continue a scrutiny of all branches of the State government throughout the summer—when the Democratic convention will be in session—and into the fall—when the presidential election campaign will be under way.

Before the assembly had begun consideration of this bill, the Hofstadter legislative committee asked for an additional appropriation of $250,000 to continue its inquiry into the Tammany-controlled government of New York City. Samuel Seabury, counsel for this committee, filed the charges with the governor against Sheriff Farley.

Wheeler Attacks Shouse Idea.

Despite Smith's announcement he is willing to accept the nomination, Roosevelt's field marshal predicted again the governor would win the presidential nomination on the first ballot.

In Washington the recommendation of Jouett Shouse, chairman of the Democratic national executive committee, that unpledged delegates be sent to the national convention, was characterized by Senator Burton K. Wheeler (Democrat), Montana, as "the height of impertinence and contrary to the fundamental principles of Democracy."

A movement to win the presidential nomination for John N. Garner, Speaker of the House, began to take concrete shape with a call for a rally at San Antonio on February 22 and a later one in Dallas. The Texan has remained silent, except to indicate to friends he will not become a party to a "stop-Roosevelt" campaign.

From the floor of Congress, Representative Schafer (Republican), of Wisconsin, an antiprohibitionist, called Garner "a man so wet he voted against even submitting the eighteenth amendment to the States."

Blanton for Garner, "Wet or Dry."

Representative Blanton (Democrat), Texas, a prohibitionist, who last Monday suggested Garner be given the presidential nomination, answered: "The people of the United States know our distinguished Speaker so well they are for him, wet or dry. The gentleman from Texas is willing to support men of outstanding ability, even though they are wet."

A fifth presidential aspirant, Gov. Albert C. Ritchie, who already has declared himself a candidate, delivered an address at Baltimore, which was broadcast throughout the country, in which he called on the United States to maintain adequate armed forces to protect the Nation. He made no mention of national politics.

In Oklahoma, Gov. William H. (Alfalfa Bill) Murray said he would stand behind an announcement made by his brother that he would campaign in North Dakota March 3 to 5 for the Democratic presidential nomination, making six speeches.

A seventh figure in the preconvention spotlight, Newton D. Baker, is on his way to this countryy and is due here Sunday. Before he sailed on a vacation trip to Mexico, Baker was projected into the forefront of the muddled political picture after he had announced he did not consider the League of Nations as issue in this year's campaign.

MAKES PLEA FOR DEFENSE

Associated Press Photo.

A plea for adequate defense was made yesterday by Gov. Albert C. Ritchie, speaking at the opening of the Maryland bicentennial celebration in honor of George Washington. Mayor Howard W. Jackson of Baltimore is shown in the foreground in silk hat.

MARKETS BOOM AS SENATE GETS CURRENCY MEASURE

Continued from Page 1.

were vigorously denied by Senator Carter Glass (Democrat), Virginia, who introduced the measure in the Senate.

"The bill, as perfected and introduced," said Senator Glass, "is not intended, nor will it be used, for excessive inflation of the currency. The temporary provision, covering a period of twelve months, merely authorizes for that time the Federal Reserve Board, should it deem such action to be in the public interest, to use the direct obligations of the United States as a basis for currency issues, against which there must be a gold reserve of 40 per cent."

Although this authoritative explanation of the measure coincides precisely with the general understanding of the conference agreement reached at the White House on Wednesday, Senator Glass' statement served to set at rest malicious rumors that the United States would launch upon an era of uncontrolled monetary inflation. President Hoover, it will be recalled, pledged his administration against this dangerous palliative some five weeks ago.

Obscurity Cleared Up.

"The two provisions relating to unusual rediscount operations," Senator Glass' statement continued, "are so carefully safeguarded as to make it improbable that there can be any unwholesome inflation of the currency—unless we may assume that the Federal Reserve banks, with the approval of the Federal Reserve Board, will be unwise and improvident enough so to administer the law as to bring about dangerous expansion."

This last point clears up nicely the only obscurity which surrounded the agreement as it was reached at the White House conferences, namely, to what degree the new law would specify the particular type of bank investments which would be eligible for rediscount under the emergency provisions. Senator Glass indicates that, on the whole, the matter will rest with the Federal Reserve Board, entirely as a discretionary power.

The Glass-Walcott subcommittee of the Senate banking and currency committee will begin hearings on the modification measure this morning. Meanwhile, Chairman Steagall, of the House committee, who introduced the companion bill on his side yesterday, will await the perfection of the measure in the Senate. With party leaders in both houses pledged to prompt action on the bill as a nonpartisan emergency measure, Federal Reserve officials are planning tentatively on launching the new system within two weeks. Legislative action can be completed in both houses before the end of next week.

While the congressional committees turned their attention to the new bill yesterday, President Hoover continued his conferences with Secretary of the Treasury Mills; Eugene Meyer, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and President Dawes, of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, on the stabilization of money and credit.

Currency Circulation Drops.

As the Chief Executive met with the entire board of Reconstruction Finance Corporation late yesterday afternoon, the Federal Reserve Board released its regular weekly statement showing a drop of $5,000,000 in the national currency circulation for the week ended February 10. This was the first report published since the Nation-wide campaign against hoarding was launched.

Although officials declined to comment on these first reports, they acknowledged that the return of approximately a million dollars a day from hiding was a most encouraging response to the spectacular antihoarding appeal. With a currency circulation of $5,626,000,000 as of February 10, however, the volume still is above the figure of a year ago by approximately a billion dollars.

In recapitulating for President Hoover the progress of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Gen. Dawes was able to report yesterday that loan agents of the new organization already have been established in 19 cities throughout the country.

Paris, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The newspaper L'Information, commenting tonight on proposed changes in the Federal Reserve system of the United States, said the importance of the proposals would go beyond the American frontiers if they were adopted.

They also would result in weakening the dollar risks, the editorial said.

$5,000 Voted by House To Widow in Dry Killing

(Associated Press.)

The House late yesterday passed the Pittenger bill which would award $5,000 to the widow of Henry Wirkkula, who was shot to death by a prohibition agent while driving his automobile near International Falls, Minn.

The bill passed unanimously and now goes to the Senate. Mrs Wirkkula and her two children were in the car when Wirkkula was shot.

HURLEY STIRS SENATE CLASH ON PHILIPPINE INDEPENDENCE

Continued from Page 1.

measure, Hurley said the tariff provisions which it contains would wreck the Filipino National Bank, destroy the islands' sugar business which in turn would "drag down" their other industries and lead to "chaos and anarchy" in the period preliminary to complete independence.

Hurley's Proposal.

"If you must grant independence," he said, "grant it at once and let the revolution that will follow be under their flag, not ours."

He said Senator King's bill, providing for immediate independence, was "courageous."

At one point King turned to Hurley and said:

"I should be very sorry if you remained as Secretary of War for an indefinite period and the Philippines should be under you."

"I believe I'm the best friend the Philippines have got," Hurley replied, flushing. "I am attempting to prevent organized propaganda from keeping the Philippines from becoming a member of the family of nations. I am fighting for the existence of the Philippine Islands. Every sentiment of my soul supports the freedom of man and opposes domination."

Disagree on Attitude.

King said he understood the Secretary was not in favor of independence except at some uncertain future time.

"Then you are exactly 100 per cent wrong," Hurley replied, raising his voice.

"Are you for independence then in five years?" asked King.

"No, sir," shouted Hurley.

"Ten years?"

"No, sir."

As King continued asking, "fifteen years, twenty years," Hurley replied that it was not a matter of years.

The replies, King said, confirmed his view about the Secretary's position on independence.

"The United States," Hurley declared, "has proceeded on a definite well defined policy that is capable of fulfillment.

Says Work Not Finished.

"I believe that the responsibilities assumed by the United States when it destroyed the sovereignty of Spain have not been fulfilled and that the independence of the Philippines should be given when certain conditions have been performed that assure the stability of the government when it is established."

Hawes told the Secretary he was the only witness to appear before Senate or House committee who had not set a definite date for Philippines independence.

Hurley replied he was "proud" of that as he "never followed the band wagon." He remarked that the witnesses "might have had their feathers a little singed" if they had said they were against independence.

Hurley said all of the business men who testified had interests in the Philippines or in insular trade.

"Every one of them," he said, "set the date for independence not at a time he thought would be for the general welfare of the Philippine Islands but at a date which would give him ample time to liquidate or at a time when his four score years and ten would have expired."

Filipino Urges Fairness.

Manila, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Manuel Quezon, president of the Philippine Senate and leading advocate of independence for the islands, said today that "if it is true Secretary of War Hurley declared before a House committee the Filipino people were incapable of self-government, he made a statement that is both offensive to our people and unsupported by fact."

Quezon appealed to "the traditional fairness and altruism" of the United States in dealing with the Philippine question.

"Nothing would make the Filipinos more determined to get independence than denial of their capacity for self-government, because this means their association with America can rest only upon the relationship between ruler and subject," he said.

"Such association never can be willingly accepted by any self-respecting people. Under such situation all Filipinos will unite, preferring economic hardship with independence to economic prosperity with subjection."

New Philippine Party Plans Banquet Tonight

The newly organized Philippine political organization, the Modernist party, has invited members of the United States Congress, the Philippine resident commissioners, and university professors to attend a banquet tonight at the Mayflower Hotel in honor of the officers of the organization.

The Modernist party was organized by Dr. Hilario Camino Moncado, who was elected its president, and other Filipino college graduates in the United States, and the party expects to enter candidates for all elective posts in the Philippines in 1934.

PINCHOT HITS G.O.P. AS PARTY OF WEALTH

Asserts "Lincoln Would Not Get to First Base" Under Present Control.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—If Abraham Lincoln were a candidate for President this year on his platform of human rights, said Gov. Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania, tonight, he wouldn't "get to first base with the controlling powers of the Republican convention in Chicago."

Addressing the Midday Club's observance of the 123d anniversary of the Civil War President's birth, the Pennsylvania Governor, frequently mentioned in the news as a presidential aspirant, asked:

"How many of our national leaders can declare with Lincolin: 'I have never had a feeling, political or otherwise, that did not spring from the sentiments embodied in the Declaration of Independence.' Can Mellon? Can Hoover?"

"Empty Tribute" Charged.

Tomorrow's celebration of Lincoln's birth was characterized by Gov. Pinchot as an "empty tribute, a useless gesture, if we lose sight of all he worked for and fought for and gave his life to."

Tonight's observance in the mammoth State Arsenal, touched off the annual memorial in this city that knew Lincoln best. Two miles across the city from the arsenal, and nearby State Capitol, lay the rail-splitter's remodeled tomb, rededicated last summer by President Hoover.

"As Lincoln understood liberty," the Pennsylvania executive said, "this Nation is not a free nation today."

Hits Dictation by Money.

"How can we be free," Pinchot continued, "when multimillionaires grow fat and multiply while millions go hungry and cold? How can the Nation be free when the policies of government are dictated by a handful of the overrich? Lincoln knew well that the principles of the Declaration of Independence would be threatened in times to come. It was prophecy when he said, 'Its authors meant it to be a stumbling block to all those who in aftertimes might seek to turn a free people back into the hateful paths of despotism.'

"Lincoln had a name for the sort of liberty which permits some men to do as they please with other men and the product of other men's labor. Lincoln called it tyranny. It is still tyranny today."

Tribute by Mexican Envoy.

Declaring this Nation needed now, as it has not needed since the Civil War, the "honest strength of Lincoln, his homely wisdom, and the sound and simple principles by which he lived." Pinchot called upon "the men and women who honor Lincoln to use their strength, the strength the Constitution gives them, the strength that is in their votes once each four years. This Nation can never be free while its president is a servant of the concentrated wealth."

Tribute to Lincoln was paid by Ambassador Puig y Casaurano of Mexico, who also spoke of such North and South American heroes as Washington, Bolivar and Hidalgo.

Less Industrial Alcohol Diverted, Bureau Asserts

(Associated Press.)

The Bureau of Industrial Alcohol said yesterday the enforcement problem involved in bootleggers turning to denatured alcohol for supplies "has become less difficult."

Announcing an official bulletin, "facts concerning industrial alcohol," the bureau said, "relatively few permittees now are suspected of diverting alcohol." James M. Doran, industrial alcohol commissioner, issued the publication.

Nearly 100,000,000 gallons are produced and used annually under permits provided by the Government for legal industrial activities requiring alcohol. Lawful products have a market value of "several billion dollars a year," the bulletin said.

"Prohibition made industrial alcohol control more difficult, especially in the earlier years of prohibition, when bootleggers, with the supply of bonded whisky cut off, turned to denatured alcohol as their chief source of supply," the announcement continued, adding:

"Rigid control measures made it increasingly difficult and hazardous for bootleggers to seek industrial alcohol for beverage purposes, and they turned to crude methods of manufacturing alcohol from corn sugar and other raw materials, finding it a less costly expedient. The alcohol which bootleggers peddle is derived principally from illicit fermentation of corn sugar, cane sugar, molasses, and grain to a lesser degree."

Lithuanian March On Memel Delayed

Demonstration Is Feared by Berlin as Peril to Diet There.

Berlin, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Dispatches from Kovno, Lithuania, and Memel today said the march of Lithuanian sharpshooters on Memel for a patriotic demonstration had been postponed until February 16 to coincide with the Lithuanian Independence Day.

Berlin feared the demonstration might end in forcible dissolution of the Memel diet and annexation of the territory to Lithuania. A Telegrapen Union dispatch said the Lithuanian states attorney had found no grounds for a charge of high treason against Herr Otto Boetcher, deposed president of the Council of Memel.

Herr Boetcher was deposed last week after it was charged he had treated with a foreign nation. He had just made a trip to Berlin. Germany protested to the League of Nations. Memel is an international city placed under the supervision of Lithuania by the League of Nations.

KNOX STARTS DRIVE IN HOARDING FIGHT

Government to Issue Securities of $10 Denominations for Sale in Campaign.

(Copyright, 1932, by the United Press.)

Chicago, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—Col. Frank Knox, chairman of President Hoover's antihoarding campaign, met with key organizers of the drive today and mapped out a plan under which he hopes to restore to circulation upward of $1,500,000,000 now being withheld by those who are afraid to risk their savings in banks and investments.

In his offices in the Chicago Daily News Building, Col. Knox conferred with James Kelley, vice president of the Pullman Company; John N. Van Der Vries, central division manager of the United States Chamber of Commerce, and Homer McKee, nationall known advertising executive.

With this group forming a central committee, Col. Knox hopes to set up separate committees in every city and town in the country within the next three weeks. Then will begin a whirlwind drive to sell the securities that are expected to draw the hoarded funds back into circulation, loosen credit and aid business.

Bank Education Planned.

In addition to restoring hoarded money to the arteries of trade, the campaigners hope to educate the public in the function of banks so that people will no longer fear to allow their money to work for them.

The conferees are creating a Nation-wide citizens' organization, drafted as in times of war, to meet the "crisis." They plan to build up each organization where possible about the local chmber of commerce.

The press and the banks in each community are being asked to cooperate. Many newspapers have agreed to do so, as has the United States Chamber of Commerce, the American Bankers Association, the American Federation of Labor and some 40 other national organizations which were represented in a meeting with the President at Washington last Saturday.

Three Weeks' Organization.

The workers will organize their forces for three weeks in preparation for the sale of antihoarding securities during the final week. Exact dates will be announced soon. The campaign will take on the character of the Liberty Loan drives of war times. That is appropriate, believe the leaders, because they are engaged in a veritable "war on depression."

The Government, meanwhile, will issue securities which will be used to draw money from its hiding places. The paper will bear interest and be issued in denominations as small as $10.

Secretary of the Treasury Ogden Mills is expected shortly to announce details of the securities, and the interest they will pay.

Knox's Sales Campaign.

Col. Knox's far-flung armies of of salesmen will sell the bonds to citizens who have been keeping their money in the sugar bowl, using two fundamental arguments:

1. That the security of the paper will be unquestioned; guaranteed by all the wealth of the Government.

2. That the security buyer will be paid interest on his money, which he obviously doesn't get when it is hoarded.

President Hoover will make a radio address on a Nation-wide hookup the night before the selling campaign starts. The Secretary of the Treasury and Gen. Charles G. Dawes, president of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, also will speak.

"And that just about tells the story," smiled Col. Knox. "If we can get this $1,500,000,000 of hidden money into circulation, credit will be enriched by $15,000,000,000. I'm just an ordinary newspaper salesman, but I honestly believe we shall be successful."

Kvale on Military Committee.

(Associated Press.)

Representative Kvale (Farmer-Labor), Minnesota, yesterday was elected by the House to the military affairs committee. He resigned other committee assignments to take a vacancy created by the death of Representative Quin (Democrat), Mississippi.

INDUSTRY OFFERED TRUST LAW CHANGE

Have Choice of Present Plan or Revision and U. S. Supervision.

(Associated Press.)

A choice between strict Governmental regulation and a continuance of the present hampering restrictions of the antitrust laws has been offered by the administration to industries seeking to free themselves from the depressive effects of destructive cut-throat competition.

Frankly friendly to all efforts at revision of the statutes prohibiting combinations in restraint of trade, President Hoover and his advisers, nevertheless, are convinced that if this is done, Federal supervision of the resultant commercial activities must be instituted.

Two movements to eliminate harmful competition, both running counter to the Sherman law, were brought to Mr. Hoover's attention yesterday. At almost the same time a House committee decided to ask authority for an investigation aimed at the revision of this statute for the purpose of improving business.

Urge Competition Truce.

A group of 122 business men, gathered here as independent business executives to study methods of economic rehabilitation, presented the President with proposals for a two-year "truce" in competition directed by a national board, with a nonpartisan investigation of business conditions filling the interim. The President asked them to reconsider, and cited the antitrust law as the principal barrier to their plan.

Then John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, brought to the White House a petition asking Mr. Hoover to lend a helping hand toward the enactment of legislation to stabilize the bituminous coal industry. He sought the President's support for the Capper-Kelly bill, now pending, under which operators and selling agents of coal would be licensed to enter combinations for the purpose of ending wasteful competition.

Test on Sales Plan.

The House judiciary committee voted in executive session to ask authority for the antitrust law investigation. Chairman Sumners said a number of bills had been introduced proposing amendments to the Sherman law and many suggestions had been received indicating a general interest in other phases of the subject not included in the pending measures.

During the day Attorney General Mitchell said his department and the coal operators are cooperating to hasten a Supreme Court test of a regional sales plan, suspected of violating the antitrust laws. The department is sympathetic with efforts to rehabilitate the coal industry, but feels that the methods evolved must be subject to tests determining their legality.

Representative Larsen Will Quit Congress

(Associated Press.)

Representative Larsen, of Georgia, yesterday announced he planned to retire from Congress at the end of this term and become a candidate for judge of the Superior Courts of the Dublin Judicial Circuit in his State.

FRENCH, AND BRITISH DEBT ACCORD SEEN

Continued from Page 1.

tions question before discussing debts owed America. In the ensuing negotiations, Britain and Italy tended to favor Germany and a deadlock arose which forced postponement of the Lausanne conference.

The accord, which will break the deadlock unless unforeseen factors develop, was understood to cover three points:

1. A provision that any final proposal for settlement of reparations will be submitted to Germany.

2. Concerning the relationship of reparations and war debts.

3. Concerning the general economic crisis.

The third point was understood to embrace plans for modification of the 15 per cent surtax as applied to British coal and may lead to modification of the surtax as applied to imports of other countries which have depreciated currencies.

Diplomatic circles attached utmost importance to the accord as it would effect revival of European confidence and restoration of economic stability.

In reference to the French bankers' attitude, it was believed the accord would influence them to renew credits in Germany, in view of the fact that it is understood American, British and Swiss bankers holding large credits frozen in Germany already have signed a renewal accord.

The French have hesitated because the consent of various private banks is required. It is now expected that consent will be given before March 1. French bankers have about $25,000,000 involved.

London, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—If the present negotiations in Paris achieve sufficient agreement for the Lausanne reparations conference to be held in June, it is understood Foreign Secretary Sir John Simon will take advantage of the presence of European foreign ministers at Geneva to urge the calling of the conference.

The war debts question was raised again in the House of Commons when Chancellor of Exchequer Neville Chamberlain told a questioner that he did not think it would serve a useful purpose to ask the United States whether it would accept payment of war debts in goods and services rather than in gold.

The President's Callers
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11.

Ambassador Edge.
Senator Dale.
Representative Williamson.
The Secretary of Labor and John L. Lewis.
Gordon C. Corbaley, American Institute of Food Distribution.
Harvey Firestone.
William W. Calder.
The Director of the Bureau of the Budget.

Hickey-Freeman
CUSTOMIZED CLOTHES

Hickey-Freeman Customized Clothes Reduced for Clearance

Suits			Coats		
$50.00	Now	$39.50	$55.00	Now	$37.50
60.00	Now	47.50	65.00	Now	44.50
65.00	Now	51.50	75.00	Now	51.50
75.00	Now	55.50	85.00	Now	61.50
85.00	Now	59.50	95.00	Now	66.50
95.00	Now	63.50	125.00	Now	84.50

Goldheim's
Apparel for Gentlemen . . . Established 1875
FOURTEEN HUNDRED AND NINE H STREET

GERMAN PERIL BIG, VOLBEHR ASSERTS

Tour Convinces Him That War Menace Is Greater Than in 1914.

Conditions in Germany are more dangerous than one would like to contemplate and Europe is nearer to a new war than it was early in 1914, according to the conclusions of Dr. Otto H. F. Vollbehr, who has just returned to Washington from a trip through Europe.

"The only hope that a European war will be averted lies in the Far East," Mr. Vollbehr said, "and all signs point to a conflagration that might act as a backfire to a European conflagration."

If no sympathy is given Germany, and no solution is reached for her economic problems, that country will go under the leadership of Hitler and then Europe will go down in disaster, Mr. Vollbehr said he had concluded from his study of conditions.

Europe is divided into two camps, those who insist upon maintenance of the status quo, and those who see in its continuance the main springs of all evils, past and future, Mr. Vollbehr reported. Those in the first class are France, Belgium, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Roumania, Jugoslavia. In the other are Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria, Italy and England, Mr. Vollbehr said.

There is an outspoken antagonism toward the French policy, even on the part of many of the French people, he said. They believe that the committee of the iron and steel industry is the great stumbling block in the way of European understanding and disarmament, he stated.

Undertaking Home Ruling Due Today

Wisconsin Avenue Project Has Been Protested by 16 Civic Groups.

With the protests of sixteen civic groups in the District and Montgomery County to consider, the District Zoning Commission is expected to decide today whether it will permit erection of an undertaking establishment at the Wisconsin avenue portal to the city.

The undertaking firm of Joseph Gawler Sons has asked the commission to rezone a square of property just inside the District line so that it would be able to build a new funeral home there.

Many protests have been received by the commission from citizens' groups. The Gawler firm attempted last year to have the area rezoned, but failed when it was unable to get consent of 75 per cent of the landowners within 200 feet of the site.

Doctor Freed in Bond Pending License Trial

Charged with practicing medicine without a license, Theophilus W. Martin, 1127 Eighteenth street northwest, appeared in Police Court yesterday for a preliminary hearing.

He demanded a jury trial and was released in $500 bond. The date for his trial has not been set.

PREMIER IS INJURED BY ST. JOHNS MOB

Continued from Page 1.

hands off," and so far as could be learned no arrests were made. The police, who attempted to protect Sir Richard, were brushed aside.

"If you touch one of our men, you touch all," shouted the foremost in the crowd when they entered the government buildings. Police said they had been told that the mob was "out for food or blood."

After the prime minister had ordered the dole office to give out four times more food than customary and to remain open all night if necessary to supply the needy, the leaders of the mob announced the result from the windows of the building. The others in the street cheered and later they all marched to the dole office.

The prime minister returned to his hotel under police guard. He was suffering from bruises, but was not seriously injured.

INTRIGUING

Wins all tastes!

It's Vacuum Sealed
BROWNING & BAINES
Orienta Coffee

DAY IN CONGRESS

FEBRUARY 11, 1932.

SENATE.

Met at noon and recessed at 5:05 p. m. until noon Friday.

Considered unemployment relief measure, adopting Norris amendment adding to La Follette-Costigan measure $375,000,000 for road building and voting down several other amendments.

Senator Glass (Democrat), of Virginia, introduced a bill providing for liberalization of the rediscount provisions of the Federal Reserve law.

Territories committee heard Secretary of War Hurley and others oppose measures providing for Philippine independence.

Commerce committee favorably reported bill aimed at gambling ships outside 3-mile limit.

Senator Johnson (Republican), of California, introduced a bill providing for regulation of intercoastal shipping.

HOUSE.

Met at noon and adjourned at 4:45 p. m. until noon Friday.

Considered and passed several bills on the private calendar.

Representative Crisp (Democrat), of Georgia, pleaded for a patriotic response to effort of ways and means committee to draft new tax bill.

Ways and means committee appointed a subcommittee to study sales taxes.

Representative Warren (Democrat), of North Carolina, introduced a bill providing $125,000,000 for Federal highway construction.

Representative McSwain (Democrat), of South Carolina, was named chairman of military affairs committee, succeeding the late Representative Quin, of Mississippi.

Judiciary committee decided in favor of comprehensive study of modification of antitrust laws.

Representative Steagall (Democrat), of Alabama, introduced a bill broadening the rediscount base of Federal Reserve system.

EDGE LEADS HOOVER BATTLE FOR JERSEY

Continued from Page 1.

United States Senate to take his present post, and who before that was Governor of New Jersey, is still a power in State politics. Kean and Barbour also are influential figures in the State. Aligned with them is former United States Senator David Baird, jr., Republican leader of South Jersey.

Their decision to have the New Jersey delegation cast its vote for President Hoover at Chicago is expected to prevail.

The Republican primary in which the delegates will be chosen will be held in May.

As the time for the national convention draws near, Republican wets like Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler and former Senator James W. Wadsworth are preparing for a determined fight to have a wet plank inserted in the platform.

So long as President Hoover maintains his dry stand, however, it is difficult to see how the wet fight can succeed.

That the Democrats will adopt a wet plank is conceded. In fact, party strategists already are counting on it to swing normally Republican States in the East.

SPECIAL NOTICES

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by any one other than myself. WM. E. MELTON. 4215 Geranium st. nw.

1,000 FOLDING CHAIRS FOR RENT in any quantity. Free delivery. D. Notes, 633 Indiana ave.

THE FIFTY-SIXTH SEMIANNUAL DIVIDEND of two and one-half per cent (2½%) has been declared on the preferred stock of the Washington Railway & Electric Company, payable JUNE 1, 1932. All holders of certificates of said preferred stock of record on February 13, 1932, bearing a stamp changing the time and manner of payment of dividends thereon from semiannually to quarterly, shall receive on MARCH 1, 1932, one-half of said semiannual dividend. A dividend of one and three-fourths per cent (1¾%) on the common stock of the Washington Railway & Electric Company has been declared payable MARCH 1, 1932 to holders of common stock of record at the close of business on February 13, 1932. Books for the transfer of the preferred and common stock of the said company will be closed from the close of business on February 13, 1932, to the opening of business on February 17, 1932.
H. M. KEYSER, Secretary.

Window SHADES; Floor Coverings; SCREENS; prompt, econ. serv. KLEEBLATT, 11th and H ne. Linc. 0879.

SPANISH SCHOOL OF WASHINGTON
Profs. from Spain—Conversational Method. Rapid Progress. 1338 H St. N.W. Nat. 9369

BOYD Shorthand saves 2-3 usual time; very easily learned; is rapid. Touch typing, English spelling, bookkeeping, Gregg shorthand. Individual and small class instruction, diploma, position. Inquire NOW. Boyd Secretarial School, 1333 F (Opp. Fox); Natl. 2342.

Nab This Thief!

The cold frosty air seeping into your home through unprotected windows and doors is constantly stealing your winter's fuel supply.

But, you can *stop* this, permanently, with

ACCURATE
METAL WEATHERSTRIPS

Installed in your home at an amazingly low cost. They will cut fuel costs, add to your family's comfort and guard its health.

May we show you how much money you actually save by having this protection? Every job guaranteed.

Folder on request
Telephone National 4311
Accurate Metal Weather Strip Co.
931 New York Ave. N.W., Wash., D. C.

TOKYO TO MAKE QUIZ IN BOMB'S INCIDENT

Japanese Plane Said to Have Made Error in Periling U. S. Marines.

Tokyo, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Admiral Minea Osmut, minister of the navy, said today he profoundly regretted the bombing by Japanese aviators of a cotton mill in Shanghai in which United States Marines were billeted.

The airmen, the naval minister declared, made an error. He promised a thorough investigation and punishment for anyone found at fault.

The plane responsible was from an aircraft carrier lying off Shanghai, it was reported here, and its assigned objective was a Chinese troop concentration near north station, but the airman released his bombs too soon. The incident occurred this morning.

Holiday Celebrated.

Kingensetsu, Japan's "Fourth of July," was celebrated today by public demonstrations in which the Sino-Japanese conflict played a part but there was no great outburst of the military spirit.

According to the Japanese, Kigensetsu is the anniversary of the founding of the nation in 660 B. C., by Jimmu Tenno, descendant of the sun goddess.

To the music of several bands, about 100,000 persons, most of them school girls and boys, paraded in Tokyo. The processions converged on the great plaza in front of the imperial palace, where the marchers bowed their heads.

They carried banners reading, "Be loyal to the emperor," "Love our countrry," "Don the steel helmets and protect the fatherland," and "Courage and service for country."

Attitude Is Calm.

The national holiday celebration constituted almost the only departure from the calm with which the Japanese have accepted the events in Manchuria and Shanghai.

The people do not consider themselves at war. Crowds gather in front of bulletin boards and picture displays in the department stores, but they are not so large as the throngs that watch for sporting events in the baseball and championship wrestling seasons.

The important newspapers have started lecture programs to present to the people the issues in China, and one of them has raised about $140,000 to buy comfort kits for the boys at the front.

The big song hit of the day is "Manchuria March," which one hears everywhere. Newsboys run through the streets ringing bells and crying "Gogai; Gogai!" to get purchasers for their one-sheet extras, devoted almost solely to pictures of the Shanghai and Harbin fronts.

But for the most part Japan is taking the trouble in its stride.

Post Gallery of Notables

WILLIAM N. DOAK.

WHEN William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, talked out of turn at the White House, William Nuckles Doak walked into the Cabinet as Secretary of Labor to succeed "Puddler Jim" Davis, the millionaire Secretary of Labor who preceded him in that post in President Hoover's Cabinet, but who resigned to become a senator from Pennsylvania.

Of course, Mr. Green said in substance, organized labor—meaning himself—was going to name the new Secretary of Labor. Thereupon President Hoover showed Mr. Green who was going to name the Secretary of Labor and forthwith announced the appointment of Mr. Doak and Mr. Green has been trying to explain ever since.

If the President had picked an enemy of organized labor, Mr. Green might have been able to save his face, but Mr. Hoover didn't. He went to the ranks of the most powerful labor unions in the country, although they are outside the American Federation of Labor, for his labor secretary and named Mr. Doak.

Secretary Doak was born at Rural Retreat, in Wythe County, Va., on December 12, 1882. When he grew up he became a yardman for the Norfolk & Western Railroad. That was in 1900. He began his association with organized labor three years later when he joined the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.

He must have been good. Soon he was chairman of the grievance committee, soon thereafter legislative representative and president of his local and then he was general chairman for the whole Norfolk and Western system. He must have been a good persuader because he was named State legislative representative for West Virginia. Then he was made a vice president of the brotherhood and, the same year 1916, was made a national legislative representative, was named assistant president and acted as active president. It was in 1927 that he achieved that height, and, in the meantime he had fought many a battle in the course of the parlous war times and postwar period.

In the course of the years he had not neglected the benefits of fraternization. He is a member of the Masons, the Shrine, the Grotto, the Elks, the Moose, of the Congressional Country Club, the Washington Golf and Country Club and the University Club.

He was sworn into office as Secretary of Labor on December 9, 1930.

CHINESE TO ASK FOR SPECIAL LEAGUE ASSEMBLY SESSION

Continued from Page 1.

vious statements that the area had been reduced to a shambles.

Many bodies, bullet-riddled and burned, were scattered about, he said. All the buildings were either burned to the ground or lying in shattered fragments.

In this no man's land, nevertheless, a number of dazed persons continued to live. The priest said they refused all efforts to drag them to safety. They seemed, he said, to have fragments of food here and there, although the source was a mystery.

Escorted by Japanese.

The rescuers were escorted as far as the borders of Chapel by a detachment of Japanese blue jackets. There they left armed protection behind them.

It was one of the most notable humanitarian acts of the conflict waged in Shanghai for 14 days. Chapel had been converted into ruins by shells, exploding bombs, machine gun bullets and fires.

Drawn up along the borders of the area where the rescuers entered were 11 trucks draped with Red Cross emblems, awaiting refugees and wounded Chinese and Japanese soldiers that might be brought out. Numerous ambulances from the International Settlement also awaited similar burdens.

Japanese soldiers, who continued to patrol the area from which the rescuers started, allowed civilians to enter within a few blocks of the borders. They kept strict order. Japanese patrols, armed with pistols, rifles and machine guns, were everywhere.

As the relief party entered Chapel, they immediately encountered a section completely crumpled by bombs, shellfire or flames.

Determined to Win.

The Japanese high command determined today to reduce the stubborn Chinese forts at Woosung with 500-pound aerial bombs.

Two weeks of dogged resistance by the Chinese in the Shanghai-Woosung area have convinced the Japanese staff that the only way to reach a decision is by a large scale military operation, and these bombs, capable of causing terrific destruction, will prepare the way for assault lines of infantrymen with bayonets.

Already 40 Japanese warships and transports have been jammed into the Yangtze estuary. When the engagement starts, the Japanese will be involved in one of their largest military actions since the Russo-Japanese war.

The 500-pound bombs will be dropped only at Woosung. Their terrific power would make it impossible for them to be used at Chapel because of the nearness of the International Settlement. Experts said such explosives would break windows for miles around and cause untold property damage.

Visitors Drink Toasts.

Visitors at Woosung headquarters drank toasts and offered banzai salutations in honor of the first emperor.

"We are not fighting today," explained the Japanese staff captain to a party of newspapermen and Lieut. Arthur Theodore Mason of the Fourth United States Marines, who comes from Santa Monica, Calif.

All the foreign warcraft in the Whangpoo broke out their bunting and dressed ship in honor of the occasional bursts of rifle fire from Japanese holiday. Even the Chinese government customs boats followed the etiquette proper for the occasion—for it is bad naval manners to fail to recognize another nation's holiday unless there is a state of war, and the Sino-Japanese conflict is not war as the textbooks define it.

Sir John Hope-Simpson, director of the national flood relief commission, filed with Japanese Consul General Mural charges that Japanese bombers had killed 51 flood refugees in a camp at Chapel last week.

The refugee camp was bombed February 5 and 6, Sir John said, and the attack was wholly unnecessary and without military advantage.

Copies of the protest were sent to United States Consul General Edwin S. Cunningham, senior consular official of Shanghai, with a request that they be delivered to the consuls of other nations. There were 10,399 refugees in the camp before the Shanghai fighting began January 28.

The Thirty-first United States Infantry was placed in one of the most difficult sectors of the settlement boundary to relieve three companies of the Shanghai Volunteer Corps, one of them composed of American business men.

The soldiers took over the line from the gas works on Soochow Creek northward along the boundary to a point just one block from the North Railway Station at Chapel—a building that has been battered by shells ever since the action started. The American line joins the Japanese on Range road on the border of the settlement.

Rear Admiral S. Shimada called at United States Marine headquarters and expressed his regret for the bombing early yesterday of a cotton mill in which marines were billeted. None of the Americans was hurt.

DIED.

CHARLES—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at his residence, 3248 O street northwest, ROLLAND HENRY, beloved husband of Sadie E. Charles (nee Garthwaite).
Funeral services from his late residence, on Saturday, February 13, at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment at Arlington National Cemetery.

DOERR—On Tuesday, February 9, 1932, at Providence Hospital, LOUIS P., JR., aged 10 years, beloved son of Louis P. and Margaret Elizabeth Doerr.
Funeral from his late residence, 1105 South Carolina avenue southeast, on Friday, February 12, at 8:30 a. m., thence to the Church of the Holy Comforter, Fourteenth and East Capitol streets, where mass will be offered at 9 a. m., for the repose of his soul. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery. Service by W. W. Chambers Co.

FAUNCE—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at his residence, 708 Gerauld avenue, Virginia Highlands, Va., JACOB RICE, beloved husband of Mary M. Faunce and father of Raymond T. and Jacob D. Faunce, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Charles F. Edwards, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, and brother of Elizabeth A. Faunce. Notice of funeral later.

GRADY—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, MARGARET, beloved wife of George Grady.
Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest. Notice of funeral later.

GRAY—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at her residence, 217 Prospect street, Friendship Heights, Md., MARGARET, wife of the late De Witt Gray.
Services at her late residence on Saturday, February 13, at 4 p. m. Interment private.

HERO—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at her residence, 2804 Thirty-fourth street northwest, FANNY CAROLINE DAVIS, beloved wife of Maj. Gen. Andrew Hero, jr., U. S. A., retired.
Services at St. Alban's Church, Mount St. Alban and Wisconsin avenue northwest, on Saturday, February 13, at 10 a. m. Interment Arlington National Cemetery.

HOWARD—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at Columbia Hospital, AUGUSTA RICHARDSON, beloved daughter of Lilly Maie and George Adams Howard.
Services (private) at Rock Creek Cemetery, Friday, February 12.

KNEIPP—On Wednesday, February 10, 1932, at Garfield Hospital, ANNA PAULINE, beloved wife of Leon F. Kneipp, of 4831 Thirty-sixth street northwest. She is survived by two sons, Robert F. and John A. Kneipp, and two brothers, Herman C. and Frederick H. Koschwitz.
Funeral services at Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church on Friday, February 12, at 2:30 p. m. Interment private.

KOHLER—Suddenly, on Thursday, February 11, 1932, KARL P., beloved husband of Elizabeth Kohler (nee Merkner), aged forty-two years.
Funeral from his late residence, 1210 E street northeast, on Saturday, February 13, at 2:30 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Prospect Hill Cemetery.

LACEY—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, BERTHA B., beloved wife of Edward Lacey.
Remains resting at her late residence, 528 Eighth street northeast. Notice of funeral later.

LIVINGSTON—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, EMMA, daughter of the late Capt. Lewis A. Livingston and the late Mrs. Samuel S. Gardiner.
Funeral services from her late residence in Hammond Court Saturday, February 13, 1932, at 2 o'clock p. m.

McCOSH—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at his residence, The Ravenel, 1610 Sixteenth street northwest, ROBERT A., beloved son of the late C. R. McCosh and Nancy E. McCosh.
Remains resting at the Wm. H. Sardo & Co. funeral chapel, 412 H street northeast, until 12 noon, Saturday, February 13, thence to Mount Olivet Cemetery chapel, Hanover, Pa., where services will be held at 3 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Hanover, Pa.

MYERS—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, ANNIE E. MYERS (nee Beck), beloved wife of John J. Myers and beloved mother of Matthew J., John N., Thomas A. and Miss Katherine V. Myers and Mrs. Robert J. Fitzgerald.
Funeral from her late residence, 602 Columbia road northwest, on Saturday, February 13, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at the Church of the Immaculate Conception at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery.

O'LAUGHLIN—On Wednesday, February 10, 1932, at her residence, 3744 Jenifer street northwest, MARY SUSANNAH, beloved mother of Jane Clipper and John Callan O'Laughlin.
Funeral services at the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, on Friday, February 12, at 10 a. m. Interment (private) at Mount Olivet Cemetery.

ROWE—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at Casualty Hospital, FRENCH, beloved husband of Carrie Rowe and father of Lewis Rowe.
Remains resting at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin street northwest. Notice of funeral later.

SHOPE—On Wednesday, February 10, 1932, RAYMOND P., beloved husband of Myrtle Shope.
Services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2905 Fourteenth street northwest, Friday, February 12, at 2 p. m. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

SOPER—On Wednesday, February 10, 1932, TRUTHEL V., beloved wife of Benjamin H. Soper.
Funeral from her late residence, 3811 Fifth street northwest, on Saturday, February 13, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Columbia Gardens Cemetery, Virginia. Services by W. W. Chambers.

SWEENEY—On Thursday, February 11, 1932, at 7 p. m., MARY AGNES SWEENEY, beloved mother of Charles B. and Margaret M. Sweeney, aged fifty-three years.
Funeral from the chapel of Thomas S. Sergeon, 1011 Seventh street northwest, on Saturday, February 13, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem mass at St. Francis De Sales Church, Rhode Island avenue and Twentieth street northeast, at 9 o'clock. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

WHISPELL—Suddenly, on Tuesday, February 9, 1932, at 7:30 p. m., at her residence, 40 M street northwest, LILLIE S. BABCOCK, widow of Joseph J. Whispell and mother of Bessie S. Aylor and Edna L. Coleman.
Funeral from above address on Friday, February 12, at 2:30 p. m. Interment at Cedar Hill Cemetery. Services by W. W. Chambers Co. (Norfolk and Richmond, Va., newspapers please copy.)

WILSON—On Wednesday, February 10, 1932, at the residence of her son, James Y. Wilson, 501 B street northeast, IMOGEN MOSHER, beloved wife of the late Edward H. Wilson.
Funeral will be held from Zurhorst's funeral parlors, 301 East Capitol street, on Saturday, February 13, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Joseph's Church, where mass will be said at 9 a. m. for the repose of her soul. Relatives and friends invited. Interment at Rock Creek Cemetery.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

JAMES T. RYAN
317 PA. AVE. SE. Atlantic 1700.

WM. H. SARDO & CO.
412 H ST. NE. Phone Lincoln 0524.
ESTABLISHED 1876.

JOHN R. WRIGHT CO.
1337 10th st. nw. Phone North 0047.

J. WILLIAM LEE'S SONS
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
CREMATORIUM
332 PA. AVE. NW. NATL. 1384 & 1385.

CHAS. S. ZURHORST
301 EAST CAPITOL ST. LINCOLN 0372.

P. J. SAFFELL
733 5th st. nw. Natl. 0537.

Frank Geier's Sons Co.
1113 SEVENTH ST. NW. Telephone
Modern Chapel. NATIONAL 2473.

THOS. S. SERGEON
1011 7TH ST. NW. Telephone Natl. 1090.

Bigger and Better Funerals
At Half the Usual Cost Are Done by
CHAMBERS
A Whole Funeral for as low as..... $75

FUNERAL DESIGNS

GUDE BROS. CO., Florists
1212 F STREET. National 4276.
APPROPRIATE FUNERAL DESIGNS.

GEO. C. SHAFFER 900 14TH ST. NW.
Expressive Floral Emblems. Phone
Moderate prices. Open eve. & Sun. Nat. 0106

WINDSTORM KILLS 5 IN MIDWEST STATES

Widespread Property Damage Also Suffered in Ohio and Indiana.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Three lives were lost, several school children were injured and widespread property damage was wrought by a sudden windstorm that swept Ohio late today.

Driving gales off Lake Erie swamped the metal boat in which John Kivimake, 43; his son, Elmer, 21, and Enoch Arklander, 55, were fishing off Ashtabula Harbor. They drowned before Coast Guards could reach them and late tonight their bodies had not been recovered.

Over the State scores of small buildings were wrecked, trees and poles toppled and traffic tied up by heavy rains and impeded roadways.

The storm came as the climax to several days of springlike weather in which record temperatures for February were reached in virtually every portion of Ohio.

Indianapolis, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Two men were killed in a wind, electrical and rain storm here this morning. A high wind caused considerable property damage.

William Clark, 50, a laborer, was struck by lightning while walking along a street in the residential district.

George Carpenter, 42, was crushed to death when a crane he was operating was blown over on him.

The rainfall was one of the hardest within the memory of older residents for this time of year.

Falling temperatures accompanied the storm.

Cincinnati, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—A wind and rain storm swept over Cincinnati today and unroofed nearly 50 houses, uprooted trees, blew down telephone and trolley poles and disrupted traffic.

Trio Is Convicted On Assault Count

Attackers of Policeman in Cafe to Be Tried on Other Charges.

Three men, William Deitz, George Charuchas and Samuel Goldstein, were convicted by a jury in Police Court yesterday of assaulting Policeman William Fawsett during a battle in a lunchroom on December 3. Sentences will be imposed next week.

Fawsett was attacked, according to testimony, when he went into the luchroom to investigate a disturbance. When he was jumped upon, Noel E. Reynolds, a bus starter, who came to his rescue, was also attacked. The three men will be tried for allegedly assaulting Mr. Reynolds later.

Samuel J. Kahan, arrested with the others, was acquitted by the jury. The case was tried before Judge Gus A. Schuldt.

Arkansas Society Holds Party, Dance Tonight

The Arkansas State Society will hold a bridge party and dance at the Willard Hotel tonight, at 9 o'clock. Officers for the coming year will be elected.

Harvey Couch, of Pine Bluff, one of the directors of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, will be the guest of honor. More than 400 of the society's members are expected. Tickets may be obtained by calling Mrs. Brownie Kerr, at National 6400.

Visitor's Leg Broken by Auto.

Duly W. Hutton, of Milwaukee, Wis., registered at the Ambassador Hotel, suffered a broken leg yesterday when he was knocked down by an automobile driven by Charles E. Cooper, colored, 22 years old, of 3039 Sherman avenue northwest. Mr. Hutton was taken to Emergency Hospital.

FIRE RECORD.

11:24 a. m.—Forty-ninth and C streets southeast; dump.
11:29 a. m.—Convention Hall; automobile.
12:56 p. m.—Park and Manor places northwest; automobile.
2:50 p. m.—821 Forty-ninth street northeast; grass.
5:34 p. m.—Thirteenth and Otis streets northwest; leaves.
5:40 p. m.—Thirty-sixth and Webster streets northwest; trash.
6:45 p. m.—Ninth and E streets northwest; automobile.
8:22 p. m.—Forty-ninth street and Sheriff road northeast; trash.
10:05 p. m.—4128 Fourteenth street northwest; trash.

'Whoopee Ship' Tickets May Be No Good at All

By JOHN J. DALY

AMERICANS interested in whoopee parties on ships that go down to the sea had better hurry and get aboard the luggers, for Congress is now considering this case.

It seems that New York harbor is the starting point of vessels that go on "Voyages to Nowhere"—just rambling, rollicking, rolling cruisers that careen over the briny, outside the twelve-mile limit. Most of these marauders fly foreign flags.

The American merchant marine, made up of dry ships that sail the wet seas, is suffering from such competition. So, a bill introduced in the House of Representatives authorizes the Shipping Board to determine whether these foreign bottoms are fighting ships—that is, fighting off American trade from American ships.

The collector of customs and the collector of the port would refuse to issue clearance papers if the Shipping Board should certify that such a foreign ship is a fighting ship.

It naturally follows that every ship serving grog is a fighting ship, fighting its way through the seven seas with Demon Rum at the helm and whoopee parties going full blast, morning, noon, and night. These are the fighting ships of the ocean—frigates, sloops, yachts and passenger vessels of all weights, sizes and tonnage, shadow-boxing with fate. They sail o'er the bar, with bartenders, busier than cranberry merchants at Christmas time, mixing drinks for mixed company, men and women, Americans all, who are unpatriotic enough to go out past the twelve-mile limit and laugh at the Statue of Liberty.

Dat ole debil sea sees many a strange sight when the fighting ships cut loose on the bounding main, the main bounding done by bounders who bounce beer bottles off the starboard and larboard watches.

* * * *

WRONG of the sea, sing a song of the sea
And a fighting ship afloat,
With a full crew and passengers, too,
Who'd take no other boat
But one that rides the rolling tides
From here to the Spanish Main
And throws its guides clear over the sides
So they never come back again.

It's a wild life and a free life,
On a fighting ship at sea,
And many a man deserts his wife
For this crazy company-y
Aboard a ship, where they "Let 'er rip"
With never a grunt or groan
And no one flops till the anchor drops
Inside the 12-mile zone.

Oh, it's sad, mates, when they reach the gates
Of the golden, glorious shore,
Where men are men when they're back again
To the land of "Nevermore!"
Then all of the fight, of uproarious night,
Is left for the foreign crew
That takes aboard another horde
And sails with 'em into the blue.

U. S. Will Save $1.73 On Sailor's Clothing

(Associated Press.)

The House naval committee yesterday agreed with Secretary Adams that too many clothes are being given Navy enlisted men.

It approved a bill to let the Navy Department head decide how much equipment should be given to recruits.

Under the law, each one must be given $100 worth of equipment when he enlists. Secretary Adams decided something should be done about this requirement, since a complete outfit costs only $98.27.

He estimates the measure will save the Government $24,071 in the 1933 fiscal year.

AMERICA WILL ASK TRUCE IN SHANGHAI

Continued from Page 1.

surances they would issue flying orders in the future that would not endanger the settlement.

Violation Upsets Stimson.

Secretary Stimson was known to have been very much upset over the action of the Japanese airmen in violating international law by flying over the International Settlement and the sovereign territory of China. Detailed instructions for treating of this phase of the fighting in Shanghai will be prepared shortly and dispatched to Minister Johnson for his conversations with the Japanese and Chinese military leaders.

The bombing incident at once brought the tenseness of the Shanghai situation to the attention of every official of the State and Navy departments with dramatic suddenness. Carelessness or poor marksmanship of the Japanese airmen could endanger the American lives in the International Settlement so long as the neutral zone is considered flying area by the Japanese officials. The representations of Admiral Taylor and Consul General Cunningham were successful in bringing from the Japanese prompt apologies for the incident and satisfactory assurances that it would not be repeated.

Support for the Japanese position in Manchuria was voiced yesterday by the eminent British statesman, Winston Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty and chancellor of the exchequer. Mr. Churchill approved the activities of the Japanese in the "Balkans of the Orient" and said:

"Since the Japanese took over Manchuria, we can hope for an immediate cessation of those dog fights which usually marked the activities of the various war lords who were trying to get possession there. Manchuria is a land of peace and plenty and Japanese supervision of the country will result in a tremendous improvement in its economic situation for the benefit of all the nations."

Mr. Churchill, now on a lecture tour of the United States, will speak here tonight.

U. S. and Mexico May Join If Far East War Spreads

(Associated Press.)

Friendly relations between this country and Mexico have led it to be accepted here that they would find a common approach to any problem arising from Far Eastern difficulties.

Publication of a story yesterday that communications have been exchanged on the subject met a denial at the State Department, however. Subsequently, it was said in an informed Latin-American quarter that an understanding has been reached for community of interest as pertains to possible trouble with Japan.

This led to further inquiries at the State Department, but the matter was shifted from one official to another without positive answer other than that no notes have passed between the governments since the opening of the present troubles in Manchuria and at Shanghai.

The question was first brought to notice in the form of an editorial by a leading Mexico City daily, Excelsior, saying that country would side with the United States in event of any conflict with Japan. Whether this represents the attitude of the Mexican government has not been asserted officially, but note was taken here that the Mexican authorities have not felt called upon to deny reports of an agreement in effect.

FORD BARES PLANS FOR HIS NEW CARS

8-Cylinder Model and New Low-Priced 4 Will Go on Market.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Declaring "Some one has to risk something to get things started," Henry Ford today disclosed his latest plan to break the jam that for nearly two years has retarded the automobile industry.

He announced that within the next few weeks the Ford Co. will bring out an improved four and a new "V" eight cylinder model, and coupled with it the statement that he had determined to "get the price of an automobile down to the mark where the public can buy it."

At the same time Mr. Ford expressed the hope that the raw material supply men would not begin to raise prices. Such action, he said, might throttle the whole effort.

"In times like these," he said, "every one has to take some risk, make some sacrifice, and even be willing, for a time, to do business without profit in order to start normal processes of industry and business again.

Cites Need of Confidence.

"We're not certain of the market for the new cars, but we're going to risk it. Some one has to risk something to get things started, and, you know, faith is catching; if we have confidence others will, too. The chief thing to do is to meet the public's demand for something new and better at 'a price the average man can pay.'"

In automotive circles, Ford's remark that he was determined to bring prices down to the point where the public can buy was interpreted as indicating his intention to initiate a period of the keenest competition in the low-priced field.

Disclosure of the Ford plans served to dispel much of the uncertainty that has surrounded the industry for many months. Their real effect, however, will not be fully felt until the trade knows the price of the new cars and exactly what mechanical advances are incorporated in them.

Wholly New Design.

Included in the specifications for the new models is a single chassis capable of carrying either a four or an eight cylinder engine. The cars are to be of wholly new design, longer wheel base, heavier frame and lower hung chassis.

No definite date was set for the formal presentation of the new models other than a statement that the new four will be ready for delivery early in March. The eight-cylinder type will be introduced some time later.

The Ford statement gave no intimation of what plans had been made for recalling workmen, but if deliveries of the new four are to be made early in March many thousands of men are expected to be brought back to work within the next few days.

Coincidentally, the release of large orders for parts and raw materials is expected.

Encouraging Reports.

Coincident with the Ford announcement came encouraged reports from other automobile manufacturers.

The Hudson Motor Car Co. announced its assembly line had returned to a full eight-hour shift and six-day-a-week schedule because of rising sales.

The Packard Motor Car Co. reported more than 8,600 men on the pay rolls, the largest number in the last three years.

Graham Paige announced the largest force at work since June, 1930, and an increase in February schedules necessitated advance orders. Chrysler announced its estimates for February provide for the manufacture of nearly 21,000 units, an increase of more than 40 per cent over January.

Chevrolet estimated its February production at 55,000 units and announced it was maintaining its 1931 employment average of 35,000.

Rites at Wakefield Honor Mrs. Rust

Trees Planted on Washington's Birthday in Old Calendar.

Wakefield, Va., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Exercises commemorating the memory of Mrs. Josephine Wheelright Rust, leader of the Wakefield Memorial Association until her death last June, were held at the birthplace of George Washington today.

There were many prominent persons in the crowd that assembled in the birthplace house, where the exercises were led by Francis Tucker, of Washington, a brother of Bishop Tucker. The Rev. Thomas Baker, rector of Washington Parish, in which Wakefield is situated, spoke.

Three memorial trees were planted on the Wakefield lawn; one, a sycamore, in memory of Mrs. Rust; an ash, in memory of Nicholas Martiau, who settled at Yorktown in 1620, and a third, an elm, a descendant of the Washington elm at Cambridge, where the Virginian took command of the colonial army.

The exercises were held on Washington's birth date, according to the old calendar reckoning.

FRANK S. LUCAS IS DEAD.

Alexandria Electrician Survived by Widow and One Son.

Frank S. Lucas, 66, died yesterday in his home at 610 South Fairfax street Alexandria. For many years he had been employed as an electrician by the trolley line operating between Alexandria and Washington, being stationed at the Four Mile Run powerhouse of the railway company.

He was a member of Council No. 4, Order of Fraternal Americans. Besides his widow, Mrs. Clara Lucas, he is survived by one son, Robert T. Lucas.

Funeral arrangements have not been completed.

OPEN A CHARGE ACCOUNT
FINE MEN'S WEAR
EISEMAN'S, 7th & F

TODAY
Our Final Clearance
of
ALL WINTER STOCKS

In every department there are a few very choice garments left and there are remarkable opportunities to obtain unusual values, as the goods on sale are made by the best makers . . . Prices will simply astound you . . .

COATS AT EXTRAORDINARY PRICES
For Women, Misses, Juniors on our Third, Fourth and Sixth Floors.

A Number of Dresses on Sale
For Women, Misses and Juniors, on our Third, Fourth and Sixth Floors . . . Lovely models for sports . . . afternoon and evening . . . some velvets included.

Children's Wear and Infants' Things
On sale at unusual prices, Sixth Floor.

All Winter Hats Now at Remarkably Reduced Prices
For Women, Misses, Juniors.

Some Special Lines of Shoes Priced for a Short Time Only—$6.95, $8.85, $9.85

A Men's Shop Sale of Winter Overcoats and Furnishings . . . Extraordinary Prices.

A Sale of Suits and Overcoats for Boys and Youths on Our Sixth Floor

We are now holding what we believe to be
The Greatest Sale of Furs Ever Held in Washington
The Best Furs . . . Unusual Values.

JULIUS GARFINCKEL & Co.
F STREET AT FOURTEENTH

SUBSTANTIAL WEIGHT—GUARANTEED QUALITY
STERLING
At a Special Low Price
YOUR CHOICE OF
Tall Compotes
Bon Bon Baskets
Low Candlesticks, pr.
2-Light Candelabra
Tall Vases
$3.65
B. Harris & Co.
F Street at 11th
Jewelers and Diamond Merchants for Over Half a Century.

MRS. ANNE E. MYERS DIES.

Funeral Services to Be Today for Prominent Church Worker.

Mrs. Anne E. Myers, 65, of 602 Columbia road northwest, died yesterday after an illness of three weeks.

Mrs. Myers was a member of the Sodality of the Immaculate Conception Church and of the Catholic Women's Benevolent League, and had been active in church work for years.

She is survived by her husband, John J. Myers; her sons, Mathew J. Myers, John N. Myers, Thomas A. Myers, and daughters, Katherine V. Myers and Mrs. Robert J. Fitzgerald.

Requiem mass will be said at the Church of the Immaculate Conception at 9 o'clock this morning. Interment will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Methodist Elder and Educator Dies.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The Rev. Harry M. North, D. D., 60, presiding elder of the Raleigh District of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, and a trustee of Duke University, died here today from a heart attack.

KARL KOHLER DIES.

Masonic Burial Will Be Given Active Worker in Order.

Karl Kohler, 42, of 1210 E street northeast, who was active in Masonic work and a director of the German Orphan Asylum, died suddenly yesterday at work at 2023 L street northwest when stricken with a heart attack. He had been working as a chef since his arrival in this country from Germany, 25 years ago.

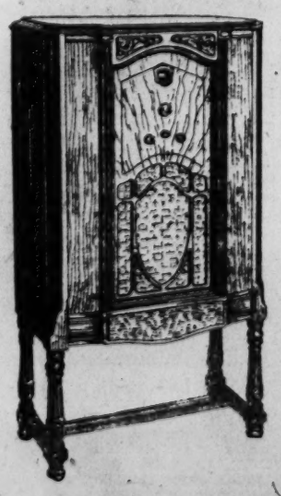
Kohler was a member of the Armenian Lodge of the Masonic order and will be given a Masonic burial.

He is survived by his widow, Elizabeth Kohler; a son, Frederick C. Kohler; a daughter, Dorothy Kohler, and his parents, two brothers and a sister, who are living in Germany.

Republican Leader Dies.

Canaan, N. H., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Judge James B. Wallace, 65, one of New Hampshire's most widely known Republicans, died suddenly of heart disease while attending a session of Grafton County Superior Court this afternoon.

LIFE TIME FURNITURE
Let Us Show You the
Philco Radio
All Models Shown Now



See all the new Philco models at Mayer & Co. Come in today and leisurely look around in our Radio Department.

Model No. 70
Illustrated
$65.75
Complete With Tubes

This is a 7-tube Superheterodyne with 4 screen grid tubes . . . Pentode Power Tube . . . electric-dynamic Speaker . . . Tone control . . . Philco balanced Tubes . . . Illuminated Station Recording Dial . . . and a good-looking cabinet.

Other Philco Radios From $49.95 to $150

MAYER & CO.
Seventh St. Bet. D and E

HOUSE CHEERS PLEA FOR TAX BOOST NOW

Crisp Says Balanced Budget Vital Need; McAdoo Urges Rum-Profit Levy.

By J. B. McDONNELL.

Temporary relief measures will be futile unless individual members of Congress are willing to cast aside fears for their political future and vote for the increased taxes necessary to balance the Federal budget, Representative Charles R. Crisp (Democrat), of Georgia, acting chairman of the House ways and means committee, told an applauding House of Representatives yesterday.

The speech of the unpretentious Georgian, on whose countenance work and time are engraving deeper lines, probably was one of the most dramatic of the session, and at its conclusion both sides rose and applauded.

"I say to you, my friends," Mr. Crisp said, "that unless the budget is balanced all of your temporary relief measures, your Reconstruction Finance Corporation and everything else, will be futile, for the corner stone on which employment and economic recovery rests is a balanced budget."

Pledges no Partisanship.

Representative Crisp was not sounding a party tom-tom, although he did remind his auditors that the existing condition of Federal finances came about during Republican administrations, but spoke for both Republican and Democratic members of the ways and means committee for whom he pledged no partisanship in the drafting of the new tax law.

The slogan, "Soak the rich" will not suffice to meet the Treasury needs, nor "anything comparable" to the requirements of a balanced budget, he said.

What he said on the floor was supplemented later by his announcement of the appointment of subcommittees to study sales taxes, income taxes and gift taxes.

The speech of Representative Crisp was received in something of a patriotic fervor, the broad sweep of which may or may not have been forgotten a little later, after the House began consideration of bills on the private calendar, but a new note was injected a short time later by William Gibbs McAdoo, erstwhile Secretary of the Treasury and do-or-die leader of the drys and that part of the Democratic party which so violently opposed the nomination of former Gov. Al Smith as the party leader.

Proposes Liquor Tax.

Mr. McAdoo proposed a tax of 100 per cent on the profits of illicit dealers in alcoholic liquors and narcotics. Mr. McAdoo opposed increasing taxes on small incomes, opposed retroactive income taxes, said that the proposed Federal gasoline tax was unwise, and proposed as a substitute a tax on oil imports, and urged such a heavy tax on passports as to keep at home Americans who wanted to travel, thereby compelling them to spend their money in this country instead of abroad. Mr. McAdoo urged sharp limitation on tax-exempt Government securities in which, he said, rich persons put their money and thereby escaped taxation.

The former Secretary of the Treasury estimated that the Government would get $1,500,000,000 annually out of the 100 per cent tax he proposed on bootleg profits.

In justification of his proposal to impose such high passport taxes that Americans would be forced to stay at home, Mr. McAdoo said their consequent expenditures in this country would make a substantial contribution to national prosperity, inasmuch as it would stimulate American summer resorts and winter resorts and other places which Americans would have to patronize rather than spend their vacations where they wanted to spend them.

Dwarfed by Crisp Speech.

The program advanced by Mr. McAdoo, in a communication to Senator Thomas Walsh (Democrat), of Montana, landed with something of a bombshell effect and was the subject of discussion and comment throughout the Capitol, but in the final analysis, is was dwarfed by the speech of Representative Crisp, which was keyed in a far different pitch.

"At the end of the fiscal year 1931, there was a deficit of $903,000,000," Mr. Crisp said. "That has now been wiped out as a deficit, but has been added to the bonded indebtedness of the United States and the national indebtedness has increased. At the end of this fiscal year, July 1, 1932, there will be another deficit of $2,100,000,000, which means you have spent $2,100,000,000 more than you have received.

"Again, under the Treasury bookkeeping, these deficits are not carried forward, but at the end of the fiscal year they are incorporate in the funded or bonded national debt. So at the end of the current fiscal year, July 1, 1932, again $2,100,000,000 will be added to your national debt, and that is provided you do not increase expenditures and appropriations, for if you pass additional appropriations you will add that much to the picture.

Points To Budget.

"It is estimated that at the end of the fiscal year 1933, unless $1,240,000,000 additional is collected from taxes, your budget will not be balanced, and it is estimated it will take $1,240,000,000 of new revenue to balance your budget by 1933, and that is not counting the $497,000,000 required for public debt retirement. If you put that in it is $1,700,000,000, plus. * * *

"Today some of your Government bonds are selling as low as 85 cents on the dollar. If you continue to issue bonds there will be a further depreciation.

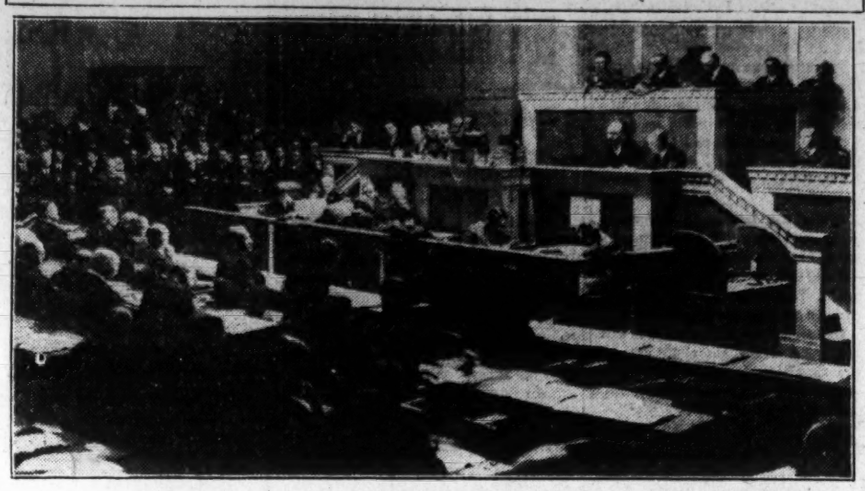
"I have burned every bridge behind me. No matter what the personal political consequences may be to me I am going to advocate the levying of sufficient taxes to balance the budget.

"I know that in doing that I will be rendering my country a distinct public service. It means nothing to the United States whether I remain in Congress or not but it means much to the United States Government that its honor, its credit and its security be maintained at par.

"I want you and the country to gird yourselves with stamina, with backbone and with courage to meet this emergency. All must make tremendous sacrifices. The budget must be balanced.

"Of necessity there must be either some form of general manufactures or sale tax or there must be an excise tax levied on sundry and divers commodities or industries. Everything is nebulous so far as what items are involved or how much money is to be raised."

WORLD DISARMAMENT PARLEY IN SESSION



Associated Press Photo.

Here is a general view of the international disarmament conference in Geneva. It was made when Arthur Henderson, of Great Britain, who is acting as chairman, addressed the opening session.

SOVIET ARMS PLAN IS MILDLY RECEIVED

Litvinoff Urges Cooperation at Geneva as Radical Proposal Appears.

(Copyright, 1932, by the Associated Press.)

Geneva, Feb. 11.—Maxim Litvinoff, Russia's commisar for foreign affairs, submitted his government's traditional radical proposals for total disarmament to the arms conference today, but accompanied them with enough promises of cooperation to win a measure of approval from the delegations of capitalistic states.

Recognizing that his proposals, which were rejected by the conference's preparatory commission, had slight chance of acceptance now, Moscow's aggressive spokesman recommended to the conference a plan for progressive proportional reduction of armaments as an alternative.

Then, remembering that this project had been turned down by the body which drafted the proposed arms treaty, he declared he was ready to support any scheme for reduction which approached or went beyond his own.

More welcome to the delegates than these offers of collaboration was the Russian's insistence that the Soviet Union does not wish to interfere in the affairs of other nations and desires to enjoy the same noninterference from its neighbors.

"The sole aim of the Soviet government is the building up of Socialism in the territory of the Soviet Union," Litvinoff said.

Marked by certain evidences of a conciliatory spirit, M. Litvinoff's address still was dynamic with sharp criticism of the existing world peace organization, and was severe with the proposals of some of the other great powers.

He denounced pacts and agreements under the League of Nations covenant as virtually impotent to guarantee tranquillity, and pointed to the Sino-Japanese hostilities as proof of his charge.

Public opinion—the force on which certain groups pin their hopes—was characterized by the Russian as a vague thing equally impotent to curb warlike tendencies and selfish ambitions.

He paid the French plan for arming the League of Nations the compliment of close attention, and rejected it only after a long analysis which, he argued, proved it unworkable.

Notwithstanding these attacks, the foreign commissar made it clear the Soviets do not deny "the importance and efficacy of all other ways of consolidating peace, short of total disarmament."

The Soviet Union, he said, recognizes the importance of international pledges such as the Kellogg Pact, and is an eager advocate of pacts of nonaggression.

M. Litvinoff renewed Russia's proposals for the destruction of the most aggressive types of armaments. The instruments whose abolition he urged were: Tanks and superheavy long range artillery; ships of more than 10,000 tons displacement; naval artillery of more than 12-inch caliber; aircraft carriers; military dirigibles; heavy bombing planes, air bombs, and any other means of destruction from airplanes; and all means and apparatus for chemical, incendiary, and bacteriological warfare.

The abolition of most of these weapons had been advocated by one or another of the spokesmen for the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany who addressed the conference earlier in the week.

The Belgian spokesman announced support for the French plan for an international police force under the League of Nations, and declared the "...oples will not renounce defensive weapons until they have the equivalent of guarantees of protection."

The Swedish delegate declared that reparations and debts should be settled along with disarmament. He urged direct limitation of armaments instead of financial limitation, and supported the French plan for security, provided it was accompanied by disarmament. He also indorsed the German view that inequalities in armaments between victor and vanquished states should be leveled.

Directors Elected By Boat Company

C. F. Norment, Sr., Named Board Chairman When Stockholders Meet.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Norfolk & Washington, D. C., Steamboat Co., held at the general offices yesterday, no changes were made in the personnel.

The following directors were elected to serve during this year: Woodbury Blair, E. C. Brandenburg, Henry N. Brawner, jr., Wrisley Brown, G. W. Forsberg, William D. Hoover, Clarence F. Norment, Clarence F. Norment, jr., George P. Sacks, Odell S. Smith and George L. Starkey.

At a subsequent meeting of the board of directors the following officers were elected: C. F. Normant, sr., chairman of the board; C. F. Norment, jr., president; G. W. Forsberg, vice president; E. C. Brandenburg, second vice president and general counsel; O. S. Smith, secretary-treasurer, and J. A. Riordan, general manager.

THE NEW WORLD-WIDE ECONOMIC SYSTEM

By H. G. WELLS

THE new world-wide economic system that has been coming into existence in the last century and a half is rapidly superseding the independent small cultivator and the independent town trader and town artisan, by large enterprises employing wages—workers, foremen, managers and directors. With the diminution of that peasant-small-townsman stratum which was until recently the bulk of human society, goes the disappearance of the peasant-small-townsman type of person. It is replaced by a complex of new ideals. Similarly the advance of social discipline has turned the aristocratic predatory type, partly in an instinctive effort for its self-preservation, to militarism and the maintenance of nationalist and monarchist institutions, and partly to a mercenary social mixture with the inflated entrepreneurs who have risen from the peasant-townsman mass. The struggle for the new civilization with nationalist militarism is all about us—and is still indecisive. And meanwhile there has been an immense extension of education, with all the strands of disinterestedness it brings with it. The modern population is rapidly becoming a wholly literate one. The mentality of the learned clerk penetrates everywhere. Popular education has been recognized as necessary even by business entrepreneurs frankly anxious to keep the worker under. A machine civilization has no use for an illiterate citizen. The tradition-based mind is too inflexible for its varying and progressive needs.

* * * *

THE priestly-intellectual tradition has never set any value upon either the accumulation or the violent acquisition of property. Its disposition is to secure a position, through salary, savings or what not, in which it can operate freely, and then to take no more thought of money, but rather to get the work or service done. The satisfaction of good achievement is greater than the satisfaction of possessions. Our teachers arise out of this tradition and bring with them the same repudiation of accumulation and mercenary motives, which they instil into a larger and larger proportion of the population. The modern wage worker and that extending class, the salariat, do not even think of ever being wealthy; they are not in that competition; they want to be safe, comfortable and pleasant in their lives, free from anxiety, free from excessive labor, free to do their individual task well. For these ends they will be acquisitive of money. They do not want money for its own sake, and they do not want money for power. They want it to spend, they want it in the background for emergencies. They can not do without it. When they come into the modern economic-social organization, this is the material end they have in view. That is the chief motive our developing modern economic organization has to reckon with. This search for security, comfort and liberty, is, as we bring consciousness into our review of human activities, the ruling motive which keeps the marionettes busy in our model industrial machine.

* * * *

People say that modern life turns wholly on getting money, but the getting of money either by trading or other forms of "making money," or as wages, salary, rent and interest is now only in a small minority of cases an end in itself. The satisfaction of the demands of the persona constitutes, now as ever, the guiding principle of human conduct, and the value of the money system in the machinery is to be judged entirely by its ability to satisfy those demands. By that criterion we shall go in our subsequent examination of the currency system and its conceivable developments. Suffice it here to repeat that the modern persona is being steadily modified by education in the direction of substituting service of some type, and generally now cooperative service, for the pure acquisitiveness and desire for dominance of the traditional social scheme.

Compared with the localized economic systems of the past, the new order which is developing about us which makes a larger and larger part of the human population, employes, workers, officials and specialists seem at the first glance to be abolishing freedom and making more and more people subordinated to a single world economic machine, but that is due to a common confusion between independence and freedom. Independence is no doubt being abolished by the synthetic forces at work, in the case of individuals just as in the case of sovereign States, but independence is not freedom. An "independent" peasant or small tradesman is tied with scarcely a day's holiday, to his cultivation or his shop; he is the slave of local custom and he must toil without surcease to the end of his days. An employe under generous modern conditions—dictated, be it noted, not by sentiment, but by considerations of maximum efficiency—has daily leisure, holidays and an altogether greater need of personal freedom.

* * * *

LARGE-SCALE production and distribution release human beings to self-respect and initiative at every point in its organization. Domestic service in the past was practically personal slavery; the servant was at the beck and call of the employer from morning to night. Where mediaevalism still prevails, as Lady Simon's admirable book on China has recently reminded us, domestic servants are still slaves. They are bought and sold. They are struck and beaten. In such backward countries as Italy servants are still beaten; I have seen a chambermaid beaten by the manageress of a hotel. But under collective housekeeping and in any large establishment servants become a "staff" with clear rights and definite limits to their duties. A great deal of nagging, bullying and oppression may still occur in any staff where the housekeeper, the head waiter or house steward is undereducated and evilly disposed; the new age is not the immediate coming of the kingdom of heaven; but in a well organized concern there are powers above the tyrant and modes of resistance against tyranny. It is possible to appeal against ill-treatment, and in the closely observed business of the ultramodern type friction will be perceptible in the lowered quantity and quality of the work and will be made the subject of inquiry.

* * * *

AT many points in the economic social machine there is still, and probably there will always have to be direct personal service. There is the valet or courier to a busy man; there are the devils, amanuenses and secretaries, who eke out the powers of some person of exceptional initiative; there are the "companions" of the old and isolated. But a society which is replacing conceptions of advantage and dominance by the idea of disinterested effort will change such relationships very substantially, even when it does not abolish them. The old way was for the principal person to behave t ard his seconders as a lord toward inferiors. ; was their substitute for motive; theirs not to reason why he commanded this or that. But in the atmosphere of an educated community he will be recognized not as a lord but as a specialist, and his claim for assistance will be based not on his highmightiness, but upon his insufficiency. The valet or courier does things for him because, having regard for his preoccupations and limitations, he is totally unable to do them himself; the secretary supplements, extends, clarifies and checks his efforts. The secretary or valet is a protector of his principal from petty distresses and details generally. The relationship rises therefore from the level of subjugation toward the level of sympathetic aid and friendship. Exceptional ability can be recognized on either hand, and respect can be mutual and complementary. Occasionally, to the end of time, the secondary person will have to show loyalty to the principal. Loyalty one may define as personal obedience to the initiatives of another, even when those initiatives are not understood or seem to be wrong; obedience because, on the whole, the secondary person believes in the rightness of the initiator, and in some distinctive unpredictable and inestimable quality that gives him or her the right to indisputable initiative.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Bill Against Ship Gaming Favored

Senate Committee Approves Measure Hitting Deep-Sea Vice.

(Associated Press.)

The Senate commerce committee yesterday approved a bill aimed to break up "gambling palaces" outside the 3-mile limits of American shores. Introduced by Senator Johnson (Republican), California, it would require small vessels carrying passengers to and from "stationary ships or barges" outside the 3-mile limit to obtain a navigation permit.

Permits would be denied if it were found the stationary vessels were what Senator Johnson described as "gilded palaces of vice."

A report from Arthur J. Tyrer, commissioner of navigation, favored the bill. It said the measure should place in the Government's hands "an effective means of preventing a practice growing up along our coasts, which is meeting with the condemnation of citizens generally in the localities where such vessels are anchored."

Senator Smith Ill of Grip.

(Associated Press.)

Senator Ellison D. Smith, of South Carolina, was confined to his bed last night by Dr. George W. Calver, Capitol attending physician, because of a severe attack of the grip. Dr. Calver said Senator Smith has been suffering from a cold for several days and it had become acute early last night. His condition is not considered serious.

Aspirin Gargle in Sore Throat or Tonsilitis

Prepare a harmless and effective gargle by dissolving three to five Bayer Aspirin tablets in one-third glassful of water. Gargle thoroughly, allowing a little to trickle down throat. Repeat in two hours as necessary.

Be sure you use only the genuine Bayer Aspirin, marked with the Bayer cross; beware of substitutes.

GREAT BRITAIN BARES ITS TARIFF MEASURE

10 Per Cent Levy Provided on Most of Imports Under Plan.

London, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The measure by which Great Britain will throw over her century-old tradition of free trade and become a protectionist country was published today.

It provides for a general 10 per cent tariff on all imports with certain important exceptions and sets up the machinery under which duties above 10 per cent may be imposed on the recommendations of a special committee.

Imperial preference was assured by the exemption of goods from the dominions from all tariff until November 15, by which time the question will have been threshed out at the Ottawa conference, and by complete exemption of goods from colonies and mandated territories.

The chief exceptions on imports from other countries included wheat, grain, meat, tea, raw cotton, wood pulp, news print, raw rubber, iron ore and scrap iron. Others were gold and silver bullion and coin, live quadruped animals, fish of British taking, raw wool, hides and skins.

Also sulphur, mineral phosphates of lime, unset precious stones, radium compounds and ores were excepted.

URUGUAYANS READY TO DEFEND BORDER

Guns Mounted to Forestall Recurrence of Clash With Brazilians.

Rivera, Uruguay, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—This Uruguayan frontier town and Santana, Brazil, were separated by a no man's land tonight as armaments were mounted on Rivera police headquarters to prevent a recurrence of a fatal clash between Brazilian soldiers and Uruguayan civilians during a Mardi Gras celebration several nights ago.

Two Uruguayans were killed and two were injured and one Brazilian soldier was probably fatally hurt in a carnival fight. Four Brazilian soldiers are still in jail as a result of the fracas.

Santana authorities also held their arms in readiness, although they assured Uruguayan officials the rebellious Brazilian Seventh Cavalry regiment, which attempted to cross the border last night and free their comrades, had been subjugated. They gave orders to prevent the passage of any Brazilian soldiers into Uruguay.

Uruguayan troops were directed to arrest any Brazilian seeking to cross the border to liberate the prisoners. Officials in both countries said the incident would be handled locally and would not involve the respective governments.

REED ATTACKS DOLE STAND BY BORAH AS VOTE IS DELAYED

Continued from Page 1.

stitution for power to relieve suffering," he said. "Can there be any function of government that takes precedence over the obligation to prevent suffering?

Word Dole Is Not Bar.

"I don't propose to be intimidated by the word dole." He urged adoption of his substitute amendment to advance the States funds out of future road appropriations to be used now for relief.

The amendment increasing the La Follette-Costigan bill to $750,000,000, sponsored by Senator Norris (Republican), Nebraska, was adopted without a record vote.

The Senate rejected an amendment by Senator Morrison (Democrat), North Carolina, to cut the appropriations down to $125,000,000 and eliminate $250,000,000 for the next fiscal year.

An amendment offered by Senator Oddie (Republican), Nevada, to apply $9,000,000 of the road appropriations to forest roads was approved.

Senator Costigan (Democrat), Colorado, one of the bill's sponsors, read a letter from John A. Simpson, president of the Farmers Union, indorsing the bill, and cited a number of legislative precedents for the legislation.

He also read to the Senate a letter from Rpresentative Huddiston (Democrat), Alabama, saying 25,000 individuals in Birmingham, Ala., in need of help were not receiving aid.

State Handles Relief.

Senator Hebert (Republican), Rhode Island, said the State of Rhode Island could take care of its own unemployment problem.

Mary G. Kildreth, chairman of the board of directors of the Woman Patriot Corporation, and Frank L. Peckham, vice president of the Sentinels of the Republic, testified before a House labor subcommittee Congress should not appropriate relief funds until money is requested by State Legislatures.

"The nearer the administration of relief is kept to the community affected," Mr. Peckham said, "the sooner will its evils be detected. We believe Congress can do the country no better service than to refuse direct relief appropriations. It would create a parasitic spirit toward the national Government." Mr. Peckham questioned statements regarding the need of Federal relief by Gov. Gifford Pinchot, of Pennsylvania. He said: "If the rest of his statement was no more true than the impression he tried to create that Pennsylvania, one of the richest States in the Union, was unable to keep its inhabitants from starving, then all the rest of his testimony should be ignored."

Pinchot Testimony Attacked.

Miss Kilbreth likewise attacked Gov. Pinchot's testimony.

"I hold," she said, "that this silence of 48 legislatures and of 47 governors is more significant than the clamor of all the advocates of this bill. No governor has applied for help except Gov. Pinchot and Gov. Pinchot's testimony amounts to virtually an appeal to Congress against the Pennsylvania Legislature and the Pennsylvania constitution."

Mr. Peckham also testified that statements by professional welfare workers "who have lived for years on the bounty of charitable people" are entitled to little consideration on a measure that opens an easier source of obtaining money.

Representative Granata (Republican), Illinois, asked what they would suggest to "keep people from starving?"

Mr. Peckham replied that the limit of Federal aid should be establishment of a loan fund for extension to States whose Legislatures requested such funds.

New Bill Introduced.

While the Senate disposed of amendments, a bill was introduced in the House calling for $125,000,000, to be made available immediately to the States for highway construction.

The bill was introduced by Representative Warren (Democrat), North Carolina, and has the approval of the Democratic leadership.

"The bill is considered by some as an answer to the so-called relief bills now being debated in the Senate, providing for direct appropriations to the States in the form of a dole," Representative Warrren said in a statement.

"The bill is favored by a large number of State highway commissions, who feel that it will greatly aid the unemployment situation in their States."

All of the funds would be expended by January 1, 1933, and the sums advanced would be reimbursed to the Federal Government over a period of ten years, commencing with the fiscal year 1938. The reimbursements would come from regular highway apportionments.

Memorial Rites Held For Edgar Wallace

Hollywood, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Memorial rites were held here tonight for Edgar Wallace, celebrated British novelist and playwright, who died Wednesday of pneumonia. His body, later consigned by train to New York, will be taken to London by Robert G. Curtis, his secretary, and Robert Downs, valet.

The memorial services were arranged by officials of the RKO-Radio motion picture studios, where Wallace was writing screen stories. Many Hollywood friends of the author attended.

70% of all ACUTE INDIGESTION strikes late at Night!

(when drug stores are closed.)

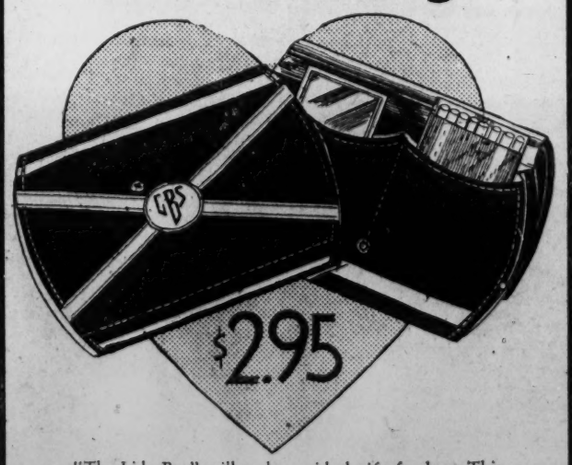
Why not be safe with Bell-ans on hand . . . Now!

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

BECKERS

1314 F Street N.W.

"Valentine Bags"



"The Lido Bag" will make an ideal gift for her. This smart new bag is fitted with cigarette case, mirror, purse and front flap pocket. Calf trimmed in patent leather or Patent with calf trimming. Initialed without charge.

EXCLUSIVE WITH BECKER'S

The PALAIS ROYAL

G Street at Eleventh — DIstrict 4400

Palais Royal Furniture Department
Great reductions on these charming

Little Tables

along Treasure Isle

Just for Today! A limited number of delightful occasional tables at far less than our already low February Sale prices! Remember, **Friday only!**

5.95 Solid Walnut-top Coffee Tables

25x17-inch top; turned and reeded legs; hand-rubbed. **3.50**

5.95 Solid Walnut Radio Tables

Artistically carved; top 18½ x 13 inches. **3.50**

6.95 Walnut-finish Humidor Cabinets

With ash receiver and utility handle. **3.95**

5.95 Solid Walnut-top Night Tables

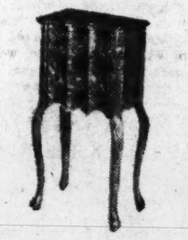
With utility drawer; lower shelf; 15½ x 15½ inches. **3.50**

12.50 Solid Walnut Coffee Tables

Lovely style with removable glass tray. **7.95**

7.75 Walnut-finish Telephone Sets

18 x 14-inch top; large shelf for book; chair. **4.95**



9.95 Solid Walnut Commode Cabinets

Two carved drawers and cabriole legs. **5.95**

12.50 Drop-leaf Coffee Tables

Solid walnut; turn-top; 25 x 30½ ins. open. **7.50**

13.50 Solid Walnut Coffee Tables

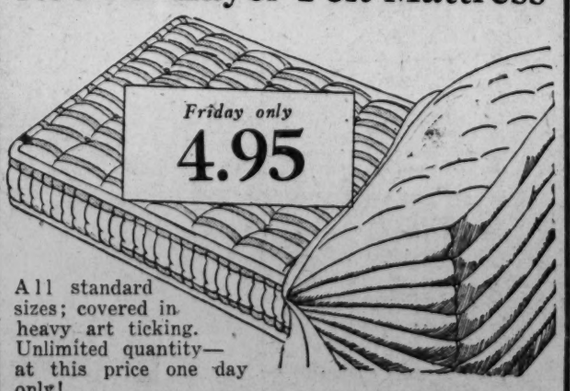
Removable glass tray. Matched walnut veneer top. **7.95**

10.50 Solid Mahogany End Tables

25x13½ ins. lyre ends; brass claw tips. **7.50**

Two Remarkable Bedding Specials

7.50 All Layer Felt Mattress



All standard sizes; covered in heavy art ticking. Unlimited quantity—at this price one day only!

Palais Royal—Fifth Floor

FATHER WALSH RAPS SOVIET ARMS MOVE

Bishop Freeman Also Speaks at Anniversary Fete of Elks Lodge.

The proposal of Maxim Litvinoff, commissar of foreign affairs of Soviet Russia, asking universal disarmament at the conference in Geneva, must have been made with "his tongue in his cheek," and Rev. Dr. Edmund A. Walsh last night told 1,000 persons at the fiftieth anniversary banquet of the Washington Lodge of Elks.

Stalin, the Russian dictator, Father Walsh said, ordered his representatives in this country to be "fully armed to take over the leadership of the proletarian revolution in the United States." At the present time, he emphasized, Russia has an army of 800,000 and 4,500,000 in reserve.

In another address, the Right Rev. James E. Freeman, Episcopal Bishop of Washington, issued a call to Americans for a stronger manifestation of loyalty to the Constitution. "We do not need to receive commitments from other countries, whether they be sitting in Geneva, London, or Berlin. We are self-contained and autonomous; but when our contributions are asked in any council of nations, we must present only our American ideals, undiluted," Bishop Freeman said.

Attacks Distrust.

Father Walsh drew an analogy between the necessities for world peace and the fundamental principles of charity, justice, brotherly love, and fidelity, which are the principles of Elkdom. "Disarmament," he said, "begins within. To first secure international peace, it will be necessary to abolish national distrust and arrogance.

"Though it may not be the destiny of the Elks to be given ear by the Senate in its cause of peace, yet by the practice of the fundamental tenets of Elkdom, the way for international brotherhood will be made easier," he said.

"Elkdom," he said, "is the antithesis of communism, and every time a new Elk is admitted in the order, an answer is given to Stalin's advice to his leaders in this country.

"The prerequisites of each new member of the Elks—American citizenship and the belief in a Supreme Being—is a guarantee against the machinations of the enemy that is within us.

Loyalty Is Urged.

"Russia and its political philosophy will eventually clash with the political philosophy that is ours. The aim of communism is to create a new type of humanity and it seeks to destroy the individuality given us by the Constitution," he concluded.

Bishop Freeman urged his listeners to "stand by our ideals during the present crisis. Now is the time for unswerving loyalty to our traditions. There is greater call today for utter loyalty to the flag and its ideals than ever before."

Grand Exalted Ruler John R. Coen also addressed the jubilee dinner which was held in the Mayflower Hotel. David J. La Porte, exalted ruler of Washington Lodge, welcomed the guests. Frank J. Hogan, prominent lawyer, was toastmaster.

Fred Stone Called Home By Death of His Mother

Freeport, N. Y., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Mrs. Clara Stone, mother of Fred Stone, the actor, and companion of her husband on a covered wagon trip to the West in the pioneering days, died at her home here today. She was 77. Fred Stone was called from Washington, and his daughter, Dorothy, was called from Youngstown, Ohio, where she had been playing.

Born Clara Johnson in Peoria, Ill., Mrs. Stone met and married Louis P. Stone at Knoxville, Iowa. As a bride she started West with him in a covered wagon but they abandoned their trip in Colorado because of hostile Indians. Later she trouped for a while with her son Fred. Her husband survives.

Hebrew Loan Body Selects Its Officers

Charles Rapap.. t is Named President; $28,675 in Grants Reported.

The Hebrew Free Loan Association elected officers for the year and reported on work of the past year at its annual meeting last night at the Ohev Sholom Synagogue, Fifth and I street northwest.

The secretary reported that $28,675 in loans was granted to 166 Jewish applicants, ranging from laborers to professional men, and that the organization grants loans of $25 to $300 to be repaid in small weekly sums without interest charge. The association is a Community Chest agency and has doubled its activities among the needy of Washington.

The following were elected: Charles Rapaport, president; Bernard Danzansky, and Samuel Weber, vice presidents; Rev. M. Goldman, recording secretary; Simon Lewin, financial secretary; Morris Garfinkle, treasurer; B. Jaffe and L. Cohen, trustees.

Books . .

A weekly article by one of the world's foremost novelists. He will not confine his work to any particular subject or topics, but in the main will write a column about books and current literature. The writer is—

John Erskine

Beginning Sunday, February 14

The Sunday Post

The Capital's Greatest NEWSpaper

Churchill, Here, Prophet Of Anglo-American Unity

Associated Press Photo.

Winston Churchill (right), former chancellor of the British exchequer and vice lord of the admiralty, was the guest of Sir Ronald Lindsay, British Ambassador to the United States, at the Embassy yesterday.

English-Speaking Peoples Held Hope Against Sinister Trends.

Winston Churchill, British statesman, writer and war correspondent, who will deliver a lecture at Constitution Hall at 8 o'clock tonight on "The World Economic Crisis," gives every impression of preparing to play a new part in world affairs.

He would like to see a unified effort between Great Britain and the United States to restrain the "sinister tendencies" which he observes in the world today. Through the strong bond of the English-speaking people he believes an instrument may be constructed that will insure good behavior and economic growth throughout the world. Those closely familiar with Mr. Churchill's opinions say that he would be willing to play the part of mediator to see such cooperation consummated.

Interviewed at the British Embassy yesterday, where, with his wife and daughter, Miss Diana Churchill, he is the guest of the Ambassador of Great Bhitain, Sir Ronald Lindsay, Mr. Churchill was emphatic in stressing the need for close cooperation between Great Britain and the United States.

As he spoke, answering questions from a roomful of newspapermen, Mr. Churchill reclined in an armchair and waved a half-smoked cigar to emphasize his points. He is inclined to corpulence, has a ruddy complexion, penetrative blue eyes and reddish hair. Across his forehead is a long scar, the souvenir of his recent encounter with a taxicab in New York, which resulted in his spending several weeks, in a critical condition, in a hospital.

He jokes now about taxicabs. He can afford to joke about danger. He has seen as much fighting as many generals. At 24 he was a war correspondent during the Boer War in South Africa. At 27 he was a cabinet minister, at 34 the storm center of British politics. He had been minister of war, air, navy, munitions, colonies, interior, commerce, vice lord of the admiralty and chancellor of the British exchequer. Probably his most spectacular feats were the secret mobilization of the British fleet before Great Britain declared war on Germany, and the institution of a raid on Antwerp to harass the German flank. Last but by no means lest in this thumbnail biography, his mother was an American.

Expressing the belief that both this country and Great Britain are "treading the right path" in the Far East crisis, the distinguished visitor pointed out that there is obviously a great reluctance on the part of the British people to take an active part in the trouble. He conceded that all Englishmen want to maintain the open door policy in China, to protect the International Settlement in Shanghai and are eager to see other treaty rights respected.

He declared that the most disturbing world trouble in his opinion is the "horrid fall in world prices." The decline in gold value is a subject he will discuss in his lecture tonight, he said. He applauded the efforts of the American Government to expand credit through the reconstruction program, but issued a warning against the danger of "improvident inflation."

Mr. Churchill said that he has always been very skeptical over disarmament conferences, seeing in them only an excuse for people to meet one another. If an organized effort to reduce armaments had been made in the past it is doubtful if they would be as large as they are today, he observed.

Mr. Churchill will lecture under the auspices of the Washington Community Institute. He will be introduced by Sir Ronald Lindsay.

Work on Peruvian Tour To Be Described Tonight

Work of the Shippe-Johnson Peruvian expedition, which spent eight months in that country taking tens of thousands of air photographs, will be described tonight at the Washington Auditorium for members of the National Georgraphic Society by Robert Shippee, leader of the expedition. Some of the pictures taken on the expedition disclosed previously unknown ruins.

Among the outstanding photographs obtained were views of Machu Picchu, hidden fortress city of the Incas, and the Great Wall of Peru, a structure extending for nearly 50 miles from the sea coast to the mountains. Two planes were utilized in making the photographs.

Call National 4205 and ask for a Post Ad-writer to help you with a Post Classified Ad.

'BLUE' FLEET FEINTS BUT DELAYS ATTACK

Force Must Land Troops by Sunday or Lose the "War" to "Black."

Honolulu, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Tripod masts of battleships dotted the horizon today as the "Blue" or "enemy" fleet feinted an attack on Oahu, principal island of the Hawaiian chain, in the joint Army-Navy war maneuvers.

Before the land defenses were concentrated at the north end of the island, however, the fleet withdrew without landing a blow.

The attackers engaged in a running attack with the "Black" or defending inshore patrol, composed of submarines, mine craft and shore batteries.

Smoke Screen Laid Offshore.

Roads leading to the north battlefront were crowded during the early morning hours while forces moved up to the front lines. Searchlights swept the skies to spot enemy airplanes.

Shortly after daybreak, "enemy" destroyers laid down a heavy smoke screen a few miles offshore, where one of the "Black" mine fields is located. It was not known yet whether the invading fleet had succeeded in sweeping the field.

With the sixth day of the maneuvers gone, officers of the defending forces believed enemy aircraft would try to clear the air of the remaining 42 army planes before attempting a landing.

If the "Blue" force has failed to land troops by Sunday the "Black" will have won the war.

(Associated Press.)

The Navy yesterday announced a partial lifting of the boycott against ships of the battle force visiting Honolulu during the present maneuvers.

Admiral Pratt, chief of naval operations, advised Admiral Schofield, commander in chief of the fleet, now at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, that five submarines and a battleship should carry out their visit to the Island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is located, as scheduled.

Schofield was also informed that he could send other units in limited numbers there at his own discretion.

The Navy issued orders for the fleet to stay away from Honolulu following the killing of a young Hawaiian for whose murder a Navy lieutenant and three other Americans are being held.

Press Club Will Hold Annual Valentine Party

The National Press Club's annual valentine party will be held tomorrow in the club's auditorium in the Press Building.

Entertainment, which will be furnished by John J. Mullane, will include Dollie and Jane, harmony duo, imitators and dancers; Linda Ann, acrobatic dancer, and Joan Marr, soprano. Music for dancing will be furnished by Leon Brusiloff's orchestra.

NAMED TO POST

T. HARDY SEAY.

Southern Selects Seay Comptroller

Native of Huntsville, Ala., Is Chosen Successor to Kemper.

T. Hardy Seay has been elected comptroller of the Southern Railway System Lines and the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Co., succeeding the late E. H. Kemper. The appointment was effective yesterday, according to an announcement made here by Fairfax Harrison, president.

Mr. Seay has been auditor of the Southern Railway System Lines and the Mobile & Ohio Railroad Co., with headquarters in Washington since July 23, 1928. His entire business career has been with the Southern Railway System, he having entered the service of the company immediately after leaving school March 1, 1901.

He is a member of the District of Columbia Bar and received his LL.B. degree from Georgetown University in 1919.

Mr. Seay is secretary of the Washington Kiwanis Club, member of the Washington Board of Trade and of the University Club. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, holding membership in Albert Pike Consistory, Washington, and is also a member of Almas Shrine Temple. He is a native of Huntsville, Ala.

Americanization School To Honor Principal

The Americanization School Association will give a dinner in honor of Miss Maude E. Aiton, administrative principal of the Americanization School, tomorrow at 7 p. m., at the Burlington Hotel.

Members of the Americanization School Association, teachers from the Americanization School and friends from the Board of Education, Naturalization Bureau, Americanism committee of the D. A. R. and other organizations of the city will meet at this dinner.

CENTRAL BUSINESS MEN'S GROUP DINES

Senator Bulow, of South Dakota, Lauds Economic Situation of City.

Senator William J. Bulow, of South Dakota, was the guest of honor and speaker last night at a banquet and ball given by the Central Business Men's Association at the Burlington Hotel, 1120 Vermont avenue northwest.

The program opened with a dinner, followed by speakers prominent in Washington civic and business circles. Arthur Clarendon Smith acted as toastmaster.

An address of welcome was made by Maj. R. S. Hudgins, following which George W. Offutt, president of the Washington Board of Trade, spoke on the advantages of living in the Nation's Capital.

Washington, Mr. Offutt declared, has felt the current depression less than any city throughout the country. He pointed out that this city receives a yearly revenue from the tourist trade, which is constantly flowing here from all sections of the United States.

Senator Bulow, in a brief talk, declared that Washington business men were in the heart of the most prosperous spot in the country. Merchants, he said, realize a steadier income here than all other sections.

The program closed with dancing and an entertainment featuring Jack Mullane's Revue and the Y. M. C. A. Glee Club.

Bal Boheme Fixtures To Be Sold for Needy

To augment the unemployment fund from the Arts Club Bal Boheme, there will be opened today at the Arts Club, and continued through the following three days, a salvage sale of the decorations and pageant properties used for the ball.

The 100 unique and brilliantly colored fish which formed the main feature of decoration of the ballroom, and the hand colored lamp shades are among the articles which will be sold to increase the fund.

Gen. Crowder Reported Improved.

Havana, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Gen. Enoch Crowder, American soldier-diplomat who was taken seriously ill several days ago, was better today although he is not yet out of danger, his doctor said.

VICKS COUGH DROP

... All you've hoped for in a Cough Drop—medicated with ingredients of VICKS VAPORUB

An achievement in value!

53 Individual

Fine Coats

At less than actual cost to us!

2 were $69.75 ..... Now $34.88
Size 14, 18

2 were $85.00 ..... Now $42.50
Size 14, 18

2 were $98.75 ..... Now $49.38
Size 16, 38

4 were $125.00 ..... Now $62.50
Size 12, 14, 42

11 were $139.75 ..... Now $69.88
Size 16, 18, 36, 38, 43½

12 were $169.75 ..... Now $84.88
Size 12, 14, 16, 20, 36, 42

9 were $198.75 ..... Now $99.38
Size 14, 16, 18

Mostly Black Trimmed With Luxurious Furs. All Sales Final.

.Erlebacher.

TWELVE-TEN TWELVE-TWELVE F STREET

"Where Statesmen Dine" . . . where ELKS and their families are always more than welcome!

HOTEL OCCIDENTAL

congratulates

B. P. O. E.

on its

Fiftieth Anniversary

Gus Buchholz & Son, Prop.

ILE·DE·FRANCE

SUPERB French cooking . . . English-speaking stewards . . . de luxe express service direct to France and England.

French Line

FEB. 17th

SAILS 12.05 A. M.

JAS. F. NOLAN, General Agent
1429 Eye Street N.W., Washington, D. C. Telephone Metropolitan 1440

Valentine's Day

February 14th

WHAT *are miles or minutes* on this day when romance rules? No matter where *she is* . . . no matter where you are, Gude's Flowers are everywhere. There's still time to telegraph a bouquet of bright blossoms.

Our Florists' Telegraph Delivery Service will serve as your messenger to deliver the most appropriate Valentine—FLOWERS!

Wife!

Mother!

Sweetheart!

SEND a basket or bouquet of Gude's Flowers to your wife, mother or sweetheart. Long-stemmed roses, a snug little corsage, a blithe bouquet of sweet-peas or violets will convey genuine admiration.

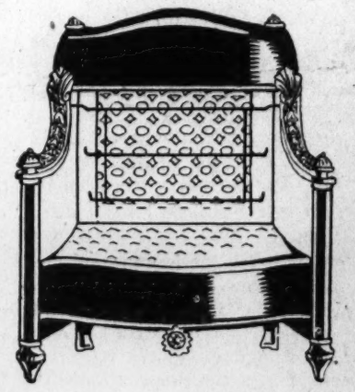
Gude's

Members of Florist Telegraph Delivery Service

Main Flower Shop: 1212 F Street N.W.
Telephones, NAtional 4276-4277-4278

Three Branch Flower Shops at
1124 Conn. Ave. DEcatur 3146 — 3103 14th St. N.W. COlumbia 3103 — 5016 Conn. Ave. EMerson 1226

NEW LOW PRICES



On

RADIANTFIRE HEATERS

WERE $20--NOW $12

Everyone knows the comfort and convenience of these efficient heaters. Here's your chance to own one at a tremendous saving.

For a few pennies, one of these Radiantfires will keep a whole room warm all day. Use it as an auxiliary to your heating system. Or use it on mild days—let your furnace go out and so save fuel.

The Radiantfire is portable, highly efficient, and economical to operate. Made in a variety of finishes and in three sizes. All are drastically reduced—the most popular size marked down to $12 from its former $20 price. See them today while this special offer lasts.

MODERNIZE with Gas

WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY
413 10th St. N.W.—910 H St. N.E.—3310 14th St. N.W.

GEORGETOWN GAS LIGHT COMPANY
1339 Wisconsin Ave. *5632 Connecticut Ave.*

Read The Post's New Classified Ads

The Washington Post.

THE WASHINGTON POST CO.
Washington, D. C.
EDWARD B. McLEAN,
President and Publisher.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Washington Post is a member of the Associated Press, receiving the complete service of the world's greatest news-gathering organization.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Delivered by Carrier in Washington.

Daily, Sunday included, one year	$8.40
Daily, Sunday excepted, one year	6.00
Sunday only, one year	2.60
Daily, Sunday included, one month	.70
Daily, Sunday excepted, one month	.50
Sunday only, one month (with four Sundays)	.20
Sunday only, one month (with five Sundays)	.25

BY MAIL, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
Maryland and Virginia.

Daily and Sunday	Sunday Only.	Daily Only.
One year...$10.00	One year.. $4.00	One year.. $7.00
Six months 5.00	Six months 2.00	Six months 3.50
One month .85	One month .40	One month .60

ALL OTHER STATES.
(Mexico and Canada, Incl.)

Daily and Sunday	Sunday Only.	Daily Only.
One year..$12.00	One year.. $5.00	One year.. $8.00
Six months 6.00	Six months 2.50	Six months 4.00
One month 1.00	One month .50	One month .75

All Subscriptions by Mail Payable in Advance.

New subscriptions for The Post or renewals will not be accepted unless payment accompanies the order. Remittance should be made by drafts, checks, postoffice orders, registered letters or express orders, payable to The Washington Post Co.

Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

National Advertising Representative—PAUL BLOCK and Associates, Park-Lexington Building, New York; Palmolive Building, Chicago; Little Building, Boston; General Motors Building, Detroit; Guarantee Trust Building, Philadelphia; Russ Building, San Francisco; 236 South Hill St., Los Angeles.

Friday, February 12, 1932.

RELEASING IDLE GOLD.

President Hoover's Federal Reserve measure announced yesterday may be the most important factor yet employed to turn the tide of depression. Experts concede that it may be more far-reaching in its effect upon the finances and business of the country than the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. This measure will release, as no other measure could, the unused credit assets of the United States. The manner in which the stock market reacted to this news from Washington indicates that the constructive influence of President Hoover's latest plan will reach throughout the industrial structure of the country.

The anomalous situation existing in the Federal Reserve banks has not been generally realized by the public. Hoarding has given rise to a shortage of currency, while the gold coverage of Federal Reserve notes has mounted to nearly 80 per cent. The law requires only a 40 per cent gold reserve against such currency. Apparently the country has been limping along on a fraction of the currency and credit that may be used without in any way jeopardizing the soundness of American banks and money.

It is estimated that the proposed bill will increase the Federal Reserve system's free gold by nearly $1,000,000,000. That gold has been lying unused in bank vaults. The banks could not make use of it for the issuance of currency because they do not have enough commercial paper to supplement their gold reserve. Business is at a low ebb. The demand for commercial loans is extremely small in comparison with what it is in normal times. Furthermore, many large commercial institutions now finance their own operations, and therefore do not use bank credit. These factors have combined to create a dearth of commercial paper which the banks might use along with their gold reserves for the issuance of currency. The proposed measure would allow Federal Reserve Banks to use other assets acquired under the present law as collateral for Federal Reserve notes, and would broaden the rediscount privilege.

This plan can not properly be referred to as inflation. It will not decrease the total volume of sound assets and gold that stand as a guarantee of American currency. But it will allow the banks to make use of their excessive gold reserves that are now lying idle. More currency will be available for circulation and hoarding will be discouraged. As money returns to the normal channels of finance and trade, credit will be strengthened and business stimulated.

The existence of a larger volume of money should cause the dollar to seek its natural level once more. At present the dollar is worth far more in terms of commodities than it was three years ago. So long as the value of the dollar continues to rise in comparison with commodity values, there is a tendency to hoard money rather than spend it. Business deals are postponed, and the machinery of commerce is clogged.

As soon as money and credit become more available, the opposite tendency should be manifested. Commodity prices should rise. Rising prices stimulate business, because every one wants to buy at the lowest possible figure. The net result of this measure should be, therefore, a general stimulation of business throughout the country.

Apparently this measure has support from both parties in Congress, with the exception of a few snipers on the sidelines. The Democratic leaders have shown a commendable spirit of cooperation in temporarily sidetracking the Glass bill in favor of this more constructive banking measure. It is to be hoped that Congress will immediately respond to this leadership and enact the bill into law so that the present enthusiasm over the measure may be translated into actual credit before an undertow of pessimism sets in.

There is no doubt that this plan has already struck an effective blow at the forces of depression. It has made the public realize that a crisis over credit is inconsistent when American banks are bulging with gold. The plan to put this gold to work in the interests of the people sent a sudden wave of optimism throughout the country. This response suggests that recovery, once it is under way, may be much more rapid than any one now contemplates.

LINCOLN AND HOOVER.

In celebrating Lincoln's birthday today few admirers will project him into the atmosphere which surrounded the White House 68 years ago. With the passing of the years since those perilous times Lincoln has attained a stature which few of his associates ascribed to him. This does not mean that his greatness is exaggerated today, but that the people of his time did not have a clear picture of the momentous forces that he was directing nor of the calamity that might have resulted if he had failed.

Lincoln won the Presidency in 1860 because of a split in the Democratic party. Millions of American citizens considered him incompetent for that position. Although the world now recognizes Lincoln's genius in handling a most baffling situation, it was not apparent to the public while he was in the White House. His patience was mistaken for weakness; his moderation for lack of ability. Today it is astonishing to read that distinguished men denounced him as a "political huckster" and a traitor, and called him almost every other vile name that politicians' tongues can frame. No President was ever more foully abused than was Lincoln.

The Civil War was not ended with dispatch as most of the people expected. Lincoln was blamed for each new failure of the Union Army. In the midterm elections about a half dozen prominent States which had supported him returned antiadministration majorities. Then in those dark days of his second presidential campaign a group of Republican insurgents turned against him and nominated Gen. Fremont. Efforts were made to induce members of his Cabinet to run against him, and one plot to swing away from him a strong faction of the party all but succeeded. At the same time the Democrats were pleading with the electorate to oust Lincoln and vote for Gen. McClellan on a platform of compromise with the rebellious South.

In that perilous hour Lincoln was the most maligned man in the world. A pall of gloom hung over the country. New taxes had to be levied, and Lincoln issued a call for 500,000 more volunteers. For every new burden arising out of the war Lincoln was blamed. All the agony of fratricidal war was attributed to his policies. But Lincoln held fast to his purpose, and won.

When these events are recalled their similarity with the present situation is striking. President Hoover is a mark for ignorant mudslingers who are not aware of the situation with which he must cope. He has been the victim of insurgent treachery and of widespread misrepresentation. But the President holds fast to his course of stimulating economic recovery on the solid foundation of private initiative, and will not compromise with socialism.

The problems with which Lincoln dealt were entirely different from those which now confront the country. The personalities of President Lincoln and President Hoover offer many sharp contrasts. But the situations in which each was enmeshed in leading this country through a crisis are remarkably similar. When the political fog has cleared away from the present era in American history it is highly probable that the stature of Herbert Hoover, as an American leader, will overshadow any estimate that the public now makes of his achievements.

A BLUNDERING AMENDMENT.

Apparently the House is ready to vote in favor of the so-called "lame duck" amendment to the Constitution proposed by Senator Norris and already approved by the Senate. The approval of three-fourths of the States would make this amendment a part of the Constitution.

Although Congress may be willing to adopt this amendment, it is safe to say that it will not be ratified by three-fourths of the States.

Public discussion of the amendment is invariably confined to the proposition that "lame duck" sessions of Congress should be abolished. Since this amendment accomplishes that purpose, no further study is given to it.

The proposed amendment, however, changes the term of the President, as well as the term of Congress, and by failure to allow sufficient time between the organization of Congress and the date of inauguration of a President the way is opened for a vacancy in the Presidency.

It is proposed that the term of Congress shall begin on January 4 every second year. The term of the President is made to begin on January 24. Members of a new Congress would take their seats two months after the November election. The House would be expected to organize and be ready to join the Senate in opening and canvassing the electoral vote and declaring the result before January 24, the date of inauguration.

Deadlocks in the election of a Speaker have sometimes prevented the House from organizing for two months or more. Under the proposed amendment, a deadlock in organizing the House would make it impossible for Congress to ascertain by Inauguration Day who had been elected President of the United States. There can be no holdover President. Hence the country would be without a President until Congress could act.

This amendment is a good example of the blunders that can be committed in an attempt to work reform. In trying to do away with "lame ducks," Senator Norris' amendment would open the door to possible disaster.

The House should either amend the Norris amendment or kill it. Congress should not thrust upon State Legislatures the duty of safeguarding the country against the danger of a vacancy in the White House.

FRANCE FEELS THE PINCH.

The stocks of French gold in other countries, which at one time seemed to menace the monetary stability of those nations in case France should suddenly withdraw her balances, no longer offer as great a threat as they did, and to the United States none at all. The unprecedented gold shipments to France last fall caused temporary uneasiness in financial circles until official figures from the Federal Reserve authorities showed conclusively that the entire gold holdings of France in New York could be delivered immediately without jeopardizing the American gold standard.

At present a lesser series of withdrawals of French gold is in progress, but this time it is not due to European alarm, either real or feigned, regarding the permanency of the American gold standard, as was the case following British abandonment of gold. The depression, which had spared France to the last among important nations, hit that nation last year with an adverse trade balance that showed an excess of merchandise imports over exports of nearly 12,000,000,000 francs, or about $462,000,000. Deflation throughout the world finally managed to overcome the handicap that resulted from the stabilization of the franc at about 20 per cent of its former value.

Due to the heavy adverse trade balance France finds it necessary to draw upon her funds abroad, but with the result, owing to trade debits, that the call for the last $100,000,000 during recent weeks resulted in only $50,000,000 in gold being shipped to Paris. On this basis France might recall her entire gold balances in New York and London, amounting to about $700,000,000, at a loss to the foreign balances of not more than half that sum in actual gold. France has suffered another important loss in the reduced number of tourists last year and in the smaller amounts of gold left by those who did travel abroad. Instead of 4,000,000 visitors, as in 1929, there were only 1,200,000 in 1931, and they spent 50 per cent less per capita.

International financiers see in the present withdrawal of French gold balances abroad the necessity of utilizing these reserves as an offset to mounting trade deficits, with the inevitable result that French power to control gold movements has been materially lessened. Nearly two billions in gold have gravitated to Paris since 1928, but it is her own money that France is now calling in, and this situation indicates a decided curb in the financial influence that France will exert abroad. The French gold balances in this country are an unstable factor whose complete removal will doubtless be welcomed by the banks. The present position of France is believed to indicate that she passed the peak of her political, economic and financial power last year.

The Constitution should be amended to read that Federal judges named by the President should be confirmed by the Senate with the consent of organized labor.

Trading is reported to be dull in England. The dullness does not extend, however, to London's delegates to the arms conference.

Politicians now use the radio to sway the people. That explains why some broadcasts sound microphoney.

VETERANS' AFFAIRS

From the New York Times.

A single agency in Washington, the Veterans' Administration, spends more than one-fourth of all the funds used by the Federal Government. In the estimates submitted to Congress by the President this bureau is allotted $1,072,064,527 for the fiscal year which begins next June, out of a total of approximately $4,000,000,000 in the budget. Aside from payment of principal and interest on the national debt, the Veterans' Administration now spends $10 for every $17 spent for all other purposes of government, including national defense, law enforcement, farm relief, public works and the entire administrative overhead of 10 departments and 32 independent offices. Its budget for next year is 40 per cent larger than the whole expenditure of the Federal Government for any peace-time year before the war.

Apparently because they believe that it is either useless or politically inexpedient to discuss the question, most advocates of economy in Washington have avoided reference to this agency, though its expenditures have become the pivotal factor in the Federal budget. An exception must be noted in the case of the special committee of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. This organization has published a report which urges reexamination of the expenditures for veterans' relief, in order to ascertain whether economies are not possible. As a case in point it cites the legislation adopted by Congress in 1930, authorizing the payment of "disability allowances" to veterans on account of accidents or illnesses in no way whatever connected with service in the war. Under this act, 229,568 awards were made last year and $29,700,000 was disbursed. As the Veterans' Administration itself states in its current report, the most significant feature of this legislation is that it represents a departure "from the basic theory of service connection as a prerequisite to the payment of compensation for disabling injury or disease."

Veterans who owe their misfortunes to war service are entitled to generous consideration at the Government's hands. But this does not mean that Congress has always shown good judgment in the past or that an appropriaton which now amounts to more than a billion dollars need be talked about in whispers. The committee is surely right when it urges that in the face of the greatest peace-time deficit in history every item in the budget should be discussed frankly and disposed of on its merits.

In Danger of Overloading. (Copyright, 1932.)

POST HASTE.

When is a war not a war is becoming an acute question in Shanghai.

After all those dormant centuries China is experiencing the birth of a national spirit that will change the history of Asia.

Before Japan finishes "protecting her nationals" she will wish she had let the sleeping dogs of war at Shanghai lie, and been satisfied with sewing up Manchuria.

As was to be expected, Secretary Hurley's report on the disastrous economic effects of independence upon the Philippines does not agree with the ideas of the native politicians who want to assume control.

Senator Johnson proposes a law to prohibit the sale here of the securities of any nation that is in default. It is not necessary just now, but financial memories are short.

Germany isn't in the Shanghai conflict, officially, but with German instructors on both sides it is a much more equal fight.

However, it is French shipments of war supplies to Japan that revives rumors of a possible Paris-Tokyo secret treaty. Confirmation of it would be a real bombshell for Geneva.

Representative Patman ought to resign from a Congress that refuses to impeach Andrew Mellon—but he won't.

Give the stock market credit for knowing another effective credit relief measure when it sees it.

The antihoarding campaign is being aided by numerous instances in which the sugar bowl savings account has been withdrawn recently by unauthorized parties.

When the Soviet representative proposes total and immediate disarmament, he makes the other liars at the Geneva conference look like mere politicians.

PAUL HUDSON.

Army Emasculation.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

Concerning the proposal further to emasculate the Army of the United States, seriously advanced in the present session of Congress, Representative Snell, Republican floor leader, has said: "This is no time to be crippling our Army. The sentiment of the House is undoubtedly against any wholesale reductions in the Army. I do not believe that we ought to be impairing the efficiency of our national defense at this time."

The Washington Post strongly supports this view and is not sparing in its denunciation of the Democratic bill to trim down this arm of the national defense. It characterizes the measure as "reeking with irony," considering the times and the flare of war in the Orient.

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Remembered still! Along the years
His gentle influence appears,
And where for truth men dare to strive
Is martyred Lincoln still alive,
Calm, patient, tender and as bold
As in the troubled days of old.

Not many men outlive their years!
Not oft the finished soul appears!
Not oft a Lincoln comes to earth
Through the obscurity of birth
To reach that pinnacle sublime
That towers above both death and time.

Most of us with the last quick breath
Into oblivion go with death,
And soon remembered are no more.
But Lincoln, greater than before,
To faltering hope and weakening will,
Remains an inspiration still!

(Copyright, 1932.)

If You Rent a Car, It Is Childish to Weep When You Must Return It

By ROBERT QUILLEN

DEBT reveals character as nothing else can.

Hidden meanness, unfairness, selfishness and stupidity, unknown and unsuspected through all the years of easy credit and soft living, come snarling and sniveling into the open on pay day.

That is a side of the story seldom told.

Literature is full of Shylocks who get their unholy profits by stealing the humble homes of widows and orphans, but nobody is fair enough to tell how many times Shylock is defrauded of his money. Literature must appeal to the crowd, and borrowers are more numerous than lenders.

Far too much maudlin sympathy is wasted on people who are required to pay their debts.

You hear that Bill Jones and his family are about to lose their home. A year ago they borrowed money and gave a mortgage on their house as security. Now the lender threatens to foreclose and take the property if he isn't paid.

How the Joneses revile him! He is a cruel and a heartless brute. He is a sharper and a crook. He is stealing their property. And they will hate him so long as they live.

But do not mingle your tears with theirs until you examine the facts.

Shylock loaned them the money in good faith. It was his money. Getting it had cost him much effort. Each dollar of it meant as much to him as to anybody else.

They promised to pay it back. They intended to be honest. But the money was spent for a car and now the car is worn out.

Even if they had the money to pay the loan, they would pay reluctantly and feel misused by Fate. It is hard to pay for benefits long forgotten. It seems unjust.

But all Shylock demands is what belongs to him. He wants his money back. Perhaps the property won't bring enough, in these hard times, to repay the loan. In any case, he must spend considerable time, endure much annoyance and suffer hurt to his reputation merely to get back the money that rightfully belongs to him.

What do the Joneses want? Do they wish to defraud him of his money? Do they expect him to play Santa Claus and give it to them?

They got the benefit of the money. They spent it. Now let them replace it, if it takes their shirts.

And let Europe in like manner pay back the money taken from American pockets. The man who deserves sympathy on pay day is the one who has a hard time getting what belongs to him.

(Copyright, 1932.)

PRO AND CON

Press Comment Upon Acts and Actors in the Great American Show, "Politics."

Al Smith's Candidacy.

Boston Transcript.

If Alfred E. Smith has, for once, made a political mistake, it is in supposing that he could make formal announcement that he would accept the Democratic presidential nomination if the convention saw fit to give it to him and not bring about the result against which he now so excitedly protests. Massachusetts prepares instantly to swing to him. His friends in other New England States, in Pennsylvania, Illinois, New Jersey, even in New York, and elsewhere will strive either to elect delegates pledged to him or such as may be depended on to vote for him in the convention until he releases them. The Roosevelt men are warranted in their alarm, for true neutrality would consist of silence, of giving the governor of his own State every opportunity to secure pledged delegates and make his position solid. The inevitable effect of the Smith statement is to cause every delegate who might otherwise turn to Roosevelt as the harmonious Democratic hope to refuse to pledge himself, to leap at the chance to renominate the standard bearer of 1928, and to this important extent check the growing strength of Mr. Roosevelt.

Garner Gets Attention.

Houston Post.

The availability of Speaker John N. Garner for the Democratic nomination for President has been emphasized more strongly than ever by the announcement of former Gov. Al Smith that he will accept the nomination if the convention tenders it to him. The opinion that Garner's chances of winning the nomination have been measurably improved by the introduction of Smith into the contest is now being expressed by political observers all over the country.

Reconstruction Bonds.

Schenectady Union-Star.

Just as in war we all bought Liberty bonds, and the money we invested was spent by a war finance board, which was charged with the job of getting the war finished up as quickly as possible, so now the public will be asked to subscribe to reconstruction finance bonds to get the present crisis over with as quickly as possible. The bonds which will be issued are Government bonds, backed to the utmost by the Federal Government. The money that will be in the hands of the corporation will be loaned under suitable terms to railroads and other lines of business to enable them to meet their obligations. What it means to you and me is that as soon as this money is available, our life insurance and our savings bank deposits will be secured again by rail bonds that are worth their value and that pay the dividends on which we rely for our protection. It is going to have a reassuring effect. It will put a firm footing under the financial structure.

Smith Leads the "Anti" Drive.

Kansas City Times.

There are two theories of Al Smith's real purpose in making his political announcement. One is that he actually hopes he may win the nomination and election; the other that he has no illusions, but that he wants to have his name used to stop Gov. Roosevelt.

There is reason to believe that he harbors both ideas, but at different times. In one mood he convinces himself that a man who received 15,000,000 votes in a presidential election is still his party's idol and that he is a real contender. In the other mood he recognizes the cold actualities, believes he has no prospect of the nomination, but is willing to do what he can in the effort to block the Roosevelt movement because of an irreconcilable split with the governor.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Citizen Hopes Washington's Advice Against Foreign Entanglements Will Be Emphasized This Year.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Ever since the close of the recent war in Europe, in which we unfortunately became involved, I have been deeply interested in the forceful stand The Post has taken against our entanglements in the political affairs of Europe. This is bicentennial year, in which great efforts will be put forth throughout the Nation to honor the birthday of George Washington, the great statesman and first President of the United States. In the celebration that is to take place in Washington's honor, I am wondering whether the people of this country will not pause long enough to remember Washington's "safe and sane" advice in his Farewell Address, wherein he strongly urged this country to shun all political entanglements with Europe. Are we not so entangled now? We certainly are. And what has caused it?

I trust that The Post will continue its sledge-hammer blows against our further involvement in European entanglements. I feel that the first duty of our country now is to get out of our unnecessary mix-up with other countries. What has become of the Declaration of Independence our forefathers made? Didn't Washington approve of that instrument? Are we independent now, as contemplated by that document? I trust that the exercises that will be observed throughout the country during this bicentennial period will make more and more emphatic that sage advice of the immortal Washington, wherein he urged our avoidance of entangling alliances with other nations.

We have in America a Nation composed of 48 States leagued together by our national Constitution. Isn't this league sufficient for us? The politicians, church people, and women's organizations, who are infatuated with the wabbling league and court of Europe, should take up their residence near those ideals across the sea where they may have full enjoyment of them. I cannot believe that our Nation will enter that European League or its subservient court. Let us keep away from them and attend to our own national business on this side of the Atlantic. Let us hold fast to our dearly-bought liberties. JOHN R. WEATHERS.

No Censorship of Letters in Japan; The Censor Himself Says So.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Concurrent with the excitement and confusion of the turmoil in the Far East, representations by both belligerent parties, as might be expected, are doubtless grossly exaggerated, which makes it very difficult for us at this distance to see things in their correct proportions. Living in the Orient, and having a more or less intimate knowledge of both peoples would make it much easier to see through the haze of charges and denials, but this privilege has been denied most of us. Perhaps the following incident, reported by personal friends as having actually happened, will give some intimation as to which reports should have the larger share of "salt."

Two American women, one living in Japan and the other in Formosa, were corresponding with one another quite regularly a few years ago. The one in Japan, in writing to her friend in Formosa, mentioned in her letter that she would like to write concerning some late political affairs, but that she considered it unwise to do so for fear that her letters were being censored by the Japanese Government and it might cause trouble, or at least unpleasantness.

The letter was mailed in the morning, and in the afternoon of that same day a Japanese official, dressed in a long frock coat and topped with a tall, shiny silk hat, called on her and, with great seriousness and dignity, assured her that the Japanese Government never censored any of the letters of the foreigners.

C. R. K.

Insurance Against War Necessary in Form of Adequate Armament.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I cannot understand how any person who has the interest of his country at heart can advocate such a thing as disarmament, particularly at this time when trouble looms in the East and practically the whole world is jealous of our financial standing.

It has been thoroughly proved that the League of Nations and various treaties are merely idle gestures, or scraps of paper in the eyes of the Japanese war lords. Simply because we have laws which make certain acts illegal is no justification for discarding the police department. The same principle applies to preparedness. I do not believe in overtaxing the citizens for the purpose of creating a vast military machine, but I do believe in being prepared to the extent that we can meet any emergency that might arise. It is all right to talk peace, but the best way to insure it is to be prepared. Here is hoping that we will never again be caught unprepared.

C. O. PARSONS.

A Momentous Question Propounded to Brother Upshaw, of Georgia.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The Post today quotes former Representative William D. Upshaw, ardent Georgia dry, as saying, before the Senate committee:

"Liquor will make a Democrat think like a Republican. It will make a Democrat smell like a Republican."

Does liquor also make a Democrat vote like a Republican? Does this statement of the honorable gentleman explain why so many ostensible Democrats voted the Republican ticket in 1928? "We pause for a reply."

HUGH B. ROSSELL.

PROGRESS PLEASES OFFICIALS OF CHEST

Number of Pledges Are Being Made Direct; $911 So Received Yesterday.

Community Chest Standing

Received yesterday	$911.00
Previously reported	$2,409,651.84
Total to date	$2,410,562.84
Campaign goal	$2,601,000.00
Still needed	$190,437.16

Gifts may be left at Community Chest headquarters, 223 Investment Building.

Community Chest officials yesterday expressed gratification at the number of pledges that are coming to Chest headquarters by mail and by personal delivery. Yesterday's receipts from this source amounted to $911.00, bringing the total to date to $2,410,562.84 and leaving the Chest still short $190,437.16 of its campaign goal of $2,601,000.

"While the amount received is not so large, we are highly gratified at the responses that are coming in response to the appeal in the newspapers," Elwood street director of the Chest, said. "It shows that Washingtonians are realizing their duty to their fellow men, and that when the needs of these thousands of people are presented to them, they are willing to respond.

Additional Gifts Gratifying.

"Especially gratifying are the additional gifts being received from people who, although they had already pledged to the Chest for 1932, felt that they could do still more, and are sending in additional pledges or checks. The Chest can use every penny and could use even more than the campaign goal, which was arbitrarily fixed before a definite knowledge of the seriousness of the unemployment situation was fully obtained.

"With the Associated Charities, Salvation Army and other family organizations reporting decided increases in the demands for aid, every penny that comes in by mail or personal visit will be appreciated and will be needed to meet cases of absolute need."

Additional Pledges Made.

Among the new and additional pledges received yesterday were the following:

Ten dollars, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Adams, Frances F. Anderson; $2, ananymous; $1, anonymous; $100, Samuel S. Bond; $10, Jane M. Bradley; $300, H. Fr. Bueblin; $20, Josephine Burke; $5, Mary Stone Chapman; $2, Ruth A. Clough; $10, C. F. Cole; $5, Martha L. Collins, Oleta A. Costello; $100, Walter E. Edge; $75, G. M. Emmerich; $10, Joseph L. Gammell; $3, Andrew Glynn; $5, Eva Hazard; $50, Ralph J. M. D. Haws; $10, Mary J. Holdeman; $25, Minta G. Howe; $10, Lora Johnson; $25, Ethel B. Ketcham; $20, Morris & Eagan Co.; $5, G. E. Muth; $3, Clifford Napper; $5, J. O. Pace; $10, Jennie D. Parrott; $5, E. A. Passagno; $10, Mrs. Dorothy S. Pierson, Joseph B. Stein, Mrs. A. W. Thompson, Elizabeth W. Trescot; $5, Mrs. L. W. Wallace; $20, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whiteman; $5, Mrs. D. E. Winstead.

2 Boys Killed by Train And Another Is Injured

Special to The Washington Post.

Clarksburg, W. Va., Feb. 11—Several hours after two youths were ground to death by a Baltimore & Ohio passenger train a mile and a half west of Lumberport today, John Backus, a farmer of Browa, identified their bodies at a Shinnston morgue as being those of his son, Clair, 17 and Paul Flowers, 14, of Dola. Backus was mystified over why the boys were walking the track at that time. The coroner and State police are investigating.

His right foot cut off by a freight train on which he was riding "blind baggage," Dennis Bissett, 19, of Tunnelton, crawled a mile to the home of Ora Wall, at the Buckhorn Wall to seek aid late last night. He is in a critical condition in a Grafton hospital.

Hoover to Address Nation In Lincoln Study Tonight

Radio Speech Will Be Heard Throughout Country as High Point of 123d Anniversary of Martyr's Birth; Other Observances Here.

In this city, where Abraham Lincoln lived as President and where he was assassinated, the anniversary of the 123d anniversary of his birth will be observed with a Nation-wide radio broadcast at 10:30 o'clock tonight from President Hoover, and numerous ceremonies throughout the morning, afternoon and evening.

One of the interesting features of the day's program will be the opening of the new Lincoln Museum in the Ford's Theater Building on Tenth street, between E and F streets northwest, where the Civil War President was fatally shot. The museum contains thousands of relics relating to Abraham Lincoln, marking milestones in his life from the cradle to the grave.

President Hoover will make his address from the famous Lincoln study at the White House. The address will be heard at the first annual Lincoln Day dinner to be held at 7:30 o'clock by the National Capital Republican Club, at the Willard Hotel. The President will be introduced by Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord. Senator James Watson, of Indiana; Mrs. Alvin T. Hert, vice chairman of the Republican national committee; Ray Lyman Wilbur, Secretary of Interior, and Senator Henry D. Hatfield, of West Virginia, will also be heard on the radio program.

President Hoover's address will be heard at each of several score Lincoln Day dinners to be held in all parts of the country by Republican clubs and organizations. In addition to Washington, dinners will be held in New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, Portland, Me.; Evansville, Ind.; Louisville, Ky.; St. Louis, Duluth, Minn.; Seattle, Wash.; Oklahoma City, Okla.; Greensboro, N. C., and Miami, Fla., at which speeches will be delivered by prominent members of the administration.

In introducing President Hoover, Gen. Harbord will speak from the dinner of the National Republican Club at New York at which he will be toastmaster.

Exercises at Memorial.

At noon today the District Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States will conduct a ceremony at the Lincoln Memorial. Senator Hiram Bingham, of Connecticut, will deliver an address, and appropriate music will be rendered by the Marine Band. A wreath will be laid at the memorial on behalf of President Hoover by Commander Gale A. Poindexter, U. S. N.

Another wreath will be placed by Maj. Donald A. Davison, Acting Engineer Commissioner, on behalf of the District Commissioners. National and commandery colors of the legion will be escorted by a detail of soldiers, marines and coast guardsmen. Representatives of about 40 organizations will take part in the ceremony. After the exercises the new Lincoln Museum will be visited.

The following organizations represented by delegations presenting wreaths and bearing their own colors will take part in the exercises: American Gold Star Mothers; Lincoln Post, No. 17, the American Legion; Department of the District of Columbia, American Legion Auxiliary; American Women's Legion; District of Columbia Chapter, the American Red Cross; Aztec Club of 1847; District of Columbia Council, Boy Scouts of America; Capital Society, Children of the American Revolution; District of Columbia Society, Dames of the Loyal Legion; National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution; District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey Tent No. 1, Daughters of Union Veterans of the Civil War; Disabled American Veterans of the World War; District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs; Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic; Kallapolis Grotto, National Society, Beck Circle, No. 4, U. S. Grant Circle, No. 1, and Abraham Lincoln Circle, No. 3, Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic.

District of Columbia Chapter, Military Order of the World War; National Patriotic Council; National Commandry, Naval and Military Order of the Spanish-American War; Order of Indian Wars of the United States; National Society and District of Columbia Society, Sons of the American Revolution; William B. Cushing Camp, No. 30, and Lincoln Camp, No. 2, Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War; Spanish-American War Nurses; Department of the District of Columbia, United Spanish War Veterans and Auxiliaries; Vaughan Bible Class of Calvary Baptist Church; Department of Potomac, Lincoln Corps, No. 6, Sheridan Corps, No. 12, and Burnside Corps, No. 4, Woman's Relief Corps, Grand Army of the Republic.

Republican Club Dinner.

The principal speakers at the Lincoln Day dinner of the National Capital Republican Club will be given by Secretary of the Interior Ray Lyman Wilbur, Senator James E. Watson, of Indiana, and Mrs. Edward Everett Gann.

An entertainment program, consisting of performers now appearing at Washington theaters, will be presented by Mrs Dorothy DeMuth Watson. Mrs. Florence Sindell will sing "The Star-Spangled Banner," and music will be furnished by the Leon Brusiloff orchestra. Senator Hatfield will act as toastmaster. Representative Arthur M. Free, of California, and Mrs. Frank W. Mondell, head the reception committee. Bishop William F. McDowell, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, will offer the invocation.

Among those invited to attend are: Andrew W. Mellon, former Secretary of the Treasury, newly appointed Ambassador to England; Ogden L. Mills, newly appointed Secretary of the Treasury; William N. Doak, Secretary of Labor, and William R. Castle, Acting Secretary of State.

Senator Arthur Capper, Representative and Mrs. Charles D. Millard, Representative T. C. Cochran, William Hull, Richard S. Aldrich, J. C. McLaughlin, C. E. Swanson, Fred C. Gilchrist and James S. Parker; William R. Castle, Undersecretry of State; F. Trubee Davison, Assistant Secretary of War; Ferry K. Heath, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Mr. and Mrs. Roy Saint Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Arch Coleman, and Joseph M. Dixon, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

McKinley High Pageant.

A 22-episode pageant will be presented at McKinley High School, beginning at 8 o'clock this evening, by the District of Columbia Council of the Boy Scouts. Written and arranged by W. E. Longfellow, the pageant will depict outstanding events in the boyhood and manhood of Lincoln, and will show in various instances how he was influenced by the career of George Washington.

The Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, will hold exercises at 8 o'clock tonight at the First Congregational Church, Tenth and G streets northwest. Also taking part in this ceremony will be the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War, Ladies of the G. A. R. Woman's Relief Corps, and the Daughters of Union Veterans of the Civil War. Addresses will be made by Lieut. Col. U. S. Grant 3d, grandson of the Union general; Senator Samuel M. Shortridge, of California, and Representative Homer W. Hall, of Illinois.

A Lincoln patriotic meeting will be held by the Berean class of the Fifth Baptist Church, of which the Rev. John E. Briggs is pastor, at 8:15 o'clock tonight. Former Representative William D. Upshaw, of Georgia, will speak on "Tom Thumb and Uncle Sam," in which he will illustrate his points with lessons drawn from the life of Lincoln. The speaker, who is president of the National Christian Citizenship Foundation, will be introduced by Senator Henry D. Hatfield, of West Virginia.

Curley Club Yuletide Party.

A Lincoln birthday valentine party will be held at 8:15 o'clock tonight in the main ballroom of the Continental Hotel by the Curley Club, of Washington. Lieut. Col. William L. Peak, superintendent of the District Jail and president of the Archdiocesan Union of the Holy Name Societies, will be the principal speaker. Mgr. Eugene J. Connelly, of St. Peter's Church, will also speak. Miss Grace Mary Colliflower and Arthur Bradley will give recitations, Mrs. Estelle Hunt Dean and Joseph Hornsby will sing and Prof. John W. Hart will give piano selections.

Senator James E. Watson will address the Mu-So-Lit Club at 9 o'clock this evening at the club headquarters, 1327 R street northwest. Dantes Bellegarde, Haitian Minister, will speak at the club on Frederick Douglass. An entertainment program will follow the speeches.

John Byers, secretary to Representative William R. Johnston, of Freeport, Ill., and a member of the speaking group of Senator Simeon D. Fess, of Ohio, will deliver a Lincoln address at Warren, Ohio, before the county Republican organization tomorrow night.

KENTUCKIANS BEAT THEM, SCRIBES SAY

Two From New York Seeking to Aid Needy Miners Attacked, Is Claim.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Two members of a group of New York writers who went into the Kentucky coal fields to distribute food and clothes among needy miners came here today with bruised heads and stories of beatings and deportation from the town of Pineville, but officials of that community discounted their reports.

Waldo Frank, New York novelist, confined to his hotel room here with a bandaged head and suffering from what Dr. E. R. Zemp, of Knoxville, diagnosed as a "lacerated puncture of the occipital region of the skull," said he and Allan Taub, a New York lawyer, were slugged with heavy weapons by unidentified assailants at Cumberland Gap, Tenn. The attack occurred, they said, just after they had crossed into Tennessee after being escorted from Pineville by county officers.

But Pineville officials, including Mayor J. M. Brooks, issued statements saying the writers left Pineville last night of their own free will and that they had no knowledge of their having been slugged.

Taub corroborated Frank's story of the beating.

Ordered From Hotel.

Frank, chairman of the group of writers who took three truck loads of food to Pineville, said the party was ordered from a hotel there near midnight and was taken in automobiles to Cumberland Gap, where all lights on the cars were turned out.

Frank declared he and Taub, attorney for the International Labor Defense, stepped from their car and immediately were struck with heavy instruments by members of the escorting party. Their injuries were not considered serious.

Mayor Brooks said the only trouble he had heard of "was that some members of the party had some difficulty among themselves."

County Attorney Walter B. S. Bell, of Pineville, said he saw no need for an official investigation of the affair.

Mayor Brooks advised the writers never to return to Pineville and told them their visits there "would only stir up trouble and excite miners so that bloodshed may result."

Other writers who left Pineville with Frank and Taub included Malcolm Cowley, Edmund Wilson, Mary Heaton Vorse, Polly Boyden, Dr. Elsie Reed Mitchell, John Henry Hammond, Liston Oak, Quincy Howe and A. M. Max.

Plan Plea to Congress.

Frank announced here today that as soon as he recovered, the committee of writers plans to visit Washington and urge Congress to make an investigation of conditions in the Kentucky-Tennessee coal fields.

Harold Hickerson, New York playwright, and Doris Parks, secretary of the Tennessee-Kentucky striking miners relief committee, two members of the writers group, were held at Pineville today for a hearing Monday on criminal syndicalism charges. They were arrested late yesterday. County officers said they were addressing a meeting of miners in defiance of warnings that such meetings could not be held in Bell County.

Hickerson and Miss Parks waived arraignment before County Judge George Van Beber, and were held under $5,000 bond each on the criminal syndicalism charges and $5,000 each on peace warrants. Hickerson had previously refused an offer to have the charges dropped if he would leave the county. He said he wanted to test certain parts of the county constitution which he did not like.

(Associated Press.)

Several senators agreed last night to receive the New York writers, reported mistreated and escorted from Pineville, Ky., by county officers while attempting to aid striking miners.

Members of the group communicated with Senator Costigan (Democrat), Colorado, by telephone yesterday afternoon and asked an opportunity to tell their story. Costigan said he would be glad to receive them.

Other senators who expressed themselves as willing to hear them included La Follette (Republican), Wisconsin; Cutting (Republican), New Mexico, and Barkley (Democrat), Kentucky. The group is expected in Washington today.

POPE AND DUCE TALK FOR MORE THAN HOUR

Mussolini Arrives Early at Vatican and Upsets Plans; Pleased by Meeting.

Vatican City, Feb. 11 (U.P.).—Premier Benito Mussolini strode briskly through the St. Damasus Courtyard today, his dark eyes flashing happily and the plumes on his hat tossing with every step as he entered the Vatican for his long-delayed visit to Pope Pius XI.

The first Italian premier ever to be received by the Pope, Mussolini observed the third anniversary of the Lateran treaty between state and church by arriving fifteen minutes early and upsetting the Vatican's elaborate preparations to receive him.

The program of medieval pageantry arranged for the premier, who was greeted as a brave "condottiero" might have been received in the middle ages, was quickly readjusted to meet his early arrival, and the Fascist leader walked to the Pope's private library, where they talked for an hour and two minutes—considerably longer than had been expected.

Mussolini Is Pleased.

"I am greatly pleased," Mussolini remarked as he departed after his long conversation with the head of the Catholic Church, who was "liberated" by the Lateran treaty after 60 years as the prisoner of the Vatican. Since 1870, when the state seized the temporal rights of the Catholic Church and held them until the Pope's sovereignty was restored in 1929, there had been no greater indication of sympathy between the Holy See and Italy than was given today by the Fascist premier's visit.

It was a public holiday throughout Italy in honor of the Lateran treaty anniversary and the nation waited with great interest for the meeting between Mussolini and the Pope, both of whom rose to prominence in Milan.

The route along which the premier's party of five automobiles moved from Venezia Palace, escorted by mounted carabineers in full dress uniforms of red and black, was crowded with spectators.

Surprises Cameramen.

The premier arrived at the Vatican at 10:35 a. m., his automobile halting at St. Damasus courtyard so much ahead of schedule that even the motion picture cameramen were taken by surprise.

The premier was smiling and intensely interested when, after the Fascist anthem had been played in St. Peter's Square, he walked through the various halls in the Vatican, keeping pace with the slow steps of the papal officials and inspecting the frescoes and tapestries of Clementine Hall.

In the private library of the Pope, the premier kneeled and kissed the Pope's ring. Pope Pius was clad entirely in white.

The nature of their conversation was not disclosed, but Vatican circles were pleased by the fact that the scheduled 20-minute interview was extended to an hour. The Pope presented the premier with a morocco case, on which the papal coat of arms was engraved in gold, and a gold medal commemorating the main event of 1931.

Later the premier visited Cardinal Pacelli, papal secretary of state, and then was escorted to St. Peter's by Mgr. Luige Pelizzo, who reminded him that he had visited the cathedral on two previous occasions.

"Omme trinum est perfectum," the premier replied in Latin: "Whatever makes three is perfect."

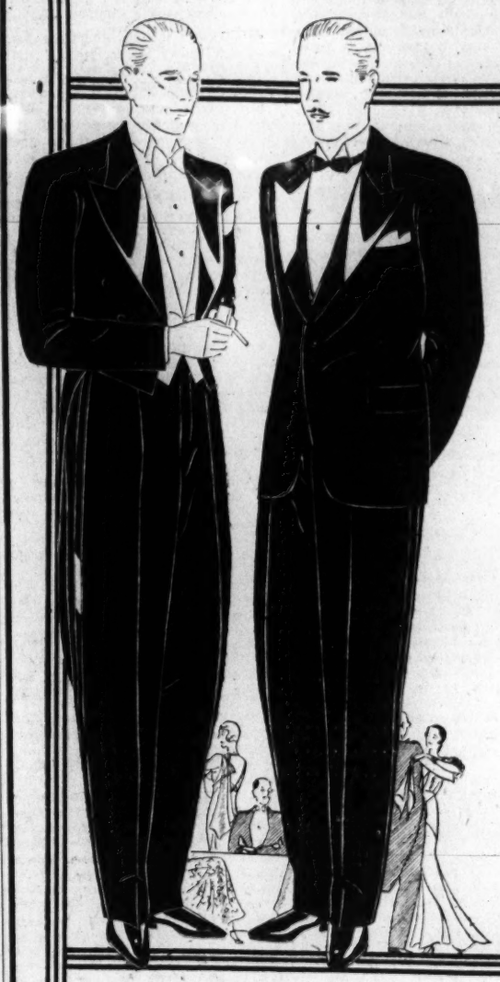
FAMOUS SEER
THE MAN WHO KNOWS

This strange man sees the way and tells it all. Just what your life has been, just what it will be. Tells you when and whom you will marry, whether husband, wife or sweetheart is true or false. Tells as to changes, travels, lost or absent friends, divorce, wills, deeds; whether it is best to buy or sell. He tells the good and the bad. A visit will convince you of his wonderful power. Something tells you this is the man. You feel the impulse to call. Do not delay.
Copyright, Apr., 1931.

TWO ENTRANCES: 608 12TH ST. NW., 1203 F ST. NW., 2D FLOOR.
HOURS, 10 A. M. TO 7 P. M.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
10TH 11TH F AND G STREETS

For Valentine Affairs
—and evenings when you want to look your best

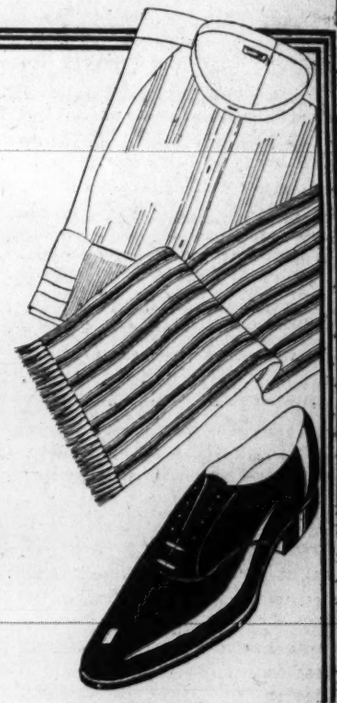


In these modern days there is a definite formality wherever the festive mood prevails. And, for the many formal and informal evening occasions which will call for absolute perfection of dress, one cannot be too meticulous. Here, in The Men's Store, you may select without concern—with the knowledge that you cannot err in your choice, because our dress apparel is selected with absolute regard for the requirements of evening apparel.

The Tailcoat
for formal wear
$45
Coat and trousers
White Pique or Madras Vests, with back or backless.... $8.50

The Tuxedo
For Younger Men
$31.50
Coat and trousers
Black Brocaded Vest, in several patterns $6
THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR

Correct Accessories for Evening Attire



White Gloves . . . of close-fitting, soft kid . . . with wrist button $3
Black Silk Hats . . . the correct block $12
Silk Dress Scarfs . . . with silk fringe ends $10
Pique Dress Shirts . . . two-stud style . . . with starched single cuffs, and plain or pique bosoms . . . $3.50
Black Silk Ties . . . for tuxedo wear . . . always worn outside the collar points $1.50
White Pique Ties . . . for formal occasions $1.50
Black Silk Socks . . . with black or white clocks $1.50
Studs . . . smoked or white pearl or black or white enamel $4.50
Dress Oxfords . . . black patent leather or dull finish calf . . . plain toes $8
THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR

Community Chest Pledge

I hereby pledge to the Community Chest for 1932 (additional) the (new) sum of.....
to be paid in 10 monthly installments, or as follows:
.....
Name .....
Address .....

Here's News! Your Car RE-PAINTED a complete repaint inside and outside $15

A regular $40 to $60 job, done with Finest Sherwin Williams Products. Two or more body colors—wheels—top—fenders and interior expertly repainted.

THIS IS 1/4 the Usual Price

24-Hour Service by Expert Painters

HOFF'S BRAKE SERVICE phone POT. 2702
Washington's Largest Uptown Brake Service
14th & V Sts., N.W. INC.

She's the Life of Every Party

"CALL UP BETTY," they always said. "She'll make the party a success."

Betty's vitality, her good natured jollity and her boundless vivacity made her the most popular girl in town. She had been that in her school days and she was still the same—never moody and changeable as most of the girls were.

Betty never missed days at the office, either. And she didn't cancel dates at the last minute. No wonder Betty was popular.

She discovered the way to cheat those periodical pains that steal a few days each month from the calendar of most women. She refused to suffer and monthly pains never kept her away from parties.

For Betty kept a box of Dr. Pierce's Payngon tablets in her pocketbook and they helped her through many a hard day and many a gay evening that she could not have endured without them.

It's new

You, too, can keep up your strength and vitality just as Betty did. Your druggist sells Dr. Pierce's Payngon tablets, in a tiny box. Get acquainted with them and don't let nature rob you of your right to enjoy life.

Remember, too, that the simple, harmless tablets are good for headache and neuralgia, also. Simply ask your druggist for Dr. Pierce's Payngon tablets.

For free medical advice, write to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y.

89TH ANNUAL STATEMENT—DECEMBER 31, 1931

The Mutual Life
Insurance Company of New York

DAVID F. HOUSTON, President
34 Nassau Street, New York

Trustees

JOSEPH S. AUERBACH, *Counsellor at Law, New York*
GEORGE F. BAKER, *Chairman of Board, First National Bank, New York*
NEWTON D. BAKER, *Counsellor at Law, Cleveland, Ohio*
EDWARD W. BEATTY, *President, Canadian Pacific Railway Co., Montreal, Canada*
JAMES M. BECK, *Member of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.*
EDWARD J. BERWIND, *Merchant, New York*
CHARLES S. BROWN, *Real Estate, New York*
WM. MARSHALL BULLITT, *Counsellor at Law, Louisville, Ky.*
JOSEPH H. CHOATE, Jr., *Counsellor at Law, New York*
EMORY W. CLARK, *Detroit, Mich.*
JAMES C. COLGATE, *Senior Member, James B. Colgate & Co., New York*
S. SLOAN COLT, *President, Bankers Trust Co., New York*
CHARLES P. COOPER, *Vice President, American Telephone & Telegraph Co., New York*
CYRUS H. K. CURTIS, *Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa.*
GRAFTON D. CUSHING, *Counsellor at Law, Boston, Mass.*
JOHN W. DAVIS, *Counsellor at Law, New York*
LAWRENCE A. DOWNS, *President, Illinois Central R. R. Co., Chicago, Ill.*

ASSETS

Real Estate	$ 10,262,208
Mortgage Loans	309,931,004
Policy Loans	200,594,468
Liberty Bonds and other U. S. Gov't Securities	40,822,665
Other Bonds	482,010,249
Stocks	21,879,757
Interest and Rents due and accrued	17,711,867
Premiums in course of collection	16,120,900
Cash ($6,295,236.87 at interest)	6,885,281
Cash advanced to pay claims	17,650
Total	$1,106,236,049

LIABILITIES

Policy Reserves	$ 952,045,536
Supplementary Contract Reserves	19,509,585
Other Policy Liabilities	18,222,491
Premiums, Interest, and Rents paid in advance	1,694,068
Miscellaneous Liabilities	4,790,704
Reserve for Taxes	3,371,582
Dividends payable in 1932	43,175,689
Reserve for Future Deferred Dividends	395,804
Contingency Reserve (Surplus)	63,030,590
Total	$1,106,236,049

In this statement bonds not subject to amortization and all stocks are at values furnished by National Convention of Insurance Commissioners.

Increase in Assets during 1931	$54,039,556
Dividends payable in 1932	$43,175,689
Insurance in force December 31, 1931	$4,450,294,284

Trustees

STANLEY FIELD, *Merchant, Chicago, Ill.*
DAVID F. HOUSTON, *President of the Company, New York*
FREDERIC A. JUILLIARD, *Merchant, New York*
ALFRED E. MARLING, *Real Estate, New York*
NATHAN L. MILLER, *Counsellor at Law, New York*
JOHN K. OTTLEY, *President, First National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.*
JAMES H. PERKINS, *President, City Bank Farmers Trust Co., New York*
FRANK L. POLK, *Counsellor at Law, New York*
WILLIAM C. POTTER, *President, Guaranty Trust Co., New York*
ELIHU ROOT, Jr., *Counsellor at Law, New York*
HENRY W. TAFT, *Counsellor at Law, New York*
MYRON C. TAYLOR, *Chairman, Finance Committee, U. S. Steel Corp., New York*
EDWIN THORNE, *New York*
WILLIAM H. TRUESDALE, *New York*
PAUL TUCKERMAN, *New York*
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, *New York*
DANIEL WILLARD, *President, Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Company, Baltimore, Md.*
THOMAS WILLIAMS, *Merchant, New York*
CLARENCE M. WOOLLEY, *President, American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp.*

Thomas P. Morgan, Jr., Manager
Southern Building
1421 H Street N.W.
Washington, D. C.

SOCIETY

Vice President Curtis Guest of Honor at Dinner of Ambassador Mellon; Winston Churchill Entertained.

PRESIDENT AND MRS HOOVER had a few guests at dinner last evening at the White House.

The Vice President, Mr. Charles Curtis, was the guest in whose honor the former Secretary of the Treasury and the Ambassador Designate to the Court of St. James, Mr. Andrew W. Mellon, entertained at dinner last evening. The other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Gann, Representative and Mrs. Adam Wyant, the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Seymour Lowman, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles H. Sherrill, the former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Eliot Wadsworth, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Sullivan, Mrs. Frederic A. Keep, Mrs. Guy Norman, Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander W. Gregg, and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Purcell Mellon, of New York. Mrs. Mellon was hostess for the former Secretary.

Senora de Ferrara, wife of the Cuban Ambassador, will be at home this afternoon for the first time since her return from Havana.

Ambassador Lindsay Entertains Winston Churchill.

The British Ambassador, Sir Ronald Lindsay, entertained at dinner last evening in honor of the Right Hon. Mr. Winston Churchill, English statesman and orator, who has been in Washington for several days.

The guests were Justice Harlan Fiske Stone, Senator William E. Borah, Senator Key Pittman, Senator Joseph T. Robinson, Senator Thomas J. Walsh, Senator James E. Watson, Senator Arthur Capper, Senator David A. Reed, Senator Bronson Cutting, Representative Charles J. Linthicum, Representative Henry W. Temple, Representative Robert Low Bacon, Representative Sol Bloom, Representative Richard S. Aldrich, Representative Lewis W. Douglas, the Undersecretary of State, Mr. William R. Castle, jr.; Mr. Bernard Baruch, and Mr. Frederick Coudert, of New York; the Commercial Counselor of the Embassy, Mr. H. O. Chalkley; the Air Attache, Group Capt. L. J. Fiennes, and the Attache of the Embassy, the Hon. Mark Watson.

Mr. Churchill will give a lecture this evening at Constitution Hall on "The World Economic Crisis."

Mrs. Churchill and Miss Diana Churchill, who, with Mr. Churchill, are stopping at the embassy during their stay here, dined out last evening with friends.

The Belgian Ambassador and Mme. May will entertain at dinner on Monday evening, followed by a musicale to which additional guests have been invited.

The United States Ambassador to France, Mr. Walter E. Edge, is now in Washington at the Mayflower.

Hungarian Envoy Host Tomorrow Evening.

The Hungarian Minister and Countess Szechenyi will entertain at dinner tomorrow evening, and additional guests have been invited to the musicale which will follow, to be given by the Hungarian violinist, Yelli d'Aranyi, who will be the soloist with the National Symphony of Washington on Sunday. This will be the violinist's first appearance in Washington.

Senora de Arcaya, wife of the Venezuelan Minister, will receive this afternoon from 5 until 7 o'clock.

The Danish Minister and Mme. Wadsted have issued invitations for a dinner on March 3 in honor of the Vice President, Mr. Charles Curtis.

The Canadian Minister and Mrs. William D. Herridge have issued invitations for a dinner on Thursday, February 25, in honor of the Secretary of State and Mrs. Henry L. Stimson.

Mrs. Hiram Bingham, wife of Senator Bingham, of Connecticut, entertained at luncheon yesterday at her residence in Sixteenth street. Covers were laid for ten.

Mrs. Gantz Entertains For Mrs. Bulow.

Mrs. William J. Bulow, wife of Senator Bulow, was the guest in whose honor Mrs. Benjamin Soule Gantz entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Army and Navy Club.

Mrs. Gantz was assisted by Mrs. J. Clinton Tribby, Mrs. Edward Campbell Shields, Mrs. Frank Morrison, Mrs. George Offutt, jr., and Mrs. E. B. Gibson.

Among those present were Mrs. Doak, wife of the Secretary of Labor; Mrs. Pat Harrison, Mrs. Peter Norbeck, Mrs. Charles L. Abernethy, Mrs. William Hull, of Illinois; Mrs. Bruce Mansfield, Miss Margaret Mansfield, Miss Genevieve Kellar, sister of Mrs. Bulow, jr.; Mrs. Maud Harding.

Also Mrs. Smith Hempstone, Mrs. Samuel Herrick, Mrs. H. M. Jensen, Mrs. Ray Dilman, Mrs. William Williamson, Mrs. Tilman B. Parks, Mrs. William Bulow, jr.; Mrs. Hartwell Davis, Mrs. Drury Ludlow, Mrs. Harry McHenry, Mrs. Elizabeth Fred, Mrs. Charles Ellsworth Tribby, Mrs. Harry Mourning, Mrs. Harold Breining, Miss Jeannette Offutt, Mrs. William Myer, Mrs. Henry Wooten Offutt, Mrs. Lawrence Abercrombie, Mrs. Thomas Thorne, Miss Elizabeth Evelyn Offutt, Mrs. Carlos Bean, Mrs. Carl Crowell, Mrs. Ernest H. Daniel, Mrs. George Warren Offutt, Mrs. Florentine Colbert, Mrs. Eric King, Mrs. Philip Lauman, Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Frank Noske, Mrs. Harry Packard, Mrs. Arthur Adair, Mrs. Lillian Heflin, Mrs. Catherine Tribby, Mrs. Herbert Tribby.

Also Mrs. Alfred Clarke, Mrs. Thomas Pierce, Mrs. George W. Offutt, Mrs. Carroll McGuire, Mrs. Alfred Fisher, Mrs. Thomas Mortimer Offutt, Mrs. Thomas Kelliher, Mrs. Pat Chism, Mrs. Frank Long, Miss Olive Fitzgerald, Mrs. Harry Hines, Mrs. Leland Webb, Mrs. H. Clopton, Mrs. Edward R. Wilson, Miss Nita King, Mrs. John Hodapp, Mrs. Edward T. Hoopes, Mrs. Franklin Steinwachs, Mrs. Finkel, Mrs. Henry Williams, Mrs. Frank Slingluff, Mrs. L. B. Lamar, Mrs. Lawrence Fuller, Mrs. William Myers, Mrs. Clayton Emig, Mrs. Jerry Swann, Mrs. Wiggins, Mrs. Hasson, Mrs. Walter Sharpe, Mrs. John Reeves, Mrs. Edward Banks Gibson, Mrs. Robert Bachelder, Mrs. Jerry Shotwell, Mrs. Pugsy Dent, Mrs. Walter Kilpatrick, Mrs. Arthur Lee, Mrs. B. E. Trenis, Mrs. Viola Fellows.

Mrs. George R. Stobbs, wife of the former representative from Massachusetts, was the guest of honor at a luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. Clarence E. Hancock, wife of Representative Hancock, of New York, who entertained at the Mayflower.

Mr. and Mrs. Stobbs are staying at the Mayflower.

Mr. Warren Delano Robbins has returned from New York, where he spent a few days.

Lieut. Col. Campbell B. Hodges, military aid to the President, entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton, the company numbering six.

Mrs. Hendrick and Daughter At Home This Afternoon.

Mrs. David S. Hendrick, sr., and her daughter, Mrs. Royal S. McKenna, will be at home this afternoon and the remaining Fridays in February from 4 until 6 o'clock at 82 Kalorama circle. They will be assisted today by Mrs. Ernest R. Lewis, Mrs. Lloyd P. Shippen, Mrs. Cazenova Lee, jr., Mrs. R. M. Kauffmann, Mrs. Edward A. Rowell, and Mrs. E. D. Edmonston, of Baltimore.

Mrs. Emily Newell Blair was the guest in whose honor Mrs. William D. Wrightson (nee Gorgas), entertained at luncheon, followed by bridge yesterday, at her home on Hesketh street in Chevy Chase. The guests included Mrs. Maurice Thatcher, Mrs. Hugh S. Cumming, Mrs. Chase Kennedy, Mrs. Herbert Lee Smith, Mrs. Warren Brush, Mrs. Claude Calvin, Mrs. Charles Nixon, Mrs. Eugene Griffin, Mme. DeModurt and Mrs. Charles Williams.

Mrs. Herbert B. Crosby, wife of the District Commissioner, and her daughter, Miss Jane Crosby, entertained a company at a buffet luncheon yesterday, in honor of Mrs. William Howard Doughty 3d, who was married recently in Evanston, Ill., and has come to the Capital to live. Mrs. Doughty was formerly Miss Elizabeth Sargent, daughter of Mrs. George Sargent of Evanston.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Kircher entertained at the dinner dance at the Shoreham Wednesday night, in honor of Mrs. Kircher's sister, Mrs. Carl Ramsteck of Atlanta, Ga. Covers were laid for thirty-four.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Kahn of Woodcliff, N. J., have taken a suite at Wardman Park Hotel with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Yager, also of Woodcliff, who accompanied them to Washington yesterday on a short vacation trip.

Miss Winnett Engaged To Yale Graduate.

An engagement of interest to Washington which has been announced is that of Miss Glenn Helen Winnett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy G. Winnett, of Santa Monica, Calif., to Mr. Kenyon Boocock, of New York, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Howard Boocock. Mr. Boocock is the brother of Mrs. Kent Leavitt, of Washington. He attended Groton School and Yale University. While at Yale he was a member of Wolf's Head and of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity.

Miss Winnett was graduated from the Marlborough School for Girls in Los Angeles, and from Miss Bennett's School at Milbrook, N. Y. The wedding will take place in the early summer.

Miss Elizabeth Pillsbury will sail today, with Miss Elizabeth Greene and her father, Mr. Herbert C. Greene, of Cedarhurst, L. I., for a visit to Nassau, Havana and Bermuda. Miss Pillsbury will return on the 24th.

Mrs. Frank C. Letts, who has been staying with her sister, Mrs. William A. Hill, in her home on Nineteenth street, left yesterday for Grenada, Miss., to spend a few weeks.

Mrs. Howard Sutherland, wife of the Alien Property Custodian, is in New York for a few weeks' stay with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dunckel, the latter formerly Miss Margaret Sutherland.

Mrs. Thomas Crawford, of Rock Hill, S. C., accompanied by her twin sister, Mrs. Philip Taylor, of Raleigh, N. C., are visiting the former's son, Dr. Thomas Crawford, jr. Mrs. Crawford is the widow of Dr. Thomas Crawford, of Rock Hill.

There will be a meeting of the Florida State Society Monday evening in the Carlton Hotel. This will be the first regular meeting of the year and a large attendance is requested.

Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Kenway, of London, who have come recently to live in Washington, are at the Westchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Stephens Rawson and their daughter, Miss Delphine de N. Rawson, of New York and Newport are at the Mayflower for a few weeks before going to Palm Beach, Fla.

Miss Norvell Munford will have as her guest for some time, Miss Katherine Dwyer, of New York and Newport who will arrive in Washington on Monday.

Mrs. Jane Story and her daughter Miss Jacqueline Story have gone to Ormond Beach, Fla., to pass some time with the former's mother, Mrs. W. S. Abert at the Coquina Hotel.

Mrs. Lester Wilson, of 20 Magnolia Parkway, Chevy Chase, Md., is visiting in New York for a week and will return on February 17.

Mrs. Frederick Livesey had guests lunching with her yesterday at the Carlton.

Lecture-Reception At Mount Vernon Seminary.

Miss Cole and the faculty of Mount Vernon Seminary have issued invitations for a lecture to be given by Mr. Max Eastman, on "The Ar of Enjoying Poetry" on Friday afternoon, February 26, at 3:30 o'clock, at the Elizabeth Somers Chapel. A reception will be held following the lecture.

The Washington Chapter of the College of Notre Dame Alumnae Association will give a luncheon at the Kennedy-Warren tomorrow. The officers of the association are Miss Martha Bonham, regent; Mrs. Yancey Milbrun, secretary, and Mrs. Harry tSale Moyer, treasurer.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert L. Smith, of New York, are passing some time at the Carlton, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Laura Smith.

The American Institute of Architects, under the direction of Mr. A. B. Trowbridge, held a meeting and buffet supper at the Carlton last evening. Col. U. S. Grant 3d addressed the meeting. The company numbered 100.

Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Pearce, of East Orange, N. J., are at the Powhatan.

The North Carolina Society of Washington will have a leap year valentine party and dance tomorrow at 8:30 o'clock at the Shoreham Hotel.

Dr. Ovid C. Foote is chairman of the floor committee and Miss Ethel Bagley is chairman of the young ladies committee. Miss Bagley will be assisted by the following young ladies: Mrs. E. B. Gibson, Miss Fay Pierce, Mrs. John London, Mrs. Norma Britton, Mrs. Alexander Williams, Mrs. Richard E. Thigpen, Miss Annie Leo Graham, Miss Etta Hart Graham, Miss Reba Doughton, Mrs. B. C. Brown, Miss Margaret Clark Graham, Miss Angela Morrison, Mrs. Herbert Bonner.

There will be two additional meetings of the society this season, the March or educational meeting, in formal, and the annual meeting in April. This latter meeting will be held during the week of April 19, at which time the election of officers will take place.

Maj. Ely P. Denson is president of the society and Miss Jane Elizabeth Newton, secretary-treasurer.

Club Will Entertain ov. White of Ohio.

Gov. George White, of Ohio, will be the honor guest at a dinner which the Woman's National Democratic Club will give tonight. The Governor will make an address and will be introduced by Mrs. Wilbur Hubbard.

The club will entertain at a tea tomorrow, one of a series of hospitalities teas given on Saturday afternoons during the season. Those assisting will be Mrs. Harry R. Fulton, Mrs. W. Hall Trigg, Mrs. W. V. Boyle, Mrs. O. E. Boles, Mrs. N. G. Jobe, Miss Catherine Morss and Mrs. A. L. Rheinstrom.

Dr. and Mrs. Frank Washington Ballou will entertain at a tea tomorrow in their Wesley Heights home in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Seitz and Mr. and Mrs. Alexander W. Yereance, who leave shortly for their new home in East Orange, N. J.

Assisting Mrs. Ballou in receiving will be Mrs. George B. Woods, Mrs. Delos O. Kinsman, Mrs. Arthur C. Christie, Mrs. Frederick Carpenter and Mrs. Byers M. Bachman. The valentine motif will be carried out in the decorations.

Mrs. Samuel Burleigh Milton and her sister, Mrs. Wilfred Geist Fronheiser, were joint hostesses at a bridge luncheon in their home on Sixteenth street yesterday afternoon when their guests were Mrs. Thomas D. Schall, Mrs. Leonidas C. Dyer, Mrs. Richard Yates, Mrs. Royal C. Johnson, Mrs. Allard H. Gasque, Mrs. Joseph J. Manlove, Mrs. Charles A. Christopherson, Mrs. Frank Crowther, Mrs. Ulysses S. Guyer, Mrs. Tierney, Mrs. Chavez, Mrs. Felix Cordova Davila, Mrs. Edward Dixon Hayes, Mrs. Osmun Latrobe, Mrs. Aubrey Lawrence, Mrs. W. W. Chalmers, Mrs. D. J. Carr, Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton, Mrs. George F. Wells, Mrs. C. Percy Myers, Mrs. Roy C. Neuhauser, Mrs. Turin Bradford Boone, Mrs. N. H. Darton, Mrs. Mary Bailey and Mrs. Donald McLeran.

Mary Lee Davis Luncheon Speaker.

The program committee is sponsoring a luncheon at the clubhouse of the American Association of University Women, on I street, at 1:15 o'clock tomorrow, when Miss Mary Lee Davis, author of "Uncle Sam's Attic" and other books, will speak. Miss Davis will offer an explanation of an Alaskan complex in her discourse on the theme of "Four Freudian Reasons for Twins."

Prominent among the guests at the speakers' table will be her personal friends, Mr. and Mrs. James Wickersham, and also Dr. and Mrs. Royd Fayers, Miss Mary M. Galt and Mr. and Mrs. Will Wright. The chairman of the program committee will act as hostess, and Mrs. Otto Veerhoff, president of the local branch, will preside and introduce the speaker.

The former Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Aviation and Mrs. William P. McCracken, jr., are entertaining as their guest in their apartment at Wardmon Park Hotel Miss Priscilla Guthrie, who arrived in Washington a day or two ago for a visit of several days.

The Methodist Union will meet in the new Metropolitan Memorial Church in Wesley Heights today. Following the meeting there will be a reception in charge of a committee consisting of Mrs. Clark, wife of Chancellor Clark, of American University; Mrs. M. L. Tucker, Mrs. A. B. Duvall, Mrs. Harry Bosley, Miss Hannah Frick, Mrs. W. S. Dewhirst, Mrs. Arthur Seitz, Mrs. Delos O. Kinsman, Mrs. A. J. True, Mrs. Rice W. Means, Mrs. L. I. McDougle, Mrs. Renah Camalier, Mrs C. W. Camalier, Miss Fannie Holmes, Miss Nellie Ford, Mrs. Alfred Ford, Miss Elizabeth Ford, Mrs. Samuel Polkinhorn, Miss Grace Edwards, Mrs. B. F. Layton, Mrs. E. D. Huntley, Mrs. A. S. M. Hopkins, Mrs. W. A Hannay, Mrs W S. Washburn, Mrs. A. E. Chaffee, Mrs. A. C. Christie, Mrs. W. W Waller, Mrs Fred J Kelly and Mrs. Henry L. Gilchrist.

The refreshment committee consists of Mrs. Walter Davidson, chairman; Mrs. J. Q. Slye, Mrs. Hiram K. Green, Mrs. Percy M. Bailey, Mrs. John E. Bentley Mrs. Wesley M. Gewehr, Mrs. Homer F. Dawson, Mrs. Charles B. Heinemann, Mrs. J. C. Freeland and Mrs. H. M. Irish. The speaker of the evening will be Dr. Frank Kingdon, of East Orange, N. J.

The February Tea of the Wesley Heights Club will be given on Sunday afternoon when Mrs. Herbert Coward and Mrs. Clarence A. Lane will be in charge of arrangements. Mrs. Theodore Joslin, wife of the secretary to the President, and Mrs. Frederic B. Pyle will preside at the tea table. Others assisting in receiving will be Mrs. James L. Wright, Mrs. C. Chester Caywood, Mrs. Raymond Norton, Mrs. I. E. Shoemaker, Mrs. Irving W. Ketchum, Mrs. Delos O. Kinsman, Mrs. Horace L. Dawson, Mrs. C. Harmon Pardoe and Mrs. Arthur B. Heaton.

Mrs. Grace Brosseau, former president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is in Washington for a brief visit and is at the Willard.

Pen Women Arrange Bicentennial Program.

A brilliant bicentennial program has been arranged for the occasion by Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton, national president of the League of American Pen Women, for their reception to the Cabinet hostesses next Tuesday at the Willard. The first number, which will be given at 5:30 o'clock, following the reception from 4:30 to 5:30, will be a group of songs by the Madrigal Singers of this city, presented by Mrs. Dorothy De Muth Watson, national chairman of music for the league.

Mrs. John Milton Sylvester, director and accompanist; Miss Elizabeth Waters, and Miss Elizabeth Taylor Copping, sopranos; Miss Norma Hughes and Miss Mary Lerch, contraltos; Mr. Willar Kemerer, tenor, and Maj. L. S. Tillotson, bass, will be in the group of singers who will appear in colonial costume. They will give an old English madrigal, "All Creatures Now Are Merry-Minded," composed by John Benet in the fifteenth century; an old English hunting song, "John Peel;" and the first song published in America by an American composer, "My Days Have Been so Wondrous Free," by Francis Hopkinson, 1759.

The musical program will be followed by the presentation of a one-act play: "Martha Woshington at Valley Forge," written by Mrs. C. Antoinette Wood, of Boston, and to be given under the direction of Miss Rebecca Dial.

Mrs. Robert Patterson Lamont, wife of the Secretary of Commerce, has added her acceptance to those of the other ladies of the Cabinet for the reception to be given in their honor Tuesday, in the Willard Hotel.

Among those who have accepted the invitation to attend the reception are Mrs. William Howard Taft, Mr. and Mrs. Larz Anderson, Mrs. Henry Alvah Strong, Mrs. Joseph E. Washington, Mrs. Guy V. Henry, Mrs. Carey T. Grayson, Mrs. James Frederick Herrick, Mrs. William Chapin Huntington, Mrs. Robert Hinckley, Maj. and Mrs. Parker West, Maj. and Mrs. George Oakley Totten, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mason Remey, Mr and Mrs. Breckingridge Long, Miss Janet Richards, Mrs. Sydney Cloman, Mrs. William Fitch Kelley and Miss Jessie Dell.

Idaho Society Patroness

MRS. WILLIAM E. BORAH,
patroness of the annual banquet and ball of the Idaho State Society to be held in the ballroom of the Press Club Saturday, February 20.

BRIG. GEN. GEORGE RICHARDS LAUDS POST ESSAY CONTEST

Continued from Page 1.

someness of our American institutions there is no method its superior.

"Such an essay contest as The Washington Post has indorsed is a stimulating influence for a study that may serve to establish the ground work for future Americans to develop a better organization than that of today to oppose the pretensions of many who are bent upon destroying American institutions.

"The disintegrating ideas afloat in our midst not only attack the liberty of individual life, but assault the very welfare of the human soul. They are more deadly than any enemy with his pack and his gun. These subversive influences seek to undermine American respect for American institutions. We should remember that James Russell Lowell, the American poet and statesman, when asked by an old world philosopher, 'How long, sir, do you tihnk the American Republic will endure?' promptly answered, 'So long, sir, as the ideals of its founders continue to be dominant in the hearts of its people.'

"If the intelligence of those who will form the mass of future American citizenship can be raised in these particulars there may be then less need for future generations to provide for their protection the great armaments that seem necessary in the world today."

Contestants are reminded again that the esssay contest will close at midnight on March 14. Positively no essays will be received after that date. Those whose essays are completed are urged to bring or send them as soon as possible to The Post Essay Editor in order that they may be sorted into age groups and arranged for inspection of the judges.

Read The Washington Post daily for the latest news of the Washington Essay Contest. Some very interesting things are being planned for the contestants as well as the 100 winners and notice of these will be duly given in The Post.

Among the new essays received yesterday were those from: Jessie Morris, 10, Mount Vernon, Va.; Marjory L. Mitchell, 17, 3403 Fressenden street northwest, and Olive Welborne, 9, 1323 Montello avenue northeast.

Applications for the Washington booklet furnished through the courtesy of the George Washington Bicentennial Commission were received from Bettie de Butts, Success, Va.; Ruth I. Considine, 1500 Thirty-fifth street, northwest; Eileen Bennett, 1280 Neal street northeast; Nancy E. Jeffries, East Falls Church, Va.; Harvey Taylor, 3971 Thirty-fourth street, Brentwood, Md.; Virginia Majette, Hickory, Va.; Nina May Robinson, 3121 Mount Pleasant street, northwest; Jean Coleman, Fountain Inn, S. C.; Mary Dullea, 4343 Thirty-second street, Mount Rainier, Md.; Marion Davis, 3 Maryland avenue, Clarendon, Va.; Clyde W. Ehrhardt, Middlebourne, W. Va.; Allen Adamore, 1800 Tenth street, northwest, and Mildred Reynolds, 963 Twenty-fifth street, northwest.

Lieut. Ives Talks Before Kiwanians

Commander of Deep-Sea Diving School Tells of His Work.

Lieut. N. S. Ives, commander of the deep-sea diving school at the Washington Navy Yard, where all divers for the United States Navy are trained, was the principal speaker at the weekly meeting yesterday of the Washington Kiwanis Club at the Raleigh Hotel. Rear Admiral H. V. Butler, commandant at the navy yard, and Commander L. B. Green, his assistant, were guests of the club.

Lieut. Ives revealed that ever since the first records of writing there is evidence of men experimenting in diving. Passages in the work of Homer tell of divers, and the earliest diving device known is a helmet used by the Romans, he pointed out. Francis Bacon, the contemporary of Shakespeare, was interested in diving, and developed a diving bell, the speaker told the club members.

Since the development of the diving air pump by the British there has been very little change in diving apparatus, Lieut. Ives said. One of the most advanced steps in recent years has been the introduction of the telephone in diving work, he added. Lieut. Ives gave a demonstration of the use of the leather lung and other diving apparatus. The club approved a budget for the year, including the allotment of $3,500 for underprivileged child work.

Cosmopolitans to Meet In Warehouse Feb. 25

Thomas J. Groom, chairman of the committee of ten in charge of stag night activities for the Cosmopolitan Club reported at yesterday's meeting at the Carlton that the next night meeting of the club will be held at the warehouse of the N. Auth Provision Co., 623 D street southwest, February 25. Mr. Groom explained that the committee is preparing an elaborate program for this stag event.

David A. Hart, assistant United States attorney, was cosmopolitan of the day and gave a brief history of himself. Attendance prizes were won by Ross Wilkes and Laurence E. Rubel.

Sterling Silver
An Excellent Collection of Flatware Designs — both Old and New Favorites.
Illustrated—
"Hunt Club"
6 Teaspoons $9.00
6 Butter Spreaders $11.00
6 Dessert Forks 16.00
6 Salad Forks 12.00
6 Dessert Knives 19.00
Other Items Proportionate
DULIN & MARTIN
Connecticut Ave. and L
PARKING SERVICE—*Connecticut Avenue Entrance*

LADIES' HANDBAGS
Relined, Repaired and
MADE TO ORDER
M. KOHRN, 1748 M at Conn.
No. 1210

POST WANT ADS PAY

Now is the best time to have that spare room redecorated for use during the coming Bicentennial. Rooms will be in demand and our work is unexcelled. Prices low.
LET US ESTIMATE ON YOUR ROOM NOW
Washington Home Improvement Company
GENERAL CONTRACTORS
NAtional 2221 1727 K Street Northwest

Good Morning!
HERE IS
Today's Fashion News

Fluffy, Bobbing Pompons Decorate These
Jumper Frocks
For Junior Misses at
$5
—Bright colored or black crepe knit jumpers, with white crepe-knit blouses; youthful short sleeves, round neck, self belt, cord lacings and pompons.
11 to 17 sizes.
Second Floor.
New Blues and White
Green and White
Red and White
Black and White
Kann's
Penn. Ave.—Eighth and D Sts.

Flowers
The Perfect Valentine
A riot of colors in all seasonable varieties.
Blaskistone
1407 H Street
Phone National 4905

Stohlman's
ICE CREAM
for
Pure—Rich—Delicious
VALENTINE'S DAY
Heart Shaped Iced Cakes, 50c Doz.
Special Fancy Assorted Cakes, $1.00 Lb.
Heart Shaped Mints (all colors) .....60c Lb.
Ice Cream Brick with Red Heart Center, $1.25 Qt.
Large Heart Molds (about 8 or 10 servings), $2.25
Hearts, Lovebirds, Cupid Hearts, etc., $3.50 Doz.
Quality, Richness, Purity
—OUR ICE CREAM—
In Brick or in Bulk
$1.00 Quart
Delivered Packed in Dry Ice Clean and Sanitary
Stohlman's
Phone West 0063 1254 Wisconsin Ave.

PASTERNAK SUITS
in the custom-manner!
Without doubt . . . the shop that has custom-tailored clothes for over a quarter-of-a-century, is quite logically the establishment to select when you want Tailored Suits and Coats, this particularly tailored season of Spring, 1932 . . .
Ready to Wear
Made to Order
Outfitters to Gentlewomen
M. PASTERNAK
1219 Connecticut Ave

The Satisfaction of KNOWING that you'll never be sold anything but the BEST—
At New Center Market each dealer is your dependable adviser in food selections. At every stand you visit it is a pleasure to buy. Fresh daily shipments of every type of foodstuffs—await your selection at Washington's newest and finest market.
128 Market Stands—150 Farmers' Stands
NEW CENTER MARKET
Quality and Service
5th St. N.W., K to L Sts.
Ample Parking Space

Women Say
"You make the most flattering pictures of women."
As a matter of fact they are not flattering. We simply show the best points—bring them out—subdue others.
That takes skill—and care—but it doesn't add to the cost. Come in and see our portraits. $15 the dozen up.
UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD
PORTRAITS OF QUALITY
1230 Connecticut Avenue ... DEcatur 4100

Read The Post's New Classified Ads

The Homemaker

By NANCY CAREY

A Gay Menu for Lincoln's Birthday.

"FOURSCORE and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation * * * that government of the people, by the people, for the people shall not perish from the earth."

Nancy Carey.

And yet we, on this, the anniversary of the birth of Lincoln, are perhaps forgetting that other days of strife have come and gone, and that each era knows its prosperity and its disasters. We shall not dwell, here in our small column of practical things which have to do with the home, upon this subject of the strife of today as compared with that of the times during which Lincoln's immortal words were spoken—for our duties and concerns are marked by lines other than these—but even our column can not let pass this day with no sign of recognition, and, too, the fact remains that in the "rebuilding" facing our own era, it is upon the women—the keepers of the American home—that a work of creating a new era of sane economy and thrift must fall.

This year our institute is devoting much time to economical and efficient budgets for hundreds of its readers. We women are a great link in the chain upon which hangs the future of our country and its measure of economic success. It will help us, surely, to remember that we are not the first, nor in all probability the last, to rally to the standard of economy through hardship that a nation of the people shall not perish from the earth. * * *

And now our menu for a Lincoln's birthday supper.

LINCOLN'S BIRTHDAY SUPPER MENU.

Cream of Mushroom Soup
Saltines
Spiced Ham Cutlets
Hot Rolls Butter Balls
Cherry and Pineapple Salad
or Rail Splitter Salad
Vanilla Ice Cream With Hot Chocolate Sauce
National Cake or Small Cakes
with
Red, White and Blue Frosting
Coffee, Cheese and Crackers

SUNDAY'S DINNER.

Fruit Cup
Celery Olives
Fricassee of Chicken
Peas Francaise
Graham Muffins
Lettuce with Thousand Island Dressing
Carrot Custard Pie
Coffee

SATURDAY'S SUPPER.

Baked Sausage with Apple
Creamed Potatoes
Lettuce and Tomato Salad
Chocolate Bread Pudding
Tea or Coffee

Baked Sausage With Apple.

Place as many sausages (or cakes of sausage meat) as desired in a baking dish. If link sausages are preferred, prick each one with a fork before placing in the oven. When partially coooked and the hot fat has accumulated in the pan, put in the apples, cut in one-inch slices after the core has been removed. The skin should be left on and the slices dipped in a little flour before cooking. Turn both sausages and apples to brown on both sides. When sufficiently cooked, place sausage in center of dish and garnish with apples.

Chocolate Bread Pudding.

2 cupfuls scalded milk
1½ cupfuls breadcrumbs
¾ cupful of sugar.
2 eggs—beaten
⅛ teaspoonful salt
½ teaspoon vanilla
3 tablespoonfuls chocolate
½ cupful nuts

Soak breadcrumbs in the milk for 30 minutes. Add one-quarter cup sugar beaten with the eggs. Melt the chocolate. Add one-half cupful of sugar and enough milk to pour, then put mixtures together and add vanilla and nuts. Bake in slow oven 40 to 45 minutes. Serve hot with whipped cream.

Nancy Carey

(Copyright, 1932.)

Jane Corbett Interprets the Mode

Jenny fashions wool into a graceful coat for spring, and trims it with matching astrakhan.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11—One of the most interesting revivals I have known is that of lace and embroidery for home decoration. Not so long ago these two words gave one something very like a spiritual shudder—any woman who prided herself on her good taste would have shuddered to use them. (The articles, I mean). Remembering the appalling blinds and pretentious tablecloths, counterpane and chair "tidies" that were once the pride of housewives singularly devoid of taste, no wonder! But along with these recollections, came those of the old-fashioned charm and real beauty of some of grandmother's needlework.

And, since that which has intrinsic beauty is never demode for very long, it is not truly strange there should be a revival of lace and embroideries for home decoration. But, what ones! Incorporating the various old stitches and ideas that were really beautiful into modern designs of such simplicity and angularity that there is not the slightest doubt of their modernity—nor loveliness.

* * * *

'Member the old lace blinds and window curtains? Well, they are with us again, but with what a difference! Window blinds of stern hand made lace in modernistic designs that follow or contrast with the furnishing of the room; window curtains of net, with frankly modern designs that have made a clever use of old stitches.

So far, no chair tidies! But I wouldn't say never——.

* * * *

Fashion French Pronunciation.

"Demode." Pronounced "Day-mo-day." And that oft seen word, "autre-fois" is pronounced "Oat-ruh-fwa" all in one word or syllable, with a barely noticeable accent on the last syllable.

"Tiens!" is so well known, though not exactly fashion French, that I will just tell you it is pronounced as we say in English, "Ten!" More like "Te-en" but never any "S" sounded.

* * * *

'Nif you like coats that swii-i-i-i-ng over and around your torso, and are delightful and graceful and easy to wear and hold shut, just look at this one sketched for you today! Don't overlook the odd above the elbow sleeves, either, nor the tucks for trimming and movement of the skirt, nor the fact that it is a Jenny model from Paree.

Au Revoir.

(Copyright, 1932.)

What Today Means to You

By MARY BLAKE

"AQUARIUUS."

IF February 12 is your birthday, the best hours for you on this date are from 7:40 a. m. to 9 a. m., from 2:35 p. m. to 4 p. m. and from 9 p. m. to 10:15 p. m. The danger periods are from noon to 1:30 p. m and from 6 p. m. to 7:40 p. m.

February 12 is a day for those past middle-age, and to them it will be an Indian Summer of comfort and good fortune. They are better portents for employers than the employed, and the latter should renew their efforts to please and to progress. Things begun on this day will prove enduring and permanent.

Children born on this February 12 will not be looking for the softest seats in this life or the biggest glories. They will love work itself, and the opportunity for human service. They will be inclined to worry, and many of their physical ailments will come through this source.

Born February 12, you are not fitted for leadership, but you are capable of being a sturdy follower of the pack. You do not resent being a cog in the machine, and you would rather take, than give, discipline. You represent the typical man or woman in a subordinate position, content to execute policies determined by someone else. You are capable of becoming a very competent trained worker, where initiative and originality are not expected. You are indispensable to the success of some work where painstaking accuracy and the patience for detail work are required.

You are easily satisfied with small standards of personal comfort and limited self-expression. You are not one of the world's grumblers. As you are easily influenced, both your environment and your associates are bound to be important factors in the shaping of your character and destiny. You are almost worshipful in your devotion to those whom you love, and you are always ready to make real sacrifices for the sake of a friend or dear one. You are apt to think too highly of your fellow-being and too little of yourself, and you invite selfishness on the part of others. In choosing your life-partner, you will trust too much to your heart and too little to your head.

Successful people born February 12:

1—John Winthrop, statesman.

2—Abraham Lincoln, 16th President of United States.

3—Lord Dunraven, Yacht owner and racer.

4—William W. Story, sculptor and poet.

5—Nelson O'Shaughnessy, diplomat.

6—Alfred C. Howland, artist.

(Copyright, 1932.)

RADIO PROGRAMS

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12.

WRC—National Broadcasting Co. (316 Meters. 950 Kilocycles.)

8:00 a. m.—Rebroadcast from Rome Canceled Because of Unfavorable Atmospheric conditions.
8:45 a. m.—Health Exercises.
9:00 a. m.—Gene and Glenn.
9:15 a. m.—Morning Devotions.
9:30 a. m.—Cheerio.
9:00 a. m.—Melodic Gems.
9:15 a. m.—Tom Waring's Troubadours.
9:30 a. m.—Third Olympic Winter Games.
9:45 a. m.—A. & P. Food Program.
10:00 a. m.—Mrs. Blake's Radio Column.
10:15 a. m.—Dr. Copeland's Health Clinic.
10:30 a. m.—"Let's Go to Market With Wilna Rice."
10:45 a. m.—Betty Crocker.
11:00 a. m.—Gay Vienna.
12:00 (noon)—G. E. Circle.
12:15 p. m.—"The Real George Washington," by Charles Colfax Long, with Trio and Radiotone Quartet.
12:30 p. m.—National Farm and Home Hour.
1:30 p. m.—Russian Folk Songs.
2:00 p. m.—Palais d'Or Orchestra.
2:15 p. m.—Third Olympic Winter Games, Ski Jump.
3:00 p. m.—"He Knew Lincoln." Dramatic Reading by Edgar White Burrill, with Chorus and Orchestra.
4:00 p. m.—Betty Moore Decorating Notes.
4:15 p. m.—Tea Dansante.
4:20 p. m.—Radio Guild. "Paola and Francesca."
5:15 p. m.—Skippy.
5:30 p. m.—Novelty Orchestra with Dolly Connolly.
5:45 p. m.—Russ Columbo Orchestra.
6:01 p. m.—Waldorf Astoria Orchestra.
6:15 p. m.—Rice's Dance Orchestra.
6:45 p. m.—The Stebbins Boys.
7:00 p. m.—Amos 'n' Andy.
7:15 p. m.—Campbell's Soups Orchestra.
7:30 p. m.—Prince Albert Quarter Hour.
7:45 p. m.—Hahn's Dynamic Hour.
8:00 p. m.—Cities Service Orchestra: Jessica Dragonette and Cavaliers.
9:00 p. m.—Clicquot Club.
9:30 p. m.—Pond's Dance Orchestra.
10:00-12:00 p. m.—Lincoln Day Dinner.
12:00 (midnight)—Ralph Kirbery, dream singer.
12:05 a. m.—Coon-Sanders Orchestra.
12:30-1:00 a. m.—Waldorf Astoria Orchestra.

WMAL—Columbia Broadcasting System. (475.9 Meters. 630 Kilocycles.)

8:00 a. m.—Salon Orchestra.
8:30 a. m.—Morning Devotions.
8:45 a. m.—Old Dutch Girl.
9:00 a. m.—Opening the Morning's Mail.
9:30 a. m.—Tony's Scrap Book
9:45 a. m.—Elizabeth Barthell, songs.
10:00 a. m.—Warren Sweeney, pianist.
10:15 a. m.—Frank Crumit and Julia Sanderson.
10:45 a. m.—Among the Women of Washington, Mrs. Tillman Parks Speaks on "Work of the Clover Club."
11:00 a. m.—School of Cookery
11:15 a. m.—Olympic Four-Man Bod-Sled races.
12:05 p. m.—Boulanger's Orchestra.
12:30 p. m.—Singing Chef.
12:45 p. m.—Educational Feature.
1:00 p. m.—Lotus Orchestra.
1:30 p. m.—Rudolph Bochco Orchestra.
2:00 p. m.—Word Picture of Lincoln Museum, Washington, D. C.
2:30 p. m.—American School of the Air. "Foreign Trade."
3:00 p. m.—Olympic Ski Jumping Broadcast.
4:00 p. m.—Light Opera Gems
4:15 p. m.—Topics in the Realm of Sports," Kirk Miller.
4:30 p. m.—"Slavery," Lady Simon.
4:45 p. m.—Curtis Institute of Music Program.
5:30 p. m.—Herr Louie.
5:45 p. m.—News Flashes.
6:01 p. m.—John Kelvin, Irish tenor.
6:15 p. m.—Charles Boulanger Orchestra.
6:30 p. m.—Richfield Golden Trail of Melody
6:45 p. m.—Jimmy and Jane.
7:00 p. m.—Myrt and Marge.
7:15 p. m.—Bing Crosby.
7:30 p. m.—Southern Dairies Orchestra.
7:45 p. m.—Camel Quarter-Hour.
8:00 p. m.—Bath Club.
8:15 p. m.—Singin' Sam.
8:30 p. m.—March of Time.
9:00 p. m.—Pillsbury Parcant.
9:30 p. m.—To the Ladies.
9:45 p. m.—"Casey" Jones, aviation news.
10:00 p. m.—Cafe Budapesth.
10:15 p. m.—Adventures in Health, Health Commissioner Herman N. Bundessen, of Chicago.
10:30 p. m.—Music That Satisfies.
10:45 p. m.—Vivian Ruth.
11:00 p. m.—Wardman Park Dance Orchestra.
11:30 p. m.—George Olsen Orchestra.
12:01 a. m.—Ben Bernie Orchestra.
12:30-1:00 a. m.—Noble Sissle Orchestra.

WOL—American Broadcasting Co. (229 Meters. 1.310 Kilocycles.)

7:00 a. m.—Musical Clock.
9.55 a. m.—Police Bulletins.
10:00 a. m.—Novelettes.
10:30 a. m.—Organ Reverie.
11:00 a. m.—Bertha Parker, Beauty Hints.
11:10 a. m.—Nonsensicalities.
11:30 a. m.—Preview of Coming Attractions.
12:00 (noon)—New York Avenue Church Lenten Service.
12:30 p. m.—Costumers.
3:00 p. m.—Variety Hour.
4:00 p. m.—Tea Time Tunes.
4:30 p. m.—Festival of Music.
4:45 p. m.—Theater Miniatures.
5:00 p. m.—Organ Recital.
5:30 p. m.—Clothesmen.
5:45 p. m.—Dream Girl.
6:00 p. m.—"Sportorial," by Bryan Morse.
6:15 p. m.—Police Post.
6:45 p. m.—Victor Varieties.
7:00 p. m.—Dinner Music.
7:15 p. m.—Boy Scout Anniversary.
7:20 p. m.—Globe Trotter.
7:30 p. m.—"Upward Shot," by Northern Dramatic Company.
8:00 p. m.—Maui Islanders.
8:15 p. m.—"Lincoln's Ideals for 1932," by Tate T. Hackney.
8:30 p. m.—Community Chest Girl and Her Guests.

WJSV. Incorporated. (244 Meters. 1.460 Kilocycles.)

6:00 a. m.—Elder Micheaux's Radio Revival.
7:00 a. m.—Joe and Harry.
7:30 a. m.—King Tut and Romie Deavers.
8:00 a. m.—Breakfast Club.
9:00 a. m.—Woman's Radio Club.
10:00 a. m.—Peggy Clarke's Daily Chat.
10:45 a. m.—Rev. H. B. Brenner.
11:10 a. m.—Gospel Choir.
11:30 a. m.—Dance Music.
12:00 (noon)—Variety Hour.
1:00 p. m.—Madrillon Trio.
1:30 p. m.—Studio Presentation.
2:00 p. m.—Dance Tunes.
2:30 p. m.—"Lincoln, the Great Aquarian," by Virginia Dawson.
2:45 p. m.—Musical Program.
3:00 p. m.—Marine Band Orchestra.
4:00 p. m.—Walter Doe.
4:30 p. m.—WJSV Players.
4:45 p. m.—Musical Program.
5:00 p. m.—Gaffer Grey.
5:10 p. m.—Joe and Harry.
5:30 p. m.—Naval Hospital Requests.
6:00 p. m.—Women's Radio Club.
7:00 p. m.—Market Report.
7.15 p. m.—Sunday School Times.
7:30 p. m.—Army Band Concert.
8:00 p. m.—Shoreham Concert Orchestra
8:30 p. m.—Minstrel Memories
9:00 p. m.—Cameron Club, Mrs. Lowell Hobart Fletcher, National President of the D. A. R.
9:30 p. m.—Walter Holt's Fretted Ensemble.
10:00 p. m.—News Flashes
10:15 p. m.—Charles Whalen, barytone.
10:30 p. m.—Slaughter's Dance Orchestra.
11:00 p. m.—Studio Presentation.
11:30 p. m.—Club Prudholm.
12:00 (midnight)—News Flashes.

Lincoln's Birthday Observances on Air

10:45 a. m. (WMAL)—Talk by Mrs. Tillman Parks.

2:00 p. m. (WMAL)—Word Picture of Lincoln Museum.

3:00 p. m. (WRC)—"He Knew Lincoln," Edgar White Burrill.

4:20 p. m. (WRC)—"Paola and Francesca."

6:15 p. m. (WRC)—Al Kamons' Orchestra.

6:30 p. m. (WMAL)—Golden Trail of Melody.

8:00 p. m. (WRC)—Jessica Dragonette, Cavaliers, Lincoln Tribute.

8:30 p. m. (WMAL)—March of Time.

9:30 p. m. (WJSV)—Walter Holt's Fretted Symphony.

9:30 p. m. (WJZ)—Irvin S. Cobb.

10:00 p. m. (WRC)—Sampler Orchestra.

10:30 p. m. (WRC)—Address by President Hoover, Lincoln Day Dinner.

11:30 p. m. (WMAL)—George Olsen's Orchestra.

Wives of Tomorrow

FRANCES M'DONALD

The Y. W. C. A. Explains.

MY DEAR MISS McDONALD: Your column for January 11 was called to my attention recently due to your mention of conditions in the Philadelphia Y. W. C. A.

Although we must admit with regret that conditions similar to those you describe did at one time exist in certain parts of our organization, I believe that changes of administration and leadership have to a great extent eliminated many of those disagreeable features.

We are still very unfortunate in having a number of old buildings, dark and dingy of exterior. They are, however, clean and comparatively cheerful within.

The Philadelphia Y. W. C. A. at the present time is caring for many girls who are absolutely homeless and without friends or funds. None is turned away and I believe that all are given sympathetic consideration.

As your article states, your investigation must have been made several years ago. I should be very glad to take you through our organization under the present administration, at any time you happen to be in Philadelphia.

This letter is written with the hope that you will be able to visit the Philadelphia Y. W. C. A. in the near future to revise a bad impression received some time ago.

I realize, of course, that you have no desire to misinform your readers, and I am rather sorry that your unfortunate experience in this city so colored your advice to that particular young woman. Our hands are full, and we are more than busy at the present time taking care of girls who are without friends, without funds and looking for work. Won't you advise such young women who write to you to stay at home until conditions improve?

Hoping that I may have the pleasure of meeting you and taking you through the Philadelphia Y. W. C. A., I am, Very sincerely,

LUCY GERTRUDE GROVER,
Publicity Secretary.

All of which we print in courtesy to the publicity secretary, but none of which clears of blame a national organization that has ceased to function healthily. Why should such "conditions" exist? And at the expense of the poor little souls whose hearts are already so sorely tried? Why should any enterprise cloaked in the name of charity demand of a poor girl in a strange city her last $1.50 for a night's lodging that she would not even be there to use and state as sole defense that it was "the rule of the organization?" The child who wrote to the column of that injustice had trudged the streets from one candy factory to another from 7 o'clock in the morning until noon, then discouraged and disheartened had decided to take a train back to York, Pa., while she still had the railroad fare. But at the "Y" they insisted that she pay the $1.50 whether she stayed the night or not. She very foolishly paid it. And to show just how such things might affect a human being's entire after life, she left the "Y" bitter in spirit and without funds for her fare home, and while sitting miserably in the station wondering what to do a traveling man spoke to her, remarking that she looked "lonesome." The result of which remark was that the girl burst into tears—no doubt at the discovery that any one cared how she looked—and the man provided lunch and the carfare. Believing in men as we do, we are convinced he did this out of the decency that is so deeply rooted in men's souls. Certainly the girl reported him as "white." But we cite the instance for the enlightenment of an organization of ladies who seem not to know quite what it is all about. There have been girls who by just such accident gave up the fight. And that is not exactly what the "Y" is designed to effect.

We appreciate the invitation to go through the Philadelphia "Y," but we have been taken through most of the up-to-date prisons for women and found the rooms provided there superior both in cleanliness and cheer to the one in which we were stabled when we went—as a working girl—to investigate the complaint of the girl who was rescued by the traveling man. We might cite Pennsylvania's own reformatory at Muncie as an example. And we can not help wondering how many Pennsylvania girls can make a similar comparison—the step is so short from one's last $1.50 to the reformatory, via "Y. W. C. A. and the railroad station route."

MOVEMENT OF STEAMSHIPS

New York, Feb. 11.

SAIL FRIDAY.

American Trader, for London.
Paris, for Naples.
Adriatic, for Liverpool.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Cameronia, for Glasgow.
Frederick VIII, for Copenhagen.
Maasdam, for Rotterdam.
Alaunia, for London.

REPORTED BY RADIO.

President Harding, from Hamburg: due at pier 60, North River, Friday.
New York, from Hamburg: due at pier 86, North River, Friday.
Dresden, from Bremen: due at pier 42, North River, Sunday.
American Merchant, from London: due at pier 39, North River, Monday.
Ile de France, from Havre: due at pier 57, North River, Monday.

New offers appear every morning in Post Classified Ads. Get in on this field for quick response. Just phone National 4205.

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space questions pertaining to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or prescribe for individual disease.

TYPHOID STILL WITH US.

DR. J. C. CUMMINGS warns us that we must not slacken our efforts to escape typhoid fever. Each year sees the disease become less important, but if we become careless we may get into trouble. It is true that the disease was fifty times as prevalent a generation ago. It is also true that this great degree of protection against the disease has been expensive. Sewerage and water works have cost the public large sums.

Safer private wells and pasteurized milk have been a source of some expense to individuals. We have paid in that we have surrendered some of our liberties and rights, such as the right to have flies, to be dirty, to eat unclean food, and to have dirty hands; to be sick with typhoid fever and to have no quarantine restrictions. A few million of us have submitted to compulsory vaccination against typhoid. All this has been costly and the end is not yet. While all of this is true, we cannot let up unless we are willing to relapse into conditions of a generation ago.

At the present time only 4 per cent of the typhoid fever is spread by water, milk, food, flies, and by cases of the disease. Ninety-six per cent is caused by carriers. A typhoid carrier is a person who is quite well, so far as typhoid fever is concerned, but who is capable of spreading the disease. Practically all of them have had the disease.

Dr. Cummings estimates that in 1910, in each 100,000 of the population, there were 1,568 carriers. The average age at which they had had typhoid fever was 22 years. The average man of that age expects to live 40 years. At that rate the average carrier in 1910 cannot be expected to pass out until 1950.

In 1930 the proportion of typhoid carriers was still 671 per 100,000, according to Dr. Cummings. Very few new ones are being made, but the old ones are dying off slowly. He estimates that in 1960 there will be 16 carriers in each 100,000 population.

A considerable proportion of the carriers become harmless as the years go by, and these Dr. Cummings has not taken into sufficient account. Therefore, the danger, figured mathematically, is somewhat less than his estimate.

However, it is not practicable to discover when a carrier ceases to be such and the safer plan is to accept Dr. Cummings' figures and govern ourselves accordingly. He says, assuming we have no bad luck and that we continue with what we are now doing for another quarter of a century, the typhoid menace will be so trivial that we can disregard it with safety. If we continue insisting on clean drinking water we will do so for other reasons.

SALT WATER IN MORNING.

Mrs. J. T. L. writes: Your reply to Mrs. A. D. that one teaspoonful of salt in a quart of water before breakfast is not dangerous interested me.

1. Is it more effective than the water without salt, for constipation?
2. Do you advise the use of oil?
3. Enemas?
4. Yeast?

REPLY.

1. The claim is that a glass of warm normal salt solution, taken on arising, is not absorbed, does not irritate, causes no excess of fluid to be secreted, but passes down the digestive tract, stimulating action. The same claims can not be established for plain water. However, a glass of water on arising is of some service in overcoming constipation.

2. Some need to take it.

3. Answer to No. 2 applies. Anything is better than the habitual use of laxatives.

4. Yeast has some laxative action with some persons.

CHILBLAINS.

Mrs. B. C. P. writes: Please write something about chilblains.

REPLY.

Chilblains develop in people who have been sensitized to cold. It is akin to Raynaud's disease and poor circulation. A person who is subject to chilblains should wear loose, warm shoes and stockings. He should keep his feet dry and warm all the time. He may overcome some of the tendency to chilblains by washing his feet alternately in warm and cold water and then rubbing them vigorously. This should be done once daily for several weeks. I watch the literature closely for information on chilblains. Satisfactory methods of cure and prevention are lagging badly.

COLDS AND CURE.

Mrs. A. H. writes: Would like to add my experience in regard to colds. In the article of acute coryza by J. M. M. recently her symptoms are similar to mine.

Several years ago I went to Rochester, Minn. They said my trouble was vasomotor rhinitis. They advised me to have indirect ventilation at night—no window in my room open; to keep warmly dressed with no bare arms or legs; to live in a room at 72 degrees plus.

Though this summer, when I was very hot, I suffered more colds than in the winter, usually my cough and colds fade away in the summer. I find vaccines for colds help me throw them off quicker, but are of no use in prevention. At Rochester they said a change of climate would help if I could find the right place, but I might spend a fortune before I found it.

(Copyright, 1932.)

Culbertson on Contract

by Ely Culbertson

World's Champion Player and Greatest Card Analyst

222.

GINGER ALE AND SLAM BIDS.

Perhaps after all there is something in a name, as the story of this hand, which was played in a Duplicate Contract tournament at Sagertown, Pa., by Mrs. H. D. Stahl, of Pittsburgh, seems to show. Sagertown is the home of a famous ginger ale and the manufacturers of this drink offered a special prize of a case to every player bidding and making a Slam.

Both sides vulnerable.

South—Dealer.

Through bidding that could in no sense be termed overpessimistic, Mrs. Stahl and her partner reached a contract of six spades. Perhaps spurred on by the generous offer, they not only bid it, but made it.

West elected to open his long club suit and East won with the Ace and returned a trump. This was taken in the Dummy with the Queen and the Knave of hearts led. East played the King and Mrs. Stahl won with the Ace. Two losing clubs were trumped in Dummy and then South proceeded to lead the balance of the trumps. East, faced with the problem of defending both hearts and diamonds, found the task insuperable and the Slam was made.

TODAY'S POINTER.

Question: What is the basis of the Forcing Principle?

Answer: The basis of the Forcing Principle is that when the combined hands contain 5½ honor tricks there should be a game in the hands, and a Forcing bid should be made to convey that information.

(Copyright, 1932.)

QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

Mr. Culbertson will be glad to answer questions on bidding and play of hands sent in by readers. Address him in care of The Washington Post, inclosing a two-cent stamped, self-addressed envelope.

Indoor—Outdoor Gardens

By JANE LESLIE KIFT

WORMS AND WHITE FLIES.

ROOTS of house plants are rarely attacked by worms of any sort and certainly the common brown worms which creep into the pots of plants which have been plunged in the open border in the summer are the most innocent of all crawlers. Of course, they are a nuisance, for while they do not actually eat the roots of the plants they do keep on the move, tunneling about in the soil in search of decayed vegetable matter. In time there is always danger that they will reduce the soil to a mass of soft, fine mud. They may eventually work down into the holes in the bottom of the pots, through which the surplus water must drain.

You can always detect the presence of worms by the little hillocks of mud which they throw up on the surface of the soil. When you are sure of their presence pour some lime water over the soil. This will either kill them or send them creeping up to the surface, where they can be removed and destroyed. To make lime water for this purpose, slake a piece of lime the size of a teacup in 2 gallons of water. Only the clear liquid poured off after the lime has finished sputtering and the milky liquid has settled should be used.

All plant owners should keep lime water on hand, for you never know when you may need it.

White flies are proving very troublesome this winter. If your plants become infested with these white specks, some of which fly, you must make an attempt to eradicate the pests while they are young if you are to be successful. The only reliable control is nicotine. One application will be of little avail, the plants must be sprayed at least five times, at intervals of five days. Your dealer will be able to recommend a nicotine spray for this purpose.

Where plants are badly attacked and you have sprayed them five times and still detect the presence of insects, better throw them away. If you do not discard them the flies will soon attack your other plants.

(Copyright, 1932.)

All readers' questions on growing and care of indoor and outdoor flowers and floral decorations for social functions will be answered by Miss Kift, directly in this column if addressed in care of The Washington Post, or directly to readers if a self-addressed stamped envelope is supplied.

Fifth Avenue Fashions

SCHOOLGIRL CHIC.

Daughter will love this sporty rig for school wear.

And it's so thoroughly practical.

It's darling carried out in light navy blue tweed-like woolen for the skirt. Beige plain woolen is used for the blouse, which repeats the blue trim. The tie is rough red crepe silk. Red ball buttons accents the side closing of the skirt.

Style No. 705 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 12 requires 1¾ yards of 35-inch material for skirt, collar and wristbands with 1⅝ yards of 35-inch material for blouse and 1½ yards of 5-inch ribbon for tie.

Pattern price, 15 cents. Address Fashion Dept., The Washington Post, Fifth avenue and Twenty-third street, New York City.

The Washington Post,
Fashion Department,
Fifth Ave. and Twenty-third St.,
New York, N. Y.

Inclosed is 15 cents. Please send to

.....
(Write Name Clearly)

.....
(Street and Number)

City..... Sta'e.....

Pattern No..... Size.....

Madelon presents a favorite fashion . . . a pink lace frock . . . subtly clinging, gracefully flaring . . . with an enchanting little shoulder cape which you may take off when you dance. For a Miss, $25, Fifth floor.

THE NEW Jelleffs

Today's Happenings

Meeting—Alpha Chi Sigma, Hamilton Hotel, 8 p. m.

Banquet—Daughters of the Nile, Hamilton Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Dance—Triple Tau Fraternity, Hamilton Hotel, 10 p. m.

Dance — Emergency Hospital Ball, Shoreham Hotel, 10 p. m.

Dinner — Chicago Association of Commerce, Mayflower Hotel, 7 p. m.

Meeting—League of Laymen's Retreats, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

Banquet — Lincoln Day, Willard Hotel, 7 p. m.

Dance and card party — Arkansas State Society, Willard Hotel, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Dames of Loyal Legion, Willard Hotel, 12 noon.

Meeting—Brightwood Citizens Association, Paul Junior High School, 8 p. m.

Luncheon—Phi Delta Phi, University Club, 1 p. m.

Luncheon—Round Table, University Club, 12:30 p. m.

Lecture—Winston Churchill, Constitution Hall, 8 p. m.

Drinkwater, Playwright, Improves.

London, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—John Drinkwater, the playwright, ill with bronchial influenza, was described today as much better. His temperature had gone down this afternoon after reaching a high point of 103 degrees last night.

Arthritis!

Mountain Valley Mineral Water from Hot Springs, Arkansas, is a reliable aid in treatment of Arthritis. A New York hospital's clinical test on a number of chronic cases brought splendid results. If you want relief you owe it to yourself to learn more about this famous water. We shall be pleased to mail you a free copy of the clinical test.

Free—Useful ice-box flask with first order.

Sold in Washington 15 Years

FREE sample to residents of Washington only. Phone or write today.

Mountain Valley Water

for 75 Years the Prescribed Water
at HOT SPRINGS, ARK.
230 Woodward Bldg. Met. 1062

COUGHS

Don't let them get a strangle hold. Fight germs quickly. Creomulsion combines the 7 best helps known to modern science. Powerful but harmless. Pleasant to take. No narcotics. Money refunded if any cough no matter of how long standing is not relieved. Ask your druggist for Creomulsion. (adv.)

"EVERYDAY MOVIES"

"Girls never trouble me when I'm not around them, but I can't seem to stay away from them."

A NEW DAILY

Cartoon Feature

Beginning Monday, Feb. 15, in

The Washington Post

"The Capital's Greatest NEWSpaper."

With a true-to-life drawing and a subtle phrase, Denys Wortman will start your day with a smile—every morning in The Washington Post.

CAPITAL ORCHESTRA LAUDED BY GRAINGER

Composer-Pianist Presents Two Pieces for First Time at Concert.

That every city should possess its own orchestra—and Washington is to be congratulated because it has one—Percy Grainger, the noted American composer and pianist, told an appreciative audience, which had just applauded the first presentation in the National Capital of two of his compositions at the concert of the National Symphony Orchestra in Constitution Hall yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Grainger, who had been the solo pianist at the presentation of his new works by the orchestra, spoke in response to a series of ovations following his lovely "Handel on the Strand." The composer complimented Washington on the National Symphony Orchestra, stating that it was one of the best he had heard in twenty other American cities during his concert tour this season.

The musical novelty, "Spoon River," also presented for the first time here, with which Mr. Grainger concluded received another salvo of applause, but the composer-pianist did not play again.

Another first presentation of the afternoon was a dirge composed by Mary Howe, of Washington, in memory of Harold Randolph, of Baltimore, for 25 years director of the Peabody Conservatory of Music in that city.

Under Hans Kindler's able baton the orchestra demonstrated once more how much it improves from concert to concert. There was a finish, an artistry of production in the performance of Tschaikowsky's Symphony No. 5 in E Minor, which would have done credit to a veteran organization, therefore, all the more commendable in an orchestra less than a year old.

The four movements of the symphony progressed well. In the second movement, "The Andante Cantabile," at times the wood winds seemed a trifle too insistent with an ensemble tone that could have gained in serenity from more control of these instruments. Yet on the whole the symphony and Mozart's "Overture to The Magic Flute," with which the concert began, were well handled and quite up to the standard of the rest of the concert.

E. E. P.

Pershing to Watch Riding Exhibition

Foreign Military Attaches Also to Be Guests at Fort Myer Today.

Honors of the troops will be accorded Gen. John J. Pershing today, when he will attend the fifth exhibition ride of the season at Fort Myer.

Guests at this drill will be foreign military attaches who are stationed at the embassies and legations here.

Gen. Pershing will have as his escort the machine gun troop of the Tenth Cavalry. He served with this regiment in 1895 and 1896 as a first lieutenant, and later, in 1898, as regimental quartermaster.

Caretaker Is Killed On G. W. White Farm

Special to The Washington Post.

Frederick, Md., Feb. 11.—David Hicks, 56, caretaker on the farm near Jefferson of George W. White, president of the National Metropolitan Bank, Washington, was instantly killed today when a girder of the roof of a barn fell on his head, fracturing his skull. Carpenters were repairing the building and Mr. Hicks, who was overseeing the work, forced a window sash. As the sash fell out the girder gave way.

Mr. Hicks formerly resided in Virginia, near Washington, and went to the White farm about two months ago. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Barbara Hicks; four sons, Joseph, Delaware County, N. Y.; Leonard, Barcroft, Va.; Wesley J., and Evers Hicks, at home, and three daughters, Mrs. E. W. Hook, Delaware County, N. Y.; Mrs. Violet Arcand, Shamokin, Pa., and Miss Elsie Hicks, at home. Mr. Hicks was a native of England.

Man Jailed as Woman Says He Threatened Her

Milton C. Dyke, 28 years old, was placed under $300 bond yesterday when he was arraigned in Police Court on a charge of threatening Rosalie Lavins, 2536 Fourteenth street northwest Sunday night.

Judge John P. McMahon said that he would impose a sentence in the event that Dyke proved unable to post the bond that would require him not to molest the complaining witness.

A. U. Team Wins Debate In W. & L. Contest

The judges' decision was awarded the American University debating team last night on the affirmative of the resolution "That capitalism as a system of economic organization is unsound," over the debating team of the Washington and Lee University.

Max Tucker, Arthur Fauntleroy and Leon Elsberg represented American University in the debate, which was held at Hurst Hall at the American University.

FILM TIME TABLES

Feature pictures are presented on the following schedules at the theaters named:

Fox—"Business and Pleasure," at 11:39 a. m., 2, 4:30, 7:20, and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 1:16, 3:46, 6:36 and 9:06 p. m.

Palace—"The Passionate Plumber," at 11:30 a. m., 1:50, 4:35, 7:15 and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 1, 3:45, 6:20 and 9 p. m.

Earle—"Taxi," at 11:35 a. m., 1:55, 4:35, 7:25 and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 1:05, 3:45, 6:30 and 9 p. m.

Rialto—"Three Wise Girls," at 11:08 a. m., 12:55, 2:40, 4:29, 6:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

Metropolitan—"West of Broadway," at 11:38 a. m., 1:45, 3:42, 5:39, 7:45 and 9:53 p. m.

RKO-Keith—"Girl of the Rio," at 11:15 a. m., 1:58, 4:41, 1:24 and 10:07 p. m. Stage shows at 12:52, 3:35, 6:18 and 9:01 p. m. Kate Smith, in person, at 1:46, 4:29, 7:12 and 9:55 p. m.

Columbia—"Mata Hari," at 11:25 a. m., 1:25, 3:30, 5:30, 7:30 and 9:35 p. m.

Tivoli—"Forbidden," at 2, 4:10, 5:55, 7:40 and 9:30 p. m.

Ambassador—"Men of Chance," at 9:15, 8:05 and 9:55 p. m.

NO HOARDERS IN THIS LINE-UP

This is not a bread line. It is the line-up of persons in front of the National Theater yesterday who want to buy seats for "Hot Cha," which opens Monday. The line formed at 6 o'clock in the morning.

ABOUT THE SHOWSHOPS

With NELSON B. BELL

THE National Theater, it seems, is going in for "world permeers" in the grand manner. With the first public performance on any stage of Ziegfeld's new production of "Hot Cha!" scheduled for next Monday night, along comes another announcement, hot off the griddle, that immediately following Lenore Ulric in "The Social Register," or on Monday, February 29, will come the world premiere of "Child of Manhattan," described as "a new slant on Manhattan life, in 15 scenes."

"Child of Manhattan" was written by Preston Sturges, author of "Strictly Dishonorable." Its principal players will be Dorothy Hall, remembered for splendid work in "Flying High"—in which Bert Lahr, star of "Hot Cha!" also was star—"The Greeks Had a Word for It" and other substantial Broadway hits, and Reginald Owen, recently seen here in Vincent Youmans' "Love Is All," presented in Pittsburgh under the name of "Smiling Through" and in New York as "Through the Years," and likewise remembered for deft performance in "Candlelight," with Gertrude Lawrence, and as the Cardinal in Ziegfeld's "Three Musketeers."

The new work is being produced by Peggy Fears, a former beauty of the Ziegfeld cohorts and "Le Maire's Affairs." Howard Lindsay is staging the piece and the 15 scenes are being designed by J. E. Jorgulescu.

There are some allegedly obvious deductions that are being drawn by the smart craniums of Gotham with regard to this production and events transpiring immediately prior to its announcement.

Peggy Fears, who is sponsoring "Child of Manhattan," in private life is Mrs. A. C. Blumenthal and, with her husband, was host at the Sunday night party in the Central Park Casino, New York, February 1, when Earl Carroll hurled his blistering insult into the teeth of Walter Winchell and created a sensation that kept Broadway chattering like a cage of gray apes for days on end.

Some imaginative and not too meticulous individuals "in the know" have gone so far as to suggest that the passage at arms at the Casino party had been carefully rehearsed for purposes of steaming up a little preliminary interest and excitement in the new show by inspiring just such items as this.

After all, "Child of Manhattan" could be Earl Carroll, Walter Winchell or virtually any of the others of the Blumenthals' numerous guests on that notable evening.

Anyhow, if that was the idea, you can see for yourself that it worked!

And as long as the National, for the moment, is the major topic, you might be interested in knowing that those overly optimistic bargain-hunters who thought they would lead the procession by presenting themselves as candidates for the box office line as early as 6 a. m., yesterday, found plenty of others already there ahead of them at that hour.

Two box offices for the sale of seats for "Hot Cha!" were thrown open at 7 o'clock and by 9 two lines, that held practically all day, wound around the corner of Thirteenth and E streets up past the front door of Mr. Killian's Franklin Laundry.

Mr. Cochran informs me that the first day's advance sale exceeds that of any other Ziegfeld production ever booked in the theater—and that's plenty sale.

And if Walter Hampden's engagement in "Cyrano de Bergerac" had been for a full week instead of merely four performances, the chances are he would have broken the house record.

The receipts for the four performances were in the neighborhood of $15,000 and, judging from all past experience, would have increased as the week wore on, thus threatening, if not actually passing, Jeanne Eagles' record of some $31,000 or so on a full week.

Yet they say the public doesn't care for the old romantic costume dramas.

Mike Marco started it. I mean this big parade of Fox executives that is passing through the Capital.

Hot on the heels of "Doc" Howe, general manager for Fanchon & Marco, comes Roger Ferri, the diminutive and dynamic special representative of the Fox Film Corp., who doesn't play with an itinerary once he gets it made up. Mr. Ferri is on a secret mission in the pursuit of which he has visited 21 cities in 23 days since leaving the West Coast, with Richmond, Baltimore and New York to follow Washington. Then all he has to do is make arrangements for the annual convention of Fox film salesmen.

Sinecure, that's what he's got!

Although announced as a new entertainment policy, the plan that is to be inaugurated at the Metropolitan Theater today is nothing more than a reversion to the system that was in vogue in that house when it was the Capital's foremost motion picture theater and acknowledged to be the place that had to be attended if it was the wish to enjoy the best diversion the industry had to offer. "Balanced bills" Harry Crandall used to call them.

That is about what is meant, I suspect, by the four-feature program that is being heralded this week. The individual items are attractive, at that—John Gilbert and Lois Moran in "West of Broadway"; Rudy Vallee in "Musical Justice"; S. S. Van Dine's "Symphony Murder Mystery," and a subject that is nothing if not timely, "Manchuria."

It is just barely possible that you may have seen Manchuria referred to in the news dispatches recently.

The first public appearance of the Fox Theater Free Military Band since Halloween will be made tomorrow night, when this youthful organization will furnish the music at the basket ball game to be played at Tech High between Ben Franklin University and Loyola, of Baltimore.

This also will mark the band's first appearance in the smart new uniforms that were doled out last week. Capt. J. B. McKenzie, organizer and instructor, will be on hand to lead.

Tonight is the night of the Rialto's special 11:15 o'clock public screening of "Three Wise Girls," as impersonated by Jean Harlow, Marie Prevost and Mae Clarke. From all I hear of it, if you're as wise as they are, you'll go.

Me, I seem to remember that I have an important engagement with that guy Morpheus!

ATTEMPTED MURDER CHARGED TO WOMAN

State Accuses Doctor's Wife of Poisoning Witness in Divorce Suit.

Chicago, Feb. 11 (A.P.).—The estranged wife of Dr. Arnold H. Kegel, recently a Chicago health commissioner, was sought today on charges of poisoning a former maid to stifle her testimony in Dr. Kegel's divorce suit.

Dr. Kegel in his suit charged that his wife fed him ground glass. He depended upon Mrs. Mary Ryan, their former domestic, to substantiate this charge.

Mrs. Ryan lay dangerously ill today while physicians strove to check the course of a poison she alleged was given her January 25.

A true bill naming Mrs. Kegel as the principal in the attempted murder of Mrs. Ryan was reported voted by the grand jury today. Gerald Lee, a grocer's clerk, reported named as her confederate, was in custody, but Mrs. Kegel could not be found.

Lee was taken before the grand jury and was understood to have waived immunity and testified he saw Mrs. Kegel drop powder in a soda Mrs. Ryan was drinking; that he made no effort to warn the woman or prevent the alleged poisoning.

The Kegels were divorced once, but were reconciled before the separation had become known and remarried.

Then the physician became ill. For months he was kept under observation and underwent treatment. Finally several physicians decided he had been given small doses of poison and ground glass over a long period. He started another divorce suit accusing Mrs. Kegel of the attempts on his life.

Dr. Kegel, who was a member of the cabinet of former Mayor William Hale Thompson, had no comment to make. He had retired to private practice and in his divorce suit asked the custody of their 4-year-old adopted son.

Principals Will Give School Party Tonight

The Elementary Principals Association of the District Public Schools, will give a card party tonight in John Quincy Adams School, at Nineteenth and California streets northwest.

The following committee has arranged plans for the affair: Mrs. Florence Cornell, Miss Lillian Shewmaker, Miss Marie A. Turner, Miss Elizabeth O'Hara, Miss Bernadette Dore and Mrs. Margaret Merritt.

Mrs. Rockne Out of Danger.

Rochester, Minn., Feb. 11 (A.P.).—Physicians said today Mrs. Knute Rockne was better than at anytime since undergoing a major operation a week ago. They believed her out of danger.

AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS

WARNER BROS. THEATRES

SECOND HIT LEAP YEAR FROLIC!

EARLE

HE STRIKES... TOMORROW

GIVING YOU THE MOST GASPING CLIMAX EVER SCREENED!

EDW. G. ROBINSON

America's Greatest Character Actor in Warner Bros. Hit

THE HATCHET MAN

—With— LORETTA YOUNG

DUDLEY DIGGES — LESLIE FENTON

NOTE:—No One Will Be Seated During The Last 10 Minutes in Order Not To Spoil For You The Stirring Ending!

Washington's Finest Vodvil

The Crew of the Good Ship "Nonsense"

THREE SAILORS

Bert Jason—Bob Hobson—Harry Blue

Eccentric Provocators of Mirth

HILL & HOFFMAN

Foolishness in Song and Music

CHERRY & JUNE

Dixie's Own Dancing Daughters

RUSSIAN REVELS

AND BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA

25¢ to 1 P.M.

LAST DAY

James Cagney in "TAXI"

on stage Barto & Mann

4 SMASH FEATURES TODAY

....JILTED!—HE MET A BLONDE AT MIDNIGHT AND FOUND SHE WAS HIS WIFE AT DAWN....!

WEST of BROADWAY

A M-G-M Drama With A New

JOHN GILBERT

LOIS MORAN — EL BRENDEL

MADGE EVANS

Year's Timeliest Short

Manchuria

THE BARRIER SPOT TO WORLD PEACE

SCENE OF THE CHINESE-JAPAN CONFLICT

The Romantic Star RUDY VALLEE

In Singing-Acting Comedy Short "MUSICAL JUSTICE"

Vitaphone Thriller

S.S. VAN DINE'S "SYMPHONY MURDER MYSTERY"

METROPOLITAN

RKO KEITH'S

13TH AND G STREETS

STARTS TOMORROW

The Movie Queen of Syncopation

Lillian ROTH in Person

The "Sing You Sinners" Girl of Stage and Radio

RATH BROTHERS

A STUDY IN ENDURANCE

COLLETTE LYONS and GEORGE SNYDER in "STATIC"

A Bad Guy Out for a Good Time

HUGH SKELLY

in "HONEYMOON TROUBLES"

with HELEN HONAN—VIRGINIA SMITH HELEN ARDEN AND HARRY SHIELDS

NELLIE ARNAUT and BROTHERS

Carrying on Arnaut Traditions

PETER LAURINI Guest Conductor

25c to 1 P.M.

As Great As Her Picture "MILLIE"

Helen TWELVETREES in "PANAMA FLO"

With CHARLES BICKFORD—ROBERT ARMSTRONG

LAST TIMES TODAY KATE SMITH IN PERSON

DOLORES DEL RIO—"Girl of the Rio"

Coming! CONSTANCE BENNETT in "LADY WITH A PAST"

GUS VAN "The Melody Man"

FOX JOY WEEK

WORLD PREMIERE TODAY

You laughed at him in "Ambassador Bill" and "The Connecticut Yankee," but now you'll roar at his "high pressure" business methods in the land of the sheiks.

WILL ROGERS in "BUSINESS AND PLEASURE"

with Jetta Goudal Joel McCrea

Business bound but pleasure bent, the corn belt razor blade magnate high-hats big business with explosions of hilarity

From Booth Tarkington's novel, "The Plutocrat"

Five complete shows tomorrow. Doors open 10 A. M.

STAGE "HACIENDA"

A Fanchon and Marco Idea

Sue Russell

Hinky & Dinky

Doyle & Donnelly

5 Juggling Gems

5 Gordonians

Adriana, Mistress of Ceremonies

Welcome Home AL MITCHELL

Conducting the Fox Grand Orchestra

Starts TODAY

LOEW'S PALACE

The royalty of FUN!

BUSTER KEATON

JIMMY (SCHNOZZLE) DURANTE and POLLY MORAN

ON THE STAGE The THEATRE'S FUNNIEST LAUGH-MAKER!

in "The PASSIONATE PLUMBER"

with IRENE PURCELL GILBERT ROLAND

A Mario Gosfaw-J. Mayer PICTURE

LAFF WEEK! THE YEAR'S FUNNIEST PICTURE!

JOE COOK in person!

and his VAUDEVILLE REVUE with DAVE CHASEN-JOE, MAY and DOTTY BRYANT, RAINS and YOUNG ZARA LEE The EMBASSY TRIO.

A COMPLETE REVUE and $4.00 SHOW at OUR REGULAR PRICES!

Coming "FREAKS" THEATRE'S WEIRDEST DRAMA!

Another Sensational Week of FOUR STAR PRODUCTION!

LOEW'S COLUMBIA

Ramon NOVARRO

LIONEL BARRYMORE LEWIS STONE in "Mata Hari"

A METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER PICTURE

The GREATEST PICTURE TREAT OF THE YEAR...

Coming WALLACE BEERY and CLARK GABLE in "HELL DIVERS"

ATTENTION FORD OWNERS!

Don't Miss This Amazing LUBRICATION S-P-E-C-I-A-L

99¢

OFFER GOOD UNTIL FEB. 20TH

Actual $3 Value

YOU GET ALL THIS:---

- Drain and Refill Crankcase With 5 Quarts of High-Grade Engine Oil
- Regular $1.00 Chassis Lubrication
- Add Grease to Transmission
- Add Grease to Differential
- Spray Springs

(Work quickly and efficiently done while you wait.)

Other Special Offers At

$2.95 $4.95 $8.75

At These Ford Dealers—

Anacostia Motor Co. 1325 GOOD HOPE RD. SE.

Cherner Motor Co. 1781 FLORIDA AVE. NW.

Eynon Motor Co. 1437 IRVING ST. NW.

Handley Motor Co. 3730 GEORGIA AVE. NW.

Hill & Tibbitts 1114 VERMONT AVE. NW.

Loeffler Motor Co. 215 PENNA. AVE. SE.

Nolan Motor Co. 1111 18TH ST. NW.

Northeast Motor Co. 920 BLADENSBURG RD. NE.

Parkway Motor Co. 3040 M ST. NW.

Steuart Motor Co. 6TH & N. Y. AVE. NW.

Triangle Motor Co. N. Y. AVE. & N. CAP. ST.

Logan Motor Co. 1810 E ST. NW.

Tonight Closed SHUBERT BELASCO Matinee Saturday 50c to $2.50

FRED STONE IN HIS LATEST & BEST SMILING FACES with PAULA STONE Albertina Rasch Dancers

At 8:15 Next Mon. Seats Now

ETHEL BARRYMORE IN THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL

SHERIDAN'S IMMORTAL COMEDY with DISTINGUISHED N. Y. CAST

THE COMMUNITY INSTITUTE PRESENTS

England's Brilliant Orator-Statesman WINSTON CHURCHILL

"The World Economic Crisis"

CONSTITUTION HALL, Tonight at 8:15 o'Clock. Seats Now T. Arthur Smith Concert Bureau A.A.A.; & Boxes; Willard Hotel Ticket Bureau & Franklin Administration Bldg. NAt. 1300. A New "Vest Pocket" Amplifier used by the speaker will insure the audience hearing every word

NATIONAL WORLD PREMIERE NEXT MONDAY

SEATS SELLING

No Mail or Phone Orders.

ZIEGFELD Production of BROWN & HENDERSON Musical Comedy

HOTCHA!

with BERT LAHR and BUDDY ROGERS

75—GLORIFIED GIRLS—75

NEWMAN Traveltalks Color Views Motion Pictures

Seeing Europe—Impressions of 1931

SUN. AFT. AT 3:30

ENGLAND AND WALES

Seats Selling $1.50, $1, 50c

—LENT—

HERZOG'S

Nationally famous Sea Food Restaurant

Deviled Crabs, Lobsters and Fresh Shad and Shad Roe

11th & Pot. River. ME. 9762

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

HANS KINDLER, Conductor

CONSTITUTION HALL

Sunday, Feb. 14, 4 o'Clock

Soloist, YELLI D'ARANYI Violinist

Prices, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c. Boxes, $10. Tickets Mrs. Wilson-Greene's Bureau. Droop's, 1300 G street; District 6493

JOHN CHARLES THOMAS

Baritone, Chicago Opera

Constitution Hall, Sat. Eve., Feb. 13, 8:30 Tickets Mrs. Wilson-Greene's Bureau. Droop's, 1300 G st.; Dist. 6493.

ROSA PONSELLE

Constitution Hall, Wed., Feb. 17, 8:30. Seats Mrs. Wilson-Greene's Bureau. Droop's, 1300 G st.; Dist. 6493.

JOSE ITURBI

Celebrated Spanish Pianist

Constitution Hall, Sat. Eve., Feb. 20, 8:30 Seats Mrs. Wilson-Greene's Concert Bureau. Droop's, 1300 G st.; District 6493.

EVERYTHING

—from soup to nuts, on our Menu guaranteed to tame the most ferocious appetite.

MENU

PRESS CAFETERIA

NATIONAL PRESS BLDG. 14th AND F STREETS

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Son Made her Nervous

Mother . . . you owe it to the children to relieve those excruciating pains that make you nervous. Take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Tablets.

GAYETY-BURLESK

JOE WICKS

RED NICHOLS

JIMMY BARRETT

THE MARATHON IDOLS APPEARING TWICE DAILY

RIALTO now!

Special MIDNITE SHOW 11:15 RM TONITE REGULAR PRICES

MODERN MATRIMONIAL MIRTH!

Marie PREVOST Jean HARLOW Mae CLARKE

3 WISE GIRLS

You'll be DELIGHTFULLY SHOCKED by these COIN-CHASING COMEDIENNES!

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION! BABE RUTH in "SLIDE BABE SLIDE"

POST WANT ADS PAY